UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 **UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the month of March 2017

Commission File Number: 1-31349

THOMSON REUTERS CORPORATION

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

333 Bay Street, Suite 400 Toronto, Ontario M5H 2R2, Canada (Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

The information contained in Exhibit 99.1 of this Form 6-K is incorporated by reference into, or as an additional exhibit to, as applicable, the registrant's outstanding registration statements.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

THOMSON REUTERS CORPORATION (Registrant)

By:

/s/ Marc E. Gold

Name: Marc E. Gold Title: Assistant Secretary

Date: March 24, 2017

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
99.1	Notice of Annual Meeting of Shareholders and Management Proxy Circular dated March 23, 2017
99.2	Form of Proxy for Registered Shareholders
99.3	Notice of Availability of Proxy Materials
99.4	Thomson Reuters Stock Incentive Plan

99.5 Corporate Governance Guidelines





Letter to Shareholders

To Our Shareholders.

We live at a time when the amount of data is overwhelming and regulation proliferates. Markets move at breakneck speed and connectivity is expanding around the world. Where these forces intersect brings opportunities and risks for everyone. Our job at Thomson Reuters is to help our customers make sense of complexity and do their jobs better.

We help investors make smarter investments. We help lawyers practice better law. We help accounting professionals craft the best advice. We do this for some of the biggest companies in the world, as well as some of the smallest.

Our customers are always looking for ways to be more productive, and we build the tools that help streamline how they operate and compete. Whether we are connecting different players across a financial services platform, or providing guidance so a sole practitioner can comply with a new regulation, we are there. What sets us apart is the way we apply our capabilities to their most pressing challenges.

In 2016, we delivered for our customers, our shareholders and our employees. The company reported positive underlying revenue growth for the second consecutive year, and the financial business returned to growth in the second half of the year, a foundation we expect to build upon in 2017.

Improving productivity and profitability has been an important part of our strategy; while at the same time, we continue to invest in future growth initiatives.

Our business continued to deliver considerable free cash flow, and last year, we returned \$2.7 billion to shareholders in the form of dividends and share buybacks. At the same time, we moved more resources behind our high-growth areas, and this past October we announced the creation of a new Toronto Technology Centre to create the next generation of products and solutions for customers.

Inside the business, employee engagement has reached an all-time high and Thomson Reuters is today widely recognized as a great place to work, recently being named to The Economist's "Global Diversity List"; ranked 66 of 100 on "Most In Demand Employers" by LinkedIn; and named one of the "Best Companies for Work-Life Balance" by Forbes. And, we were the only Canadian company included on Fortune's 2016 list of "The World's Most Admired Companies."

Alongside our employees, we rely on an extensive network of customers, partners and suppliers. We have built an ecosystem of partners that ranges from the world's biggest multinationals to start-ups and universities. Partnering with our customers in new ways to co-develop solutions is allowing us to accelerate innovation and increase productivity.

Our endeavors within this ecosystem impact the communities in which we live and work. Supporting sustainable practices across our supply chain, and supporting these communities directly, is foundational to our culture and our business. In 2016, Thomson Reuters employees logged nearly 138,000 volunteer hours, a 16% increase from the prior year, and the Thomson Reuters Foundation continued its work to raise awareness around human trafficking and modern-day slavery.

Turning to the future, we will work to accelerate revenue growth by again increasing investment in our most promising opportunities, as well as improving our customer experience. Having completed the divestiture of our Intellectual Property & Science business, we are even better able to focus on serving our customers at the intersection of regulation and commerce. In 2017, we have committed to increasing our investment in high-growth areas by an additional 25%.

We are launching a number of initiatives designed to eliminate customer pain points, to simplify policies and practices and to equip our sales force with world-class tools and technologies. We want to make it easier for our customers to do business with us, and easier for our employees to deliver for customers.

We entered 2017 in a time of great geopolitical uncertainty, but we will succeed by staying true to our core values. Our customers need to be able to count on the accuracy of our information, the reliability of our systems, and the relevance of our insights – and trust in what we are providing. Trust is our currency. Reuters is renowned for the integrity of its news and the principles of freedom from bias and access to information underpin everything we do.

In more than 100 countries for more than 100 years, we have helped society evolve and become more transparent. The world needs fair and open markets, resilient tax systems and confidence in the rule of law. That is why we believe what we do matters for the future.

Thank you to our shareholders, our customers, our employees and to our fellow Directors, for your continued support. We are incredibly proud of what our organization stands for and what we have delivered, but we are even more excited for what the future holds for Thomson Reuters.

~ Or Lymu

David Thomson Chairman of the Board

James 1. Smith

James C. Smith President & Chief Executive Officer

Certain statements in the letter are forward-looking. These forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions and reflect our current expectations. As a result, forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from current expectations. Some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations are discussed in the "Risk Factors" section of our 2016 annual report as well as in other materials that we from time to time file with, or furnish to, the Canadian securities regulatory authorities and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. There is no assurance that any forward-looking statements will materialize. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which reflect expectations only as of this date. Except as may be required by applicable law, we disclaim any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.

Notice of Annual and Special Meeting of Shareholders of Thomson Reuters Corporation

To our Shareholders,

We are pleased to invite you to attend the 2017 Thomson Reuters annual and special meeting of shareholders on Wednesday, May 3, 2017 at 12:00 p.m. (Eastern Daylight Time). The meeting will be held at Roy Thomson Hall, 60 Simcoe Street, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. Following the meeting, a webcast will also be available at www.thomsonreuters.com.

Business

The business of the meeting will be to:

1. Receive our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the auditor's report on those statements;

2. Elect directors;

3. Appoint the auditor and authorize the directors to fix the auditor's remuneration;

4. Consider, and if thought fit, approve an amendment to the Thomson Reuters stock incentive plan to increase the maximum number of common shares authorized for issuance under the plan by 22 million common shares;

5. Consider an advisory resolution on executive compensation; and

6. Transact any other business properly brought before the meeting and any adjourned or postponed meeting.

These matters are discussed in more detail in the accompanying management proxy circular. At the meeting, you will also have an opportunity to hear about our 2016 performance and our plans for Thomson Reuters going forward. Shareholders in attendance will have an opportunity to ask questions.

Record Date

You are entitled to vote at the meeting, and any adjourned or postponed meeting, if you were a holder of our common shares as of 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Daylight Time) on March 16, 2017.

Notice-And-Access

We are using the "notice-and-access" system for the delivery of our proxy materials through our website, www.thomsonreuters.com, similar to last year's meeting. Shareholders who receive a notice have the ability to access the proxy materials on our website and to request a paper copy of the proxy materials. Instructions on how to access the proxy materials through our website or to request a paper copy may be found in the notice. Electronic delivery reduces the cost and environmental impact of producing and distributing paper copies of documents in very large quantities. It also provides shareholders with faster access to information about Thomson Reuters.

Shareholders who have already signed up for electronic delivery of proxy materials will continue to receive them by e-mail.

Voting

Your vote is important. If you're unable to attend the meeting in person, please vote by proxy. A proxy is a document that authorizes someone else to attend the meeting and cast votes for you. The proxy form contains instructions on how to complete and send your voting instructions. If you hold your shares through a broker or other intermediary, you should follow the procedures provided by your broker or intermediary.

If you're a registered shareholder, our transfer agent, Computershare Trust Company of Canada, must receive your proxy or voting instructions no later than 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Daylight Time) on Monday, May 1, 2017, or if the meeting is adjourned or postponed, no later than 48 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays) before any adjourned or postponed meeting. If you're a registered shareholder and have any questions or need assistance voting your shares, please call Computershare Trust Company of Canada, toll-free in Canada and the United States, at 1.800.564.6253.

Non-registered/beneficial shareholders will be subject to earlier voting deadlines as specified in their proxy or voting instructions.

The Thomson Reuters board considers all of the proposals described in the enclosed materials to be in the best interests of our company. Accordingly, the board unanimously recommends that you cast your vote "FOR" all of these items of business.

Thank you for your continued support of, and interest in, Thomson Reuters.

Very truly yours,

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David Thomson Chairman of the Board March 23, 2017

James 1. Smith

James C. Smith President & Chief Executive Officer

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Fast Facts About Thomson Reuters

Thomson Reuters is the world's leading source of news and information for professional markets.

Our customers rely on us to deliver the intelligence, technology and expertise they need to find trusted answers. The business has operated in more than 100 countries for more than 100 years.

The table below describes some of our key operating characteristics.

lustry Leader	Balanced And Diversified		Attractive Business Model			
A leader in most of the market segments that we serve	Distinct core customer group revenues:		86% recurring revenues			
Deep and broad industry knowledge	54% Financial & Risk		93% of revenues from information delivered electronically, softwar			
Products and services tailored for professionals	30% Legal		and services			
	13% Tax & Accounting	Strong and consistent cash generation capabilities				
	3% Reuters News					
	Geographical diversity by revenues:					
	62% from the Americas					
	27% from Europe, the Middle East and Africa					
	11% from Asia Pacific					
	No single customer accounted for more than 2% of our revenues					
	Technology and operating platforms are built to	address the global marketplace				
Operating profit – US\$1.4 billion		High: C\$59.99 / U\$\$45.68				
2016 full-year results: Revenues – US\$11.2 billion		Stock prices (2016): Closing price (12/31/2016): C\$58.76/ US\$43.78				
Adjusted EBITDA margin* – 26.5%		Low: C\$47.56 / US\$33.96				
Underlying operating profit margin* – 17.3%		Market capitalization ((12/31/2016):			
Diluted earnings per share (EPS) – US\$4.13		Over US\$30.7 billion				
Adjusted EPS* – US\$1.79		Dividend per chara (2	017 oppublized):			
Cash flow from operations – US\$3.0 billion		Dividend per share (2017 annualized): \$1.38 (reflecting our company's 24rd consecutive annual increase)				
Free cash flow* – US\$2.0 billion		\$1.38 (reliecting our comp	any's 2410 consecutive annual increase)			
Stock exchange listings (Symbol: TRI):						
Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX)						
New York Stock Exchange (NYSE)						

*Non-International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) financial measures. Please see the note in the "Additional Information" section of this circular.

About this Circular and Related Proxy Materials

We are providing this circular and proxy materials to you in connection with our annual and special meeting of shareholders to be held on Wednesday, May 3, 2017. As a shareholder, you are invited to attend the meeting. If you are unable to attend, you may still vote by completing the enclosed proxy form.

This circular describes the items to be voted on at the meeting and the voting process and contains additional information about executive compensation, corporate governance practices and other matters that will be discussed at the meeting.

Unless otherwise indicated, all dollar amounts in this circular are expressed in U.S. dollars, and information is as of March 16, 2017. In this circular, the terms "we", "us" and "our" refer to Thomson Reuters Corporation and our consolidated subsidiaries. The term "Woodbridge" refers to The Woodbridge Company Limited and other companies affiliated with it.

Please see the "Voting Information" section of this document for an explanation of how you can vote on the matters to be considered at the meeting, whether or not you decide to attend the meeting.

We are a Canadian company that is considered to be a "foreign private issuer" for U.S. federal securities law purposes. As a result, we have prepared this circular in accordance with applicable Canadian disclosure requirements.

Information contained on our website or any other websites identified in this circular is not part of this circular. All website addresses listed in this circular are intended to be inactive, textual references only. The Thomson Reuters logo and our other trademarks, trade names and service names mentioned in this circular are the property of Thomson Reuters. Front cover photo credit: REUTERS/Dominic Ebenbichler.

Business of the Meeting

Highlights

This year's meeting will cover the following items of business:

tem of Business	Highlights					Board Vote Recommendation					
Financial	Receipt of our 2016 audited financial state	Receipt of our 2016 audited financial statements.									
atements		Our 2016 annual consolidated financial statements are included in our 2016 annual report, which is available in the "Investor Relations" section of our website, www.thomsonreuters.com.									
	Shareholders who requested a copy of	f the 2016 annual report will receiv	e it by mail or e-mail.								
	Representatives from Thomson Reute about our financial statements at the r		icewaterhouseCoopers	S LLP, will be available to	discuss any questions						
Directors	At the meeting, 12 individuals are propose Mary Cirillo and P. Thomas Jenkins have			iduals are currently dire	ctors of our company.	For each director nominee					
	· A majority of our directors are indepe	ndent.									
	The roles and responsibilities of the C	hairman and the CEO are separate	e.								
	Shareholders vote annually for individ		-								
	The director nominees are:										
				Affiliated with Principal	Thomson Reuters						
	Name	Director Since	Independent	Shareholder	Management						
	David Thomson	1988		1							
	James C. Smith	2012			\checkmark						
	Sheila C. Bair	2014	\checkmark								
	David W. Binet	2013		V							
	W. Edmund Clark, C.M.	2015		1							
	Michael E. Daniels	2014	V								
	Ken Olisa, OBE	2008	V								
	Vance K. Opperman	1996	<i>_</i>								
	Kristin C. Peck	2016	J								
	Barry Salzberg	2015	<i>√</i>	1							
	Peter J. Thomson Wulf von Schimmelmann	1995 2011	/	√							
Auditor	We are proposing to re-appoint Pricewate shareholders. Our Audit Committee is dire	For									
Stock incentive	You are being asked to approve an amen				roved by shareholders	For					
an amendment	The plan requires shareholder approve an anient approved an amendment to the plan to in shares. This approval is subject to approv under the plan since 2008.) increase the maximum number of crease the maximum number of sha	shares that can be issu ares authorized for issu	ued under it. On March : ance under it by 22 mill	1, 2017, the board ion shares to 72 million						
	We issue RSUs and stock options under is provided in the circular related to the pl			er special equity awards.	Additional information						

tem of Business	Highlights	Board Vote Recommendation
5. Advisory resolution on executive compensation	We will have a non-binding advisory resolution on executive compensation, which is sometimes called "say on pay". This will provide you with an opportunity to provide a view on our company's approach to executive compensation, as described in this circular.	For
	In determining 2016 compensation arrangements, the Human Resources (HR) Committee of our board created pay packages that are designed to recognize the various levels of experience and contributions of our executive team and to create a strong tie between realized pay and the attainment of our short- and long-term financial and strategic objectives as well as changes in shareholder value. Most of the compensation arrangements are variable or "at risk" and based on our company's financial performance, which creates strong alignment between management and shareholder interests. 88% of our CEO's 2016 target compensation was variable and approximately 72% of the other named executive officers' 2016 target compensation was variable.	
	Based on our company's financial performance, 2016 annual incentive awards for most of our named executive officers were earned at approximately 83% of target and performance restricted share units (PRSUs) for the three-year period ended December 31, 2016 were earned at approximately 170% of target.	
	We believe that our compensation practices are aligned with recognized best practices and are highly supportive of our strategic and financial goals. Target compensation levels for our named executive officers is appropriately aligned with other public companies that we consider to be our peers or comparables, and realized pay varies above or below target in relation to performance in our variable incentive plans, as described in this circular, and changes in total shareholder value over time.	
	Please see the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of the circular for additional information.	
. Other business	If any other items of business are properly brought before the meeting (or any adjourned or postponed meeting), shareholders will be asked to vote. We are not aware of any other items of business at this time.	N/A

Voting Information

Who can vote at the meeting?

If you held common shares as of 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Daylight Time) on March 16, 2017 (the record date), then you are entitled to vote at the meeting or any adjourned or postponed meeting. Each share is entitled to one vote. As of March 16, 2017, there were 723,813,116 common shares outstanding.

We also have 6,000,000 Series II preference shares outstanding, but these shares do not have voting rights at the meeting.

How many votes are required for approval?

A simple majority (more than 50%) of votes cast, in person or by proxy, is required to approve each item of business.

How do I vote?

You have two choices – you can vote by proxy, or you can attend the meeting and vote in person. The voting process is different for each choice. The voting process also depends on whether you are a registered or non-registered shareholder.

You should first determine whether you are a registered or non-registered holder of our common shares. Most of our shareholders are non-registered holders.

- You are a registered shareholder if your name appears directly on your share certificates, or if you hold your common shares in book-entry form through the direct registration system (DRS) on the records of our transfer agent, Computershare Trust Company of Canada.
- You are a non-registered shareholder if you own shares indirectly and the shares are registered in the name of an intermediary. For example, you are a non-registered shareholder if:
- your common shares are held in the name of a bank, trust company, securities broker, trustee or custodian; or

you hold Depositary Interests representing our common shares which are held in the name of Computershare Company Nominees Limited as nominee and custodian.

Non-registered shareholders are sometimes referred to as "beneficial owners".

Voting by Proxy

If it is not convenient for you to attend the meeting, you may vote by proxy on the matters to be considered at the meeting. A proxy is a document that authorizes someone else to attend the meeting and cast votes for you.

Non-registered shareholders

If you are a non-registered shareholder who receives a proxy form or voting instruction form (VIF), you should follow your intermediary's instruction for completing the form. Holders of Depositary Interests will receive a voting form of instruction or direction from Computershare Investor Services PLC.

Registered shareholders

You may authorize our directors who are named on the enclosed proxy form to vote your shares as your proxyholder. You may give voting instructions by mail, the Internet or telephone. Please refer to your proxy form for instructions.

You may appoint another person to attend the meeting on your behalf and vote your shares as your proxyholder. If you choose this option, you can appoint your proxy by mail or through the Internet. If you mail the proxy form, you must print that person's name in the blank space provided on the back of the enclosed proxy form and you should indicate how you want your shares voted. Sign, date and return the proxy form in the envelope provided. If you vote through the Internet, you may also appoint another person to be your proxyholder; the person does not have to be another shareholder. You may be able to appoint more than one proxyholder, provided that each proxyholder is entitled to exercise the rights attaching to different shares held by you. If you do appoint more than one proxyholder, you must do so by

mail, and please enter the number of shares next to the proxyholder's name that he or she is entitled to vote. The person you appoint must attend the meeting and vote on your behalf in order for your votes to be counted. Proxyholders should register with representatives of Computershare Trust Company of Canada when they arrive at the meeting.

Voting In Person

Non-registered shareholders

You should do one of the following if you plan to attend the meeting:

- If you have received a proxy form from your intermediary, insert your own name in the blank space provided on the proxy form to appoint yourself as proxyholder. If the intermediary has not signed the proxy form, you must sign and date it. Follow your intermediary's instructions for returning the proxy form; or
- If you have received a VIF from your intermediary, follow your intermediary's instructions for completing the form.

Registered shareholders

You do not need to do anything except attend the meeting. Do not complete or return your proxy form, as your vote will be taken at the meeting. You should register with representatives of Computershare Trust Company of Canada when you arrive at the meeting. If you wish to vote common shares registered in the name of a legal entity, that entity must submit a properly executed proxy form to Computershare Trust Company of Canada by the proxy cut-off time which appoints you to vote the common shares on its behalf.

Can I vote my shares by filling out and returning the notice?

No. The notice sets forth the items to be voted on at the meeting, but you cannot vote by marking the notice and returning it. The notice provides instructions on how to vote.

What's the deadline for receiving my proxy or voting instructions?

If you are a registered shareholder, your proxy or voting instructions must be received by 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Daylight Time) on Monday, May 1, 2017.

Non-registered shareholders may be subject to earlier deadlines as specified in their proxy or voting instructions.

If the meeting is adjourned or postponed, the proxy cut-off deadline will be no later than 48 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays) before any adjourned or postponed meeting.

How will my shares be voted if I appoint a proxyholder?

Your proxyholder must vote your shares on each matter according to your instructions if you have properly completed and returned a proxy form. If you have not specified how to vote on a particular matter, then your proxyholder can vote your shares as he or she sees fit. If you have appointed our directors named on the enclosed proxy form as your proxyholder, and you have not specified how you want your shares to be voted, your shares will be voted FOR each of the items of business described in this circular.

What happens if any amendments are properly made to the items of business to be considered or if other matters are properly brought before the meeting?

Your proxyholder will have discretionary authority to vote your shares as he or she sees fit. As of the date of this circular, management knows of no such amendment, variation or other matter expected to come before the meeting.

If I change my mind, how do I revoke my proxy or voting instructions?

Non-registered shareholders

You may revoke your proxy or voting instructions by sending written notice to your intermediary, so long as the intermediary receives your notice at least seven days before the meeting (or as otherwise instructed by your intermediary). This gives your intermediary time to submit the revocation to Computershare Trust Company of Canada. If your revocation is not received in time, your intermediary is not required to act on it.

Registered shareholders

You may revoke your proxy or voting instructions in any of the following ways:

- By completing and signing a proxy form with a later date than the proxy form you previously returned, and delivering it to Computershare Trust Company of Canada at any time before 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Daylight Time) on Monday, May 1, 2017. If the meeting is adjourned or postponed, the deadline will be no later than 48 hours before any adjourned or postponed meeting;
- By completing a written statement revoking your instructions, which is signed by you or your attorney authorized in writing, and delivering it:
- To the offices of Computershare Trust Company of Canada at any time before 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Daylight Time) on Tuesday, May 2, 2017. If the meeting is adjourned or postponed, the deadline will be no later than 48 hours before any adjourned or postponed meeting; or
- To the Chair of the meeting before the meeting starts; or
- In any other manner permitted by law.

Who is soliciting my proxy and distributing proxy-related materials?

Thomson Reuters management and directors may solicit your proxy for use at the meeting and any adjourned or postponed meeting. Our management and directors may solicit proxies by mail and in person. We are paying all costs of solicitation. Intermediaries will distribute proxy-related materials directly to non-objecting beneficial owners on our behalf. We are paying for intermediaries to send proxy-related materials to both non-objecting beneficial owners and objecting beneficial owners.

Is my vote confidential?

Yes. Our registrar, Computershare Trust Company of Canada, independently counts and tabulates the proxies to preserve the confidentiality of individual shareholder votes. Proxies are referred to us only in cases where a shareholder clearly intends to communicate with management, in the event of questions as to the validity of a proxy or where it is necessary to do so to meet applicable legal requirements.

Voting results

Following the meeting, we will post the voting results in the "Investor Relations" section of our website, www.thomsonreuters.com. We will also file a copy of the results with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities at www.sedar.com and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission at www.sec.gov. For more information, see the "Additional Information" section of this circular.

Annual and Quarterly Financial Statements and Related MD&A

Our annual and quarterly reports and earnings releases are available in the "Investor Relations" section of our website, www.thomsonreuters.com. Please also see the "Electronic Delivery of Shareholder Communications" section below for information about electronic delivery of these reports and other shareholder communications.

Notice-and-Access

Why did I receive a notice in the mail regarding the website availability of this circular and proxy materials?

We are using the "notice-and-access" system for the delivery of our proxy materials through our website, similar to last year's meeting. Shareholders who receive a notice have the ability to access the proxy materials on our website and to request a paper copy of the proxy materials. Instructions on how to access the proxy materials through our website or to request a paper copy may be found in the notice.

Electronic delivery reduces the cost and environmental impact of producing and distributing paper copies of documents in very large quantities. It also provides shareholders with faster access to information about Thomson Reuters.

Why didn't I receive a printed notice in the mail about the website availability of the proxy materials?

Shareholders who previously signed up for electronic delivery of our proxy materials will continue to receive them by e-mail and will not receive a printed notice in the mail.

How do I vote under the "notice-and-access" system?

The voting process is the same as described in the "Voting Information" section of this circular. You have two choices – you can vote by proxy, or you can attend the meeting and vote in person.

Electronic Delivery of Shareholder Communications

Does Thomson Reuters provide electronic delivery of shareholder communications?

Yes. Electronic delivery is a voluntary program for our shareholders. Under this program, an e-mail notification (with links to the documents posted on our website) is sent to you. Electronic delivery reduces the cost and environmental impact of producing and distributing paper copies of documents in very large quantities. It also provides shareholders with faster access to information about Thomson Reuters.

How can I enroll for electronic delivery of shareholder communications?

For most non-registered shareholders (other than holders of our Depositary Interests), please go to www.proxyvote.com for more instructions and to register. You will need your Enrollment Number/Control Number. You can find this number on your voting instruction form/proxy form.

If you are a registered shareholder, please go to www.computershare.com/eDelivery and click on "eDelivery Signup". You will need information from your proxy form to register.

Principal Shareholder and Share Capital

As of March 20, 2017, Woodbridge beneficially owned 451,168,656 of our common shares, or approximately 62% of our outstanding common shares. Woodbridge is the principal and controlling shareholder of Thomson Reuters.

Woodbridge, a private company, is the primary investment vehicle for members of the family of the late Roy H. Thomson, the first Lord Thomson of Fleet. Woodbridge is a professionally managed company that, in addition to its controlling interest in Thomson Reuters, has other substantial investments.

Prior to his passing in 2006, Kenneth R. Thomson controlled our company through Woodbridge. He did so by holding shares of a holding company of Woodbridge, Thomson Investments Limited. Under his estate arrangements, the 2003 TIL Settlement, a trust of which the trust company subsidiary of a Canadian chartered bank is trustee and members of the family of the late first Lord Thomson of Fleet are beneficiaries, holds those holding company shares. Kenneth R. Thomson established these arrangements to provide for longterm stability of the business of Woodbridge. The equity of Woodbridge continues to be owned by members of successive generations of the family of the first Lord Thomson of Fleet.

Under the estate arrangements of Kenneth R. Thomson, the directors and officers of Woodbridge are responsible for its business and operations. In certain limited circumstances, including very substantial dispositions of our company's common shares by Woodbridge, the estate arrangements provide for approval of the trustee to be obtained.

Note 29 to our 2016 annual consolidated financial statements provides information on certain transactions that we entered into with Woodbridge in 2016 and 2015.

To our knowledge, no other person beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of our common shares.

About Our Directors

This section includes the following information:

Profiles for each director nominee;

Compensation that we paid to our directors in 2016; and

Our corporate governance structure and practices.

HIGHLIGHTS

A majority of our directors are independent;

The roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and the CEO are separate; and

All of the nominees are currently directors of our company.

Voting

You will be asked to vote for each director on an individual basis. Each nominee is proposed to be elected for a term ending at our 2018 annual meeting of shareholders. All of the nominees are currently directors of our company. Each nominee was elected at our 2016 annual meeting of shareholders except for Kristin C. Peck, who was appointed to the board in September 2016. Profiles for each nominee are provided on the following pages.

The board unanimously recommends that you vote FOR the election of the following 12 nominees to the Thomson Reuters board of directors: David Thomson, James C. Smith, Sheila C. Bair, David W. Binet, W. Edmund Clark, C.M., Michael E. Daniels, Ken Olisa, OBE, Vance K. Opperman, Kristin C. Peck, Barry Salzberg, Peter J. Thomson and Wulf von Schimmelmann.

Management does not believe that any of the nominees will be unable to serve as a director but, if this should occur for any reason prior to the meeting, the persons named in the enclosed proxy form may vote for another nominee at their discretion.

Following the meeting, we will issue a press release that includes the number of votes cast for and withheld from each individual director.

Mary Cirillo and P. Thomas Jenkins have decided not to stand for re-election. Ms. Cirillo has been a director of our company since 2005 and Mr. Jenkins has been a director of our company since 2014. We thank both of them for their contributions to Thomson Reuters.

Majority voting policy

We have a majority voting policy that applies to the election of directors at the annual meeting of shareholders. This means that if a director receives more "withhold" votes than "for" votes at the meeting, then the director will immediately tender his or her resignation to the Chairman. This would be effective if accepted by the board. The Corporate Governance Committee will consider a director's offer to resign and make a recommendation to the board as to whether to accept it. The board will accept resignations, except in exceptional circumstances. The board will have 90 days from the annual meeting to make and publicly disclose its decision by news release either to accept or reject the resignation (including reasons for rejecting the resignation, if applicable).

Director qualifications

We believe that all of the director nominees possess character, integrity, judgment, business experience, a record of achievement and other skills and talents which enhance the board and the overall management of the business and affairs of Thomson Reuters. Each director nominee has an understanding of our company's principal operational and financial objectives, plans and strategies, financial position and performance and the performance of Thomson Reuters relative to our principal competitors. The

Corporate Governance Committee considered these qualifications in determining to recommend the director nominees for election. Additional information is provided in the individual director profiles below and in the "Corporate Governance Practices – Corporate Governance Committee" section of this circular, which contains a "skills matrix" highlighting individual director skills and experiences.

Independence

A majority of the board is independent. Under the corporate governance guidelines adopted by the board, a director is not considered independent unless the board affirmatively determines that the director has no "material relationship" with Thomson Reuters. In determining the independence of directors, the board considers all relevant facts and circumstances. In March 2017, the board conducted its annual assessment of the independence of each of its current members and determined that nine of the 14 directors (approximately 64%) serving on the board are independent. If all of the 12 proposed nominees are elected, then seven of the 12 directors (approximately 58%) will be independent. In determining independence, the board examined and relied on the applicable definitions of "independent" in the NYSE listing standards and Canadian Securities Administrators' National Instrument 58-101. The board also reviewed the results of questionnaires completed by directors.

In order for the board to function independently from management:

The roles and responsibilities of the Chairman (David Thomson) and the CEO (Jim Smith) are separate;

We have a Lead Independent Director (Vance K. Opperman); and

The Audit Committee is comprised entirely of independent directors (as required by applicable law) and the Corporate Governance Committee and Human Resources Committee each have a majority of independent directors.

			Director Independ	
Name of Director	Management	Independent	Not Independent	Reason for Non-Independence
David Thomson			1	A Chairman of Woodbridge
James C. Smith	1		<i>√</i>	President & Chief Executive Officer of Thomson Reuters
Sheila C. Bair		✓		
David W. Binet			\$	President of Woodbridge
Mary Cirillo1		1		
W. Edmund Clark, C.M.			1	Advisor to the trustee of the 2003 TIL Settlement and Woodbridge
Michael E. Daniels		1		
P. Thomas Jenkins ¹		1		
Ken Olisa, OBE		1		
Vance K. Opperman		1		
Kristin C. Peck		1		
Barry Salzberg		1		
Peter J. Thomson			1	A Chairman of Woodbridge
Wulf von Schimmelmann		1		
Total	1	9	5	

1 Ms. Cirillo and Mr. Jenkins have decided not to stand for re-election

None of Messrs. D. Thomson, Binet or P. Thomson is a member of Thomson Reuters executive management team. With its substantial equity investment in Thomson Reuters, Woodbridge considers that its interests as a shareholder are aligned with those of all other shareholders.

In determining the independence of directors, the board also considers that in the normal course of business, we provide services to, and receive services from, companies with which some of the independent directors are affiliated. Based on the specific facts and circumstances, the board determined in March 2017 that these relationships were immaterial.

Interlocking Directorships

We do not have any directors who serve together on boards of other public companies. The board has adopted a policy that no more than two of our directors may serve together on the boards of other public companies without the consent of the Corporate Governance Committee.

Service on Other Boards

Our directors are not restricted from serving on the boards of other public or private companies so long as their commitments do not materially interfere with or are not incompatible with, their ability to fulfill their duties as a member of our company's board. However, directors must receive approval from the Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee in advance of accepting an invitation to serve on the board of another public company and must notify the Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee in connection with accepting an invitation to serve on the board of a for-profit private company that is not a family business. The Corporate Governance Committee monitors the outside boards that our directors sit on to determine if there are circumstances that would impact a director's ability to exercise independent judgment and to ensure that a director has sufficient time to fulfill his or her commitments to Thomson Reuters.

Tenure

Our board has not adopted a mandatory retirement age or term limits for individual directors. We believe that individuals can continue to remain effective directors beyond a mandated retirement age or maximum period of service. Without having a mandatory retirement age or term limits, we have experienced turnover on our board that has brought directors with new perspectives and approaches. This has complemented the depth of knowledge and insight about our company and business operations that some of our more long-standing directors have developed over time. Of the 12 directors proposed to be elected at this year's meeting, only four (approximately 33%) were members of our board in 2008 when Thomson Reuters was formed. The following table shows the tenure of our director nominees on our board.

The average tenure of all director nominees is **8.9 years** and the average tenure of nominees who are considered independent is **6.4 years**.



Two of our directors who have been members of the board for more than 10 years (David Thomson and Peter Thomson) are affiliated with our company's principal shareholder, Woodbridge.

Countries of Residence

The following table shows the countries where our director nominees ordinarily reside. Mr. Smith is relocating to the company's Toronto office in April 2017.





Nominee Information

The following provides information regarding the 12 director nominees who are proposed to be elected at the meeting, including a brief biography, city and country of residence, the year that they were appointed to our board, independence status, primary areas of expertise, committee membership, attendance at board and committee meetings in 2016 and ownership of Thomson Reuters securities.

In the director nominee profiles on the following pages, "securities held" by a director nominee includes common shares over which a director exercised control or direction, and the number of restricted share units (RSUs), deferred share units (DSUs) and options held by, or credited to, each individual as of March 17, 2017. Information regarding common shares beneficially owned does not include shares that may be obtained through the exercise or vesting of options, RSUs or DSUs. Each director nominee provided us with information about how many common shares he or she beneficially owns. The market value of shares beneficially owned is based on the closing price of our common shares on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) on March 17, 2017, which was \$43.46. The market value of DSUs is also based on the closing price of our common shares on the NYSE on that date. We have also included information about director nominee's ownership of Thomson Reuters common shares and DSUs as of March 17, 2017 as a multiple of their annual retainer. Additional information about director share ownership guidelines is provided later in this section.



Age: 59 Toronto, Ontario, Canada Director since 1988 Non-independent Primary areas of expertise: investment management, retail, media/publishing

David Thomson

David Thomson is Chairman of Thomson Reuters. He is also a Chairman of Woodbridge, the Thomson family investment company, and Chairman of The Globe and Mail Inc., a Canadian media company. Mr. Thomson is an active private investor with a focus on real estate and serves on the boards of several private companies. Mr. Thomson has a MA from Cambridge University.

Board/committee

membership	2016 atten	2016 attendance		Other public company board memberships				
Board	6 of 6	100%		-				
Total	6 of 6	100%						
Securities held2				Total shares and DSUs	Total market value	Ownership multiple of annual retainer		
Common shares	RSUs	DSUs	Options					
_	_	52,670	_	52,670	\$2,289,038	_		

James C. Smith Age: 57 Toronto, Ontario, Canada (effective April 2017) Director since 2012 Non-independent Primary areas of expertise: operations, international business and media/publishing

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James C. Smith

James C. Smith has been President & Chief Executive Officer since January 2012. Mr. Smith was Chief Operating Officer of Thomson Reuters from September 2011 to December 2011 and Chief Executive Officer of Thomson Reuters Professional division from April 2008 to September 2011. Prior to the acquisition of Reuters Group PLC (Reuters) by The Thomson Corporation (Thomson) in April 2008, he served as Chief Operating Officer of Thomson and as President and Chief Executive Officer of Thomson Learning's Academic and Reference Group. Mr. Smith joined the Thomson Newspaper Group in 1987. He held several staff and operating positions, culminating in his role as head of operations for Thomson Newspapers in the U.S. With the sale of the Thomson Newspaper Group in 2000, he joined Thomson in 2001 as Executive Vice President. He began his career as a journalist and held several editorial and general management positions prior to joining Thomson. Mr. Smith received a BA from Marshall University.

Board/committee

membership	2016 atten	2016 attendance Other publ		company board memberships			
Board	6 of 6	100%	Pfizer Inc.				
Total	6 of 6	100%					
Securities held				Total shares and DSUs	Total market value	Ownership multiple of base salary ¹	
Common shares	RSUs	DSUs	Options				
234,084	550.083	192.362	4.514.785	426.446	\$18.533.343	11.58x	

Sheila C. Bair Age: 62 Kennedvville, Marvland, United State Director since 2014 Independent

Management Proxy Circular and Notice of Annual and Special Meeting of Shareholders



Sheila C. Bair

Shella C. Bair is President of Washington College. Prior to her appointment as President of Washington College in August 2015, she was Senior Advisor to The Pew Charitable Trusts for four years. Ms. Bair was also Senior Advisor to DLA Piper, an international law firm. Prior to August 2011, she was the Chair of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, where she served in that capacity from June 2006 to July 2011. From 2002 to 2006, she was the Dean's Professor of Financial Regulatory Policy for the Isenberg School of Management at the University of Massachusetts-Anhierst. She also served as Assistant Secretary for Financial Institutions at the U.S. Department of the Treasury from 2001 to 2002, Senior Vice President for Government Relations of the New York Stock Exchange from 1995 to 2000, Commissioner of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission from 1991 to 1995, and as counsel to Kansas Republican Senate Majority Leader Bob Dole from 1981 to 1988. Ms. Bair has a bachelor's degree and law degree from the University of Kansas.

Board/committee

membership		dance	Other public company board memberships				
Board	6 of 6	100%	Host Hotels	& Resorts Inc.			
Audit	8 of 8	100%					
Total	14 of 14	100%					
Securities held				Total shares and DSUs	Total market value	Ownership multiple of annual retainer	
Common shares	RSUs	DSUs	Options				
_	-	8,052	_	8.052	\$349,939	1.8x	



Primary areas of expertise: international business, finance, operations, legal

David W. Binet Age: 59 Toronto, Ontario, Canada Director since January 2013 Non-independent Primary areas of expertise: legal media/publishing, investment management

David W. Binet

David W. Binet is Deputy Chairman of Thomson Reuters. He is also President and Chief Executive Officer and a director of Woodbridge, the Thomson family investment company. Prior to January 1, 2013, he held a number of senior positions at Woodbridge between 1999 and 2012, including Chief Operating Officer. Mr. Binet is a director of The Globe and Mail Inc., a Canadian media company and of a number of other companies in which Woodbridge is invested. Mr. Binet is also Chairman of the Thomson Reuters Foundation. Prior to joining Woodbridge in 1999, he was a partner at a major law firm. Mr. Binet has a law degree from McGill University, a BA from Queen's University and a graduate degree in journalism from Northwestern University.

Board/committee

Board/committee							
membership	2016 atten	2016 attendance		Other public company board memberships			
Board	6 of 6	100%		-			
Corporate Governance	4 of 4	100%					
HR	7 of 7	100%					
Total	17 of 17	100%					
				Total shares	Total market	Ownership multiple	
Securities held				and DSUs	value	of annual retainer	
Common shares	RSUs	DSUs	Options				
262,586	_	17,099	_	279.685	\$12.155.110	60.8x	



W. Edmund Clark, C.M. Age: 69 Toronto, Ontario, Canada Director since 2015 Non-independent Primary areas of expertise: executive leadersh

Primary areas of expertise: executive leadership, finance, human resources, strategy

W. Edmund Clark, C.M.

W. Edmund Clark is a corporate director. Mr. Clark served as Group President and Chief Executive Officer of TD Bank Group from 2002 until his retirement in November 2014. Mr. Clark was inducted as a Companion of the Canadian Order of the Business Hall of Fame in 2016. In 2014, Mr. Clark was elected to the Board of Trustees of the Brookings Institute. In 2015, Mr. Clark was appointed as business advisor to the Premier of Ontario. Mr. Clark has a BA from the University of Toronto, and an MA and Doctorate in Economics from Harvard University. In 2010, he was made an Officer of the Order of Canada, one of the country's highest distinctions.

Board/committee membership

membership		dance	Other public company board memberships				
Board	5 of 6	83%		-			
HR	5 of 7	71%					
Corporate Governance	2 of 2	100%					
Total	12 of 15	80%					
Securities held				Total shares and DSUs	Total market value	Ownership multiple of annual retainer	
Common shares	RSUs	DSUs	Options				
40.000	_	8,762	_	48.762	\$2.119.196	10.6x	



Michael E. Daniels Age: 62 Hilton Head Island, South Carolina, United States Director since 2014 Independent Primary areas of expertise: international business, finance, operations, technology Michael E. Daniels

Michael E. Daniels is a corporate director. In March 2013, Mr. Daniels retired as Senior Vice President and Group Executive IBM Services after 36 years with the company where he directed IBM's consulting, systems integration, application management, cloud computing and outsourcing services around the globe. Mr. Daniels also held a number of senior leadership positions in his career at IBM, including General Manager of Sales and Distribution Operations of the Americas as well as leading Global Services in the Asia Pacific region. Mr. Daniels has a bachelor's degree in political science from Holy Cross College.

Board/committee

membership	2016 atten	2016 attendance		Other public company board memberships			
Board	6 of 6	100%	SS&C Technologies Holdings, Inc.				
HR	4 of 4	100%	Johnson Controls International plc				
Corporate Governance	7 of 7	100%					
Total	17 of 17	100%					
Securities held				Total shares and DSUs	Total market value	Ownership multiple of annual retainer	
Common shares 2.924	RSUs	DSUs 10.370	Options	13.294	\$577.757	2.9x	



Ken Olisa, OBE Age: 65 London, United Kingdom Director since 2008 Independent Primary areas of expertise: technology operations, finance, international busin

Ken Olisa, OBE

Ken Olisa, OBE, is Founder and Chairman of Restoration Partners, a boutique technology merchant bank advising and investing in IT companies. He joined the board of Reuters in 2004. From 1992 to 2006, Mr. Olisa was Chair and CEO of Interregnum PLC, a public technology merchant bank. Prior to that, and following a career at IBM, he was a senior executive for over 10 years at Wang Labs. From 1998 to 2008, Mr. Olisa was also a director of Open Text Corporation and of Eurasian Natural Resources Corporation from 2007 until 2011. He serves on the boards of several ULK. not-for-profit organizations. Effective May 2015, Mr. Olisa has been appointed as Her Majesty's Lord-Lieutenant of Greater London. He has a MA from Fitzwilliam College, Cambridge.

Board/committee

membership	2016 attend	2016 attendance		Other public company board memberships		
Board	6 of 6	100%		-		
Audit	7 of 8	83%				
Total	13 of 14	93%				
				Total shares	Total market	Ownership multiple
Securities held				and DSUs	value	of annual retainer
Common shares	RSUs	DSUs	Options			
6,278	_	8,753	· _	15,031	\$653,247	3.3x



Minneapolis, Minnesota, United States

media/publishing, investment management

Age: 74

Director since 1996 Independent Primary areas of expertise: legal, operations, finance,

Vance Opperman

Vance Opperman is Lead Independent Director of Thomson Reuters. He is also President and Chief Executive Officer of Key Investment, Inc., a private investment company involved in publishing and other activities. Previously, Mr. Opperman was President of West Publishing Company, an information provider of legal and business research which is now owned by Thomson Reuters. He serves as Lead Independent Director of TCF Financial Corporation. He also serves on the board of several educational and not-for-profit organizations. He has a law degree from the University of Minnesota and practiced law for many years.

Board/committee

membership	2016 atten	2016 attendance		Other public company board memberships				
Board	6 of 6	100%	TCF Financi	al Corporation				
Audit	8 of 8	100%						
Corporate Governance	4 of 4	100%						
HR	7 of 7	100%						
Total	25 of 25	100%						
Securities held				Total shares and DSUs	Total market value	Ownership multiple of annual retainer		
	RSUs	DSUs	Options					
Common shares 50.000	_	105.803	_	155,803	\$6.771.198	33.9x		



Kristin C. Peck Age: 45 Darien, Connecticut, United States Director since September 2016 Independent Primary areas of expertise:

human resources, operations, strategy

Kristin C. Peck

Kristin Peck is Executive Vice President and President of U.S. Operations at Zoetis, a NYSE-listed global leader in the discovery, development, manufacture and commercialization of animal health medicines and vaccines that was spun off by Pfizer in 2013. From October 2012 through April 2015, she served as Executive Vice President and Group President of Zoetis. Ms. Peck joined Pfizer in 2004 and held various positions, including Executive Vice President, Worldwide Business Development and Innovation; Senior Vice President, Worldwide Business Development, Strategy and Innovation; Vice President, Strategic Planning; Chief of Staff to the Vice Chairman; and Senior Director, Strategic Planning. She also served as a member of Pfizer's Executive Leadership Team. Prior to joining Pfizer, Ms. Peck was a Principal at Boston Consulting Group. She holds a Bachelor's degree from Georgetown University and a Master of Business Administration from Columbia Business School.

Board/committee

membership	2016 atten	2016 attendance		c company board n		
Board	2 of 2	100%		-		
HR	1 of 1	100%				
Total	3 of 3	100%				
Securities held				Total shares and DSUs	Total market value	Ownership multiple of annual retainer
Common shares	RSUs	DSUs	Options			
_	_	2,516	_	2.516	\$109.345	0.6x



Barry Salzberg Age: 63 Warren, New Jersey, United States Director since 2015 Independent Primary areas of expertise: accounting/audit, operations, international business

Barry Salzberg

Barry Salzberg is a corporate director. Mr. Salzberg served as the Global Chief Executive Officer of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited from 2011 until his retirement in May 2015. He joined Deloitte in 1977 and his roles included Chief Executive Officer and Managing Partner of the firm's U.S. operations. He is currently a Professor at Columbia Business School. Mr. Salzberg has previously served as a board member of New Profit, Inc. and he previously served as Chairman of the United Way Worldwide, Chairman of College Summit and Chairman of the Board of the YMCA of Greater New York. He has a BS in Accounting from Brooklyn College, a JD from Brooklyn Law School, and an LLM in Taxation from New York University School of Law.

Board/committee

membership	2016 attendance		Other public company board memberships			
Board	6 of 6	100%		-		
Audit	8 of 8	100%				
Total	14 of 14	100%				
Securities held				Total shares and DSUs	Total market value	Ownership multiple of annual retainer
Common shares	RSUs	DSUs	Options			
-	_	7,705		7,705	\$334,859	1.7x



Peter J. Thomson1 Age: 51 Toronto, Ontario, Canada Director since 1995 Non-independent Primary areas of expertise: investment management, science, technology

Wulf Age:



Peter J. Thomson is a Chairman of Woodbridge, the Thomson family investment company. Mr. Thomson is an active private equity investor and serves on the boards of several private companies. He has a BA from the University of Western Ontario.

Board/committee

membership	2016 atte	2016 attendance Other public company board memberships				
Board	6 of 6	100%		-		
Total	6 of 6	100%				
Securities held ²				Total shares and DSUs	Total market value	Ownership multiple of annual retainer
Common shares	RSUs	DSUs 7,657	Options	7,657	\$332,773	_
 David Thomson and Peter Thomson, both David Thomson and Peter Thomson are s shareholder. For additional information, please 	ubstantial shareh	olders of our	company as me			y of Woodbridge, our principal

Wulf Von Schimmelmann



Wulf von Schimmelmann was Chief Executive Officer of Deutsche Postbank AG from 1999 to 2007, where he transformed the organization from a check processing division of Deutsche Post to one of Germany's leading retail banks. Since 2008, he has served as Chairman of the Supervisory Board of Deutsche Post DHL AG, an international leader in mail and logistics services. He also serves as a member of the Supervisory Board of Maxingvest AG and a member of the Supervisory Board of Allianz Deutschland AG. Prior to his lengthy career in banking, he was a partner at McKinsey & Co., working in Switzerland, the US and Germany. Mr. von Schimmelmann was also previously a director of Western Union Company, a member of the Supervisory Board of Deutsche Teleknow and Chair of BAWAG P.S.K. Mr. von Schimmelmann received a degree in economic sciences and his Ph.D. in economics from the University of Zurich.

Board/committee

Wulf von Schimmelmann	membership	2016 attendance	e Other publi	c company board	memberships	
Age: 70	Board	5 of 6 839	6 Accenture p	lc		
Munich, Germany	Audit	7 of 8 889	6 Deutsche Po	ost DHL AG		
Director since 2011	Total	12 of 14 869	6			
Independent	Securities held			Total shares and DSUs	Total market value	Ownership multiple of annual retainer
Primary areas of expertise:	Common shares	RSUs DS	Us Options			
finance, operations, international business	-	- 25,	052 –	25,052	\$1,088,759	5.4x

Director Compensation and Share Ownership

Approach and Philosophy

Our approach and philosophy for director compensation is to:

- align the interests of our directors with those of our shareholders; and
- provide competitive compensation.

The compensation program for our directors takes into account:

the size, scope and complexity of our organization;

- the time commitment required of directors to serve on the board and one or more board committees, as applicable (including board/committee meetings and travel to and from board/committee meetings and site visits);
- the experience and skills of our directors;
- compensation levels for boards of directors of other large comparable U.S. and Canada-based multinational public companies in order for amounts paid to our directors to be competitive to attract new candidates and to retain existing directors;
- an increasing trend in U.S. and Canadian public company director compensation programs to require a combination of mandatory and optional equity components to further align directors' interests with shareholders; and
- our desire to have a flat fee structure.

Our Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for periodically reviewing the adequacy and form of directors' compensation. In 2016, the Corporate Governance Committee reviewed our director compensation program and approved one compensation change effective in May 2016, as discussed below.

In periodically benchmarking director compensation, the Corporate Governance Committee evaluates publicly available data related to director compensation paid by large U.S. and Canadian public companies, as our company's board is primarily comprised of directors from the U.S. and Canada. U.S. board compensation is generally higher than Canadian companies.

We do not grant stock options or performance restricted share units (PRSUs) to our non-management directors. In addition, we do not provide our non-management directors with retirement/pension benefits, healthcare coverage or perquisites.

As discussed later in this section, we require our directors to hold a minimum value of common shares and/or deferred share units (DSUs) and our director compensation program encourages directors to invest in our company beyond their minimum ownership requirements.

Our directors have a mandatory equity component for their compensation. Approximately **84%** of director compensation was paid in equity (DSUs or common shares) in 2016

Components of Director Compensation

The table below sets forth the annual retainers that were payable to our directors in 2016. Directors do not receive separate attendance or meeting fees. Chairs of the Audit Committee and HR Committee receive additional fees given their increased responsibilities and workloads. These chair fees were increased from \$30,000 to \$50,000 in May 2016 in recognition of the additional workload of these chairs. Additional information regarding the different components of our director compensation structure is provided following this table.

	2016 (\$)
Non-management directors	200,000 (50,000 of which is required to be paid in deferred share units, or DSUs)
Chairman of the Board	600,000
Additional retainers	
Deputy Chairman of the Board	150,000 (payable in DSUs)
Lead Independent Director	150,000 (payable in DSUs)
Committee chairs	
Audit	50,000 (payable in DSUs)
Corporate Governance	Reflected in Lead Independent Director fee
HR	50,000 (payable in DSUs)

Retainers / Mandatory Equity Component

We require a minimum of \$50,000 of each director's \$200,000 annual retainer to be paid in equity in the form of DSUs. Our non-management directors then elect to receive the remaining \$150,000 of their \$200,000 annual retainer in the form of DSUs, common shares or cash (or a mix thereof).

DSUs

Each DSU has the same value as one common share, though DSUs do not have voting rights. DSUs are not performance-based units. If a director elects to receive DSUs, units representing the value of common shares are credited to the director's account. DSUs accumulate additional units based on notional equivalents of dividends paid on our common shares. DSUs are fully vested upon grant, but they are only settled (in the form of common shares or cash, at the election of the director) following termination of the director's board service. Any common shares delivered to a director in connection with the settlement of DSUs are purchased in the open market.

Common Shares

If a director elects to receive common shares, the amount (net of withholding taxes) is provided to our broker who uses such amount to buy shares in the open market.

Committee Fees

Committee chair fees, which are payable entirely in DSUs, are reflected in the table above.

Chairman and Deputy Chairman Retainer

The Chairman's annual retainer is \$600,000. The Deputy Chairman's annual retainer is \$150,000, which is payable entirely in DSUs. The Deputy Chairman also receives the same annual \$200,000 retainer paid to other non-management directors. Additional information about the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman is provided later in the "Corporate Governance Practices" section of this circular.

Lead Independent Director Retainer

The Lead Independent Director's annual retainer is \$150,000, which is payable entirely in DSUs and is inclusive of the fee for chairing one committee. The Lead Independent Director also receives the same annual \$200,000 retainer paid to other non-management directors. Additional information about the Lead Independent Director is provided later in the "Corporate Governance Practices" section of this circular.

2017 Director Compensation

No changes are contemplated at this time to the amount or form of director compensation for 2017.

Total Director Compensation

The table below reflects compensation earned by our directors in 2016. Approximately 84% of 2016 director compensation was paid in DSUs and common shares.

As President and CEO of Thomson Reuters, Mr. Smith does not receive compensation for his service as a director. Information regarding Mr. Smith's 2016 compensation is set forth in the "Executive Compensation" section of this circular.

	Fees Earned (\$)					
Director	Cash		Common Shares	All Other	Total (\$)	
				Compensation (\$)		
David Thomson	-	600,000	-	_	600,000	
Sheila C. Bair	75,000	125,000	-	-	200,000	
Manvinder S. Banga ⁽¹⁾	-	18,033	54,098	_	72,131	
David W. Binet	150,000	200,000	-	-	350,000	
Mary Cirillo ⁽²⁾	-	210,820	-	_	210,820	
W. Edmund Clark, C.M. ⁽²⁾	-	231,967	-	-	231,967	
Michael E. Daniels	-	200,000	-	_	200,000	
P. Thomas Jenkins	-	200,000	-	-	200,000	
Ken Olisa, OBE	112,500	87,500	-	_	200,000	
Vance K. Opperman ⁽³⁾	-	392,787	-	-	392,787	
Kristin C. Peck ⁽⁴⁾	-	59,178	-	_	59,178	
Barry Salzberg	-	200,000	-	-	200,000	
Peter J. Thomson	150,000	50,000	-	-	200,000	
Wulf von Schimmelmann	60,000	140,000	-	-	200,000	
Total	547,500	2,715,285	54,098	-	3,316,883	

(1) (2) (3) (4)

Mr. Banga did not stand for re-election at last year's meeting. This table reflects compensation for his service as a director from January 1, 2016 through May 11, 2016. Includes fees for serving as chair of the HR Committee during 2016. Ms. Cirillo served as Chair from January 1, 2016 through May 11, 2016. Mr. Clark served as Chair from May 11, 2016. Includes fees for serving as the Lead Independent Director and Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee. Ms. Peck was appointed to the board on September 14, 2016. This table reflects compensation for her service as a director from September 14, 2016 through December 31, 2016.

Stock Option and RSU Grants

Our non-management directors are not eligible to receive stock option grants and no non-management director currently holds any options. None of our non-management directors currently hold RSUs. Options and RSUs held by Mr. Smith are described later in the circular.

Share Ownership Guidelines

Directors are required to hold common shares and/or DSUs with a value of \$600,000, which is equal to three times their annual retainer. Directors are required to meet their ownership requirement within five years of the date of their initial appointment to the Thomson Reuters board. Some directors previously appointed to the board were required to meet their ownership guideline multiple by January 1, 2017. Share prices of all public companies are subject to market volatility. As a result, director share ownership guidelines reflect a "once met, always met" standard. This means that if a director has met his or her applicable ownership guideline multiple and a subsequent decline in the Thomson Reuters share price causes the value of his or her ownership to fall below the applicable threshold, the director will be considered to be in compliance with the guidelines so long as he or she continues to hold the number of shares that were owned at the time when he or she achieved the guidelines.

Ownership of common shares and DSUs by our director nominees can be found in each nominee's biography in this circular. David Thomson and Peter Thomson are substantial shareholders of our company as members of the family that owns the equity of Woodbridge. As of March 20, 2017, Woodbridge beneficially owned approximately 62% of our common shares. For more information, see the "Principal Shareholder and Share Capital" section of this circular. The following table shows each non-management director's progress towards his or her share ownership guidelines. All ownership multiples and each director's ownership are as of March 17, 2017.

Name	Ownership multiple of annual retainer	Progress towards guidelines
David Thomson	_	✓, through Woodbridge's ownership
Sheila C. Bair	1.8x	Required by 2019; 59% towards goal
David W. Binet	60.8x	
Mary Cirillo	11.1x	
W. Edmund Clark, C.M.	10.6x	×
Michael E. Daniels	2.9x	Required by 2019; 97% towards goal
P. Thomas Jenkins	3.3x	
Ken Olisa, OBE	3.3x	
Vance K. Opperman	33.9x	
Kristin C. Peck	0.6x	Required by 2021; 18% towards goal
Barry Salzberg	1.7x	Required by 2020; 56% towards goal
Peter J. Thomson	_	✓, through Woodbridge's ownership
Wulf von Schimmelmann	5.4x	

Mr. Smith is subject to separate ownership guidelines in his capacity as CEO of our company. For more information, see the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular.

Pensions

Non-management directors do not receive any pension benefits from our company. Mr. Smith's pension and retirement benefits are described in the "Executive Compensation – Pension and Other Retirement Benefits" section of this circular.

Service Contracts

We have not entered into service contracts with our non-management directors. Our agreement with Mr. Smith regarding termination benefits is described in the "Executive Compensation – Termination Benefits" section of this circular.

Liability Insurance

We provide our directors with liability insurance in connection with their service on the board.

Director Expenses

We reimburse directors for reasonable travel and out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with their Thomson Reuters duties.

Corporate Governance Practices

Our board is committed to high standards of corporate governance and believes that sound corporate governance practices are essential to the well-being of our company and for the promotion and protection of our shareholders' interests. We believe that sustainable value creation for all shareholders is fostered through a board that is informed and engaged and that functions independently of management.

As a public company with shares listed in Canada on the Toronto Stock Exchange and in the United States on the New York Stock Exchange, our corporate governance practices are generally consistent with the best practice guidelines of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities and the SEC. In addition, our corporate governance practices comply with most of the corporate governance listing standards of the NYSE, notwithstanding that we are exempt from most of those standards as a "foreign private issuer".

Board Composition and Responsibilities

Governance Structure

The board oversees our corporate governance structure, in part, through the work of the Corporate Governance Committee. Board practices are set out in corporate governance guidelines, which the Corporate Governance Committee reviews annually. The corporate governance guidelines deal with issues such as the board's duties and responsibilities, share ownership guidelines and conflicts of interest. In addition, each of the board's three committees (Audit, Corporate Governance and HR) has a charter. The charters are reviewed annually by the relevant committee and the Corporate Governance Committee.

The board's principal responsibilities include strategic planning, risk management, financial reporting, disclosure and corporate governance

Our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (Code) applies to our employees, directors and officers, including our CEO, CFO and Controller. Our employees, directors and officers are required to submit an acknowledgment that they have received and read a copy of the Code and understand their obligations to comply with the principles and policies outlined in it. The Corporate Governance Committee receives an annual report regarding the Code from the General Counsel.

Board Size

The board currently consists of 14 individuals and functions independently of management. The board is currently comprised of 13 non-management directors and the CEO. Individual directors are proposed for election annually. We have proposed 12 directors to be nominated for election at the meeting.



The table below highlights the board's 2016 work plan.

Key Responsibilities of the Board

The fundamental responsibility of the board is to supervise the management of the business and affairs of Thomson Reuters.

Meeting	2016 Primary Activities/Topics
January	Annual operating plan Dividend policy and share repurchase program Financial & Risk business Talent and succession planning Intellectual Property & Science sale process
March	Annual disclosure and corporate governance documents (annual report, management proxy circular, financial statements) Executive compensation Global Growth & Operations business
May	Investor relations Transformation program Credit facility Intellectual Property & Science sale process
July	Intellectual Property & Science sale process
September	Strategy Transformation program New director appointment Toronto Technology Centre
November	Capital strategy Transformation program Talent and development
Periodically	Strategic and management discussions related to individual businesses or sectors Reports from the Chairs of the Audit, Corporate Governance and HR Committees Enterprise risk management (ERM) Proposed significant acquisitions and dispositions Product updates Proposed capital markets transactions In-camera meetings with the CEO only (at the start and end of each in-person meeting) In-camera meetings of non-management directors only In-camera meetings of independent directors only Competitive analysis

Strategic Planning

The board plays an important role in strategic planning and direction throughout the year.

In January, the board meets with management to review, discuss and approve the final version of our annual operating plan, which is prepared by our CEO, CFO and other senior executives. The plan typically addresses:

- Opportunities
- Risks
- Competitive position
- Business outlook
- Preliminary full-year financial results
- Financial projections for a three-year period
- Other key performance indicators
- Annual dividend and share repurchase program recommendations

Throughout the year, the board and management discuss our progress against the plan. The board focused its in-person meeting in September on corporate strategy. As part of this meeting, directors had an in-depth discussion about our company's strategic plans with our CEO, CFO, Chief Strategy Officer and other senior executives. Strategy discussions typically cover topics such as technology, the current condition of our business segments, future growth potential of our businesses and the key market segments that we serve, and how we are seeking to increase shareholder value.

While the January and September meetings focus on strategic planning, the board also discusses various strategic issues with management at other meetings during the year. For example, the board discussed the Intellectual Property & Science sale process with management at three meetings in 2016 and directors discussed our capital strategy with the CFO and the Treasurer at the November meeting. In addition, various presidents of our business units provide updates to the board at meetings during the year and those discussions typically address the unit's current operations and strategic objectives.

Risk Oversight

The board is responsible for confirming that a system is in place to identify the principal risks facing Thomson Reuters and that appropriate procedures and systems are in place to monitor, mitigate and manage those risks.

The ERM process at our company includes:

- identifying the most significant operational, strategic, reputational, financial and other risks in each of our business units as well as for our corporate center, considering both the external environment as well as internal changes related to structure, strategy and processes;
- assessing which of these risks individually or together with other identified risks could have a significant impact on Thomson Reuters as an enterprise if they were to materialize; and
- developing and implementing action plans for the enterprise risks and reviewing them periodically at a corporate and board level.

Our enterprise risk management (ERM) process is designed to enhance the identification and mitigation of risk throughout Thomson Reuters and assist the board and the Audit Committee with oversight responsibility for risk management

In 2016, we created a new management risk committee to track and monitor enterprise risks. In 2016, this committee began assessing the status of identified risks and reviewing the adequacy of applicable mitigation plans. The management risk committee is co-chaired by the Chief Transformation Officer and the General Counsel, who provide direction, prioritization, executive support and communication. Executives responsible for specific risk mitigation periodically report to the Audit Committee, the Board or other Board committee, as appropriate. Risk committee embers are comprised of various Thomson Reuters senior leaders from Corporate functional departments and each business unit. An ERM owner who works with the risk committee to plan the annual process is also responsible for collecting and consolidating Corporate and business unit identified risks.

For our business units and functional departments, ERM is an ongoing process under continuous management review. We involve our Corporate Compliance and Audit department in the review of certain identified risks, as appropriate or upon request. Mr. Smith's executive committee undertakes a formal risk review at least annually.

As discussed later in the circular, the Audit Committee is primarily responsible for overseeing management's ERM process. Enterprise risk owners report to the Audit Committee, the Board or a different Board committee during the year regarding their identified enterprise risks.

The HR Committee's responsibilities include establishing, implementing and overseeing our compensation policies and programs. We have designed our compensation programs to provide an appropriate balance of risk and reward in relation to the company's overall business strategy. Please see the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular for additional information regarding why we believe that our compensation programs do not incentivize our executives to take unnecessary or excessive risks.

Separate Chairman and CEO

The roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and the CEO of our company are separate to allow for more effective oversight and to hold management more accountable.

- As Chairman, David Thomson seeks to ensure that the board operates independently of senior management. The Chairman is responsible for chairing board meetings, ensuring that the board and its committees have the necessary resources to support their work (in particular, accurate, timely and relevant information), and maintaining an effective relationship between the board and senior management.
- As CEO, Jim Smith is principally responsible for the management of the business and affairs of Thomson Reuters in accordance with the strategic plan and objectives approved by the board.

Deputy Chairman

David Binet is the board's Deputy Chairman. The Deputy Chairman works collaboratively with the Chairman and assists the Chairman in fulfilling his responsibilities. The Deputy Chairman also engages in regular dialogue with the Chairman, the CEO and the Lead Independent Director to reinforce our culture of good governance; serves as an ambassador for Thomson Reuters; and performs additional duties as may be delegated to him by the Chairman or the board from time to time.

Lead Independent Director

Vance Opperman is the board's Lead Independent Director. Among other things, responsibilities of our Lead Independent Director include chairing meetings of the independent directors; in consultation with the Chairman, Deputy Chairman and CEO, approving meeting agendas for the board; as requested, advising the CEO on the quality, quantity, appropriateness and timeliness of information sent by management to the board; and being available for consultation with the other independent directors as required.

Position Descriptions

Position descriptions for the Chairman, the chair of each committee and the Lead Independent Director have been approved by the board and help ensure the independent operations of the board and its committees.

Meetings with and without the CEO/Management

Our board begins each in-person meeting with an "in-camera" session with the CEO, but no other members of management. This is intended to give the CEO an opportunity to discuss his objectives for the day's meeting, and for directors to express preliminary observations based on their prior review of meeting materials. This permits a more effective use of time in the board meeting. A similar session is typically held with the CEO at the end of the meeting, followed by a meeting of the board without the CEO or other members of management present. Board committees also utilize "in-camera" meetings for discussions without the CEO or members of management present.

Meetings of Independent Directors

At least once each year, the board meets without the CEO and without the directors affiliated with Woodbridge. These meetings of the independent directors, which follow a regularly scheduled board meeting, are chaired by the Lead Independent Director. The Lead Independent Director develops the agenda for these meetings, although discussion has not been limited to it. The agenda generally addresses any issues that might be specific to a public corporation with a controlling shareholder. The Lead Independent Director reports to the Chairman, Deputy Chairman and the CEO on the substance of these meetings to the extent that action is appropriate or required. One meeting of the independent directors took place in 2016 which was presided over by Mr. Opperman.

Secretary

Deirdre Stanley, Executive Vice President and General Counsel, is also Secretary to the board. Directors have access to the advice and services of the Secretary.

Access to Management and Professional Advisors

The board has access to members of management and professional advisors. The board and its committees may invite any member of senior management, employee, outside advisor or other person to attend or report at any of their meetings. The board and any of its committees are able to retain an outside independent professional advisor at any time at the expense of our company and have the authority to determine the advisor's fees and other retention terms. Individual directors are able to retain an outside independent professional advisor at the expense of our company subject to notifying the Corporate Governance Committee in advance.

The HR Committee retains an independent consulting firm to advise it on compensation matters relating to senior management. The independent consulting firm also reviews executive compensation programs and provides guidance and analysis on plan design and market trends and practices. The HR Committee also utilizes and relies upon independent market survey data provided by an independent consulting firm regarding executive compensation for organizations of comparable size and scope with which Thomson Reuters is most likely to compete for executive talent. Additional information is provided in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular.

Delegation of Authority

To clarify the division of responsibility between the board and management, the board has adopted a delegation of authority policy. This policy delegates certain decision-making and operating authority to senior management and has been adopted by the board in order to enhance our internal controls and allow management appropriate flexibility to deal with certain matters without obtaining specific board approval. The board also delegates certain responsibilities to the Audit Committee, Corporate Governance Committee and HR Committee, and oversees the committees' fulfillment of their responsibilities. The responsibilities of each committee are described in more detail below.

Director Attendance

The board meets regularly in order to discharge its duties effectively. Directors are expected to attend all meetings of the board including committee meetings, if applicable, and annual meetings of shareholders. The following table provides information about the number of board and committee meetings in 2016.

	Number of Meetings
Board	6
Audit Committee	8
Corporate Governance Committee	4
HR Committee	7

Five of the board's six meetings in 2016 were held in person. One meeting related to the sale of the company's Intellectual Property & Science business was held telephonically.

The following table sets forth the attendance of our directors at board and committee meetings in 2016. In 2016, average attendance for these individuals at all board and committee meetings was 96% and approximately 95%, respectively.

	Meetings Attended							
				Corporate				
		% Board	Audit	Governance	HR	Committee		
Director	Board	Attendance	Committee	Committee	Committee	Total	Meetings	Total %
David Thomson	6 of 6	100%	-	-	-	-	6 of 6	100%
James C. Smith	6 of 6	100%	-	-	-	-	6 of 6	100%
Sheila C. Bair	6 of 6	100%	8 of 8	-	-	8 of 8	14 of 14	100%
David W. Binet	6 of 6	100%	-	4 of 4	7 of 7	11 of 11	17 of 17	100%
Mary Cirillo	5 of 6	83%	-	4 of 4	6 of 7	10 of 11	15 of 17	88%
W. Edmund Clark, C.M. ¹	5 of 6	83%	-	2 of 2	5 of 7	7 of 9	12 of 15	80%
Michael E. Daniels	6 of 6	100%	-	4 of 4	7 of 7	11 of 11	17 of 17	100%
P. Thomas Jenkins	6 of 6	100%	8 of 8	-	-	8 of 8	14 of 14	100%
Ken Olisa, OBE	6 of 6	100%	7 of 8	-	-	7 of 8	13 of 14	93%
Vance K. Opperman	6 of 6	100%	8 of 8	4 of 4	7 of 7	19 of 19	25 of 25	100%
Kristin C. Peck ²	2 of 2	100%	-	-	1 of 1	1 of 1	3 of 3	100%
Barry Salzberg	6 of 6	100%	8 of 8	-	-	8 of 8	14 of 14	100%
Peter J. Thomson	6 of 6	100%	-	-	-	-	6 of 6	100%
Wulf von Schimmelmann	5 of 6	83%	7 of 8	-	-	7 of 8	12 of 14	86%

Mr. Clark was appointed to the Corporate Governance Committee in May 2016. Ms. Peck was appointed to the board and the HR Committee in September 2016

Manvinder S. Banga served on the board between January 1, 2016 and May 11, 2016 and did not stand for re-election last year. In 2016, Mr. Banga attended three of three board meetings and five of five meetings of the HR Committee.

Controlled Company

Our company is a "controlled company" as a result of Woodbridge's ownership.

The NYSE corporate governance listing standards require a listed company to have, among other things, solely independent directors on its compensation committee and nominating/corporate governance committee. A "controlled company" (as defined by the NYSE) is a company of which more than 50% of the voting power is held by an individual, group or another company and is exempt from these requirements.

Supplemental guidelines issued by the Canadian Coalition for Good Governance (CCGG) address controlled companies. A "controlled company" (as defined by CCGG) includes corporations with a controlling shareholder who controls a sufficient number of shares to be able to elect the board of directors or to direct the management or policies of the corporation.

While a majority of members of each of the Corporate Governance Committee and the HR Committee of our company are independent, the board believes it is appropriate for Messrs. Binet and Clark, who are not considered to be independent under applicable rules because of their affiliation with Woodbridge, to serve on these committees and has approved our reliance on the NYSE's controlled company exemption to do so. CCGG has stated that it believes it is appropriate for directors who are related to the controlling shareholder to sit on these committees to bring the knowledge and perspective of the controlling shareholder to executive compensation, appointments and board nominations.

No directors affiliated with Woodbridge serve on our Audit Committee, which is required to have solely independent directors.

Board Committees

This section provides information about the board's three committees (Audit, Corporate Governance and HR), including each committee's responsibilities, members and activities in 2016. Additional information about each committee is provided below. The following table sets forth the current membership of our three board committees.

Committee Membership							
Name of Director	Audit Committee	Corporate Governance Committee	HR Committee				
Sheila C. Bair	\checkmark						
David W. Binet		\checkmark	√				
Mary Cirillo ¹		✓	✓				
W. Edmund Clark		✓	✓ (Chair)				
Michael E. Daniels		✓	✓				
P. Thomas Jenkins ¹	\checkmark						
Ken Olisa, OBE	\checkmark						
Vance K. Opperman ²	✓ (Chair)	✓ (Chair)	✓				
Kristin C. Peck			✓				
Barry Salzberg ²	\checkmark						
Wulf von Schimmelmann	√						
Total	6	5	6				

1

Ms. Cirillo and Mr. Jenkins have decided not to stand for re-election at the meeting and will no longer be committee members following the meeting in May 2017. If all of the director nominees are elected at the meeting, Mr. Salzberg will become the new Chair of the Audit Committee after the meeting and he will also join the Corporate Governance Committee. Mr. Opperman will remain a member of the Audit Committee.

Each of the board's committees has a charter. The charters are reviewed annually by the relevant committee and the Corporate Governance Committee. These charters and a committee chair position description are publicly available at www.thomsonreuters.com.

Audit Committee

Responsibilities

The Audit Committee is responsible for assisting the board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities in relation to:

- the integrity of financial statements and other financial information relating to our company;
- risk management and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- the qualifications, independence and performance of the independent auditor (PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP);
- the adequacy and effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures;
- the effectiveness of the internal audit function; and
- any additional matters delegated to the Audit Committee by the board.

In the course of fulfilling its mandate, the Audit Committee focused on several topics in 2016, which are reflected in the work plan below.

 2016 Primary Audit Committee Activities

 Review and discuss the company's annual and quarterly consolidated financial statements and related MD&A; Review our earnings press releases; Receive periodic updates from our Corporate Compliance and Audit Department on the internal audit plan and process, internal control over financial reporting and fraud-related matters; Receive periodic updates from senior management on topics such as tax, treasury, accounting and cybersecurity; Review and discuss the company's enterprise risk management (ERM) process with the General Counsel and other members of senior management, including the steps and processes taken to identify, assess, monitor and mitigate risks that are viewed as more significant; Review periodic/annual impairment testing;
 Review the scope and plans for the audit of our company's financial statements; Review the scope and plans for the audit of our company's financial statements; Review and approve fees to be paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP for its services; Discuss with PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP: its independence from Thomson Reuters (and receiving disclosures from PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP in this regard), all critical accounting policies and practices used or to be used by Thomson Reuters, all alternative treatments of financial information within IFRS that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative treatments and the treatment preferred by the auditor, and all other matters required to be communicated under IFRS.

Financial Literacy

All members of the Audit Committee are financially literate in accordance with applicable Canadian and U.S. securities rules. Messrs. Jenkins and Salzberg each qualify as an "audit committee financial expert" (within the meaning of applicable SEC rules) and meet applicable tests for accounting or related financial management expertise within the meaning of NYSE listing standards.

Audit Committee Members' Education and Experience

The following is a brief summary of the education and experience of each member of the Audit Committee that is relevant to the performance of his or her responsibilities.

Audit Committee Member	Education/Experience
Vance K. Opperman (Chair)	Former President and COO of West Publishing Company President and CEO of Key Investment, Inc. Chair of Audit Committee of Thomson Reuters for over 10 years Member of TCF Financial Corporation audit committee Represented financial institutions in securities and financial regulations matters as a practicing attorney
Sheila Bair	Former Chair of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Former Dean's Professor of Financial Regulatory Policy for the Isenberg School of Management at the University of Massachusetts-Amherst Former Assistant Secretary for Financial Institutions at the U.S. Department of the Treasury Former Senior Vice President for Government Relations of the New York Stock Exchange Former Commissioner of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
P. Thomas Jenkins ¹	Former President and CEO of OpenText Corporation Chairman of OpenText Corporation Former member of the Audit Committee of BMC Corporation
Ken Olisa	Former Interregnum PLC Chair and CEO Member of private company audit committees and former member of a public company audit committee U.K. Financial Conduct Authority approved person
Barry Salzberg	Former Global Chief Executive Officer of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited Professor at Columbia Business School Degree in accounting from Brooklyn College, a JD from Brooklyn Law School and an LLM in tax from the New York University
Wulf von Schimmelmann	Former CEO of Deutsche Postbank AG Degree in economic sciences and Ph.D in economics from University of Zurich Member of Maxingvest AG audit committee

1 Mr. Jenkins has decided not to stand for re-election at the meeting

Financial Reporting

The Audit Committee meets to discuss and review our:

- annual and quarterly earnings releases; and
- annual and guarterly management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) and related financial statements.

As is customary for a number of global multinational companies, the board of directors has delegated review and approval authority to the Audit Committee for our quarterly earnings releases, MD&A and financial statements. Following the Audit Committee's recommendation, the full board reviews and approves our annual MD&A and annual audited financial statements, as required by applicable law.

Prior to an Audit Committee meeting at which draft financial reporting documents will be discussed, a draft is distributed to the members of the Audit Committee for review and comment. The CFO and the Chief Accounting Officer and a representative from the independent auditor meet with the Chair of the Audit Committee to preview the audit-related issues which will be discussed at the Audit Committee meeting. At the Audit Committee meeting, the Chief Accounting Officer discusses the financial statements and disclosure matters and the Audit Committee meeting. At the Audit Committee meeting, the Chief Accounting Officer discusses the financial statements and disclosure matters and the Audit Committee members are given an opportunity to raise any questions or comments. The independent auditor also participates in the meeting. All of our directors are also provided with a draft and an opportunity to comment before or during the Audit Committee meeting. When the Audit Committee is satisfied with the disclosure, it provides its approval and the material is released.

For the annual report, a draft is distributed to the members of the board in advance of a board meeting for their review and approval. At the board meeting, directors are given an opportunity to raise any questions or comments.

Based upon the reports and discussions described in this circular, and subject to the limitations on the role and responsibilities of the Audit Committee in its charter, the Audit Committee recommended that our board approve the filing of the audited consolidated financial statements and related MD&A and their inclusion in our annual report for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Risk Management

The Audit Committee periodically meets with senior management to review the company's controls and policies regarding risk assessment and risk management, including the steps and process taken to monitor and control risks.

In March 2016, senior management presented an overview of its 2016 enterprise risk management (ERM) process to the Audit Committee. The overview reflected key risks identified by management and a proposed calendar of future meetings for "deep dive" reviews and discussions about specific risks (at the board or Audit Committee level).

As part of its risk management oversight responsibilities, the Audit Committee met with management in 2016 to discuss financial regulatory compliance, treasury risk management, information security and disaster recovery initiatives and the external tax environment.

Independent Auditor

The Audit Committee is responsible for selecting, evaluating and recommending for nomination the independent auditor to be proposed for appointment or re-appointment. The Audit Committee recommended that PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP be re-appointed as our independent auditor to serve until our next meeting of shareholders in 2018 and that our board submit this appointment to shareholders for approval at the 2017 annual and special meeting of shareholders. In connection with recommending PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, the Audit Committee considered the firm's provision of services to Thomson Reuters over the last year, including the performance of the lead audit engagement partner and the audit team. The Audit Committee also reviewed the appropriateness of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's fees in relation to the size of Thomson Reuters and its global footprint. The Audit Committee continues to be satisfied with PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's performance and believes that its continued retention as independent auditor is in the best interests of Thomson Reuters and its shareholders.

Throughout the year, the Audit Committee evaluates and is directly responsible for our company's relationship with PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP. The Audit Committee appoints PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as our independent auditor after reviewing and approving its engagement letter. The Audit Committee also determines PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's fees.

The Audit Committee and representatives from PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP meet several times during the year. In 2016, representatives from PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP attended each Audit Committee meeting and met with the Audit Committee in separate sessions.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is accountable to the Audit Committee and reports directly to the Audit Committee

On an annual basis, before PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP issues its report on our company's annual financial statements, the Audit Committee:

Confirms that PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP has submitted a written statement describing all of its relationships with Thomson Reuters that, in PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's professional judgment, may reasonable thought to bear on its independence;

Discusses any disclosed relationships or services, including any non-audit services, that PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP has provided to Thomson Reuters that may affect its independence;

Obtains written confirmation from PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP that it is independent with respect to Thomson Reuters within the meaning of the Rules of Professional Conduct adopted by the Ontario Institute of Chartered Accountants and the standards established by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board; and

Confirms that PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP has complied with applicable law with respect to the rotation of certain members of the audit engagement team for Thomson Reuters. The Audit Committee has also adopted a policy regarding its pre-approval of all audit and permissible non-audit services provided to our company by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.

The policy gives detailed guidance to management as to the specific types of services that have been pre-approved by the Audit Committee.

The policy requires the Audit Committee's specific pre-approval of all other permitted types of services that have not already been pre-approved.

The Audit Committee periodically reviews a summary of services provided by the independent auditor in accordance with the pre-approval policy.

The Audit Committee's charter delegates to its Chair the authority to evaluate and approve engagements in the event that the need arises for approval between Audit Committee meetings. If the Chair approves any such engagements, he must report his approval decisions to the full Audit Committee at its next meeting. For the year ended December 31, 2016, none of the audit-related, tax or all other fees of Thomson Reuters described above made use of the de minimis exception to pre-approval provisions contained in Rule 2-01(c)(7)(i)(c) of SEC Regulation S-X and Section 2.4 of the Canadian Securities Administrators' Multilateral Instrument 52-110 (Audit Committees).

Internal Audit and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with international financial reporting standards. Our company has adopted the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission guidance for implementing our internal control framework as part of compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and applicable Canadian securities law.

The Corporate Compliance and Audit department of our company, which performs an internal audit function, prepares and oversees the overall plan for our internal control over financial reporting.

Each year, Corporate Compliance and Audit identifies certain processes, entities and/or significant accounts to be within the scope of its internal control focus areas and testing for the year. In determining the proposed scope of its annual internal audit plan, the Corporate Compliance and Audit department identifies, assesses and prioritizes risk to Thomson Reuters and considers both quantitative and qualitative factors.

In the first quarter of 2016, Corporate Compliance and Audit presented an annual internal audit plan to the Audit Committee for its review and approval. The Corporate Compliance and Audit department then provided updates to the Audit Committee at meetings throughout the year. During the second half of 2016, the Corporate Compliance and Audit department tested applicable controls in order to achieve compliance with the required year-end evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal control system. Based on this evaluation, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2016. In February 2017, the Audit Committee also reviewed and discussed with PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP its review and report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting.

The head of the Corporate Compliance and Audit department reports directly to the Audit Committee (with a dotted line reporting relationship to our CFO)

Disclosure and Communications Controls and Procedures

We have adopted disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that all information required to be disclosed by us in reports and filings with Canadian and U.S. securities regulatory authorities and stock exchanges and other written and oral information that we publicly disclose is recorded, processed, summarized and reported accurately and within the time periods specified by rules and regulations of the securities regulatory authorities. These disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to ensure that this information is accumulated and communicated to management (including the CEO and CFO), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Audit Committee receives an annual update from management regarding the adequacy and effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, including the role and responsibilities of management's disclosure committee.

As required by applicable Canadian and U.S. securities laws, our CEO and CFO provide certifications that they have reviewed our annual and quarterly reports, that the reports contain no untrue statements or omissions of material facts and that the reports fairly present our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, the CEO and CFO make certifications regarding our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. Our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2016.

On a day-to-day basis, inquiries or other communications from shareholders, analysts and the media to management are answered by our investor relations and media relations departments or referred to another appropriate person in our company.

Senior executives meet regularly with financial analysts and institutional investors, and our earnings conference calls are broadcast live via webcast and are accessible to interested shareholders, the media and members of the public. Presentations given by senior executives at investor conferences are promptly made public in the "Investor Relations" section of our website. Some of our non-management directors have attended our Investor Day meetings with analysts and major shareholders.

Whistleblower Policy

The Audit Committee has adopted procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by our company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, auditing matters, and disclosure controls and procedures, as well as procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission of concerns by our employees regarding questionable accounting, internal accounting matters or disclosure controls and procedures. These procedures are set forth in the Thomson Reuters Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, which is described earlier in this circular.

Corporate Governance Committee

The Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for assisting the board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities in relation to:

- our company's overall approach to corporate governance;
- the size, composition and structure of the Thomson Reuters board and its committees, including the nomination of directors;
- orientation and continuing education for directors;
- related party transactions and other matters involving actual or potential conflicts of interest; and
- any additional matters delegated to the Corporate Governance Committee by the board.

The following table sets forth the Corporate Governance Committee's work plan for 2016.

2016 Primary Corporate Governance Committee Activities

- Review size, composition and structure of the board for effective decision-making
- Assess director independence, financial literacy and audit committee financial expert status Report on the results of board, committee and director review processes Nomination of directors for the annual meeting and appointment of a new director later in the year
- Review director compensation Review of corporate governance guidelines and committee charters

- Review committee composition and chairs Board succession planning Review external analysis of proxy circular and other shareholder group assessments
- Plan board, committee and director assessments Review compliance with Thomson Reuters Trust Principles

Report on effectiveness of Thomson Reuters Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

Periodically

- Review orientation and continuing education initiatives for directors Review position descriptions for Board Review related party transactions and conflicts of interest
- Review related party transactions and conflicts of interest Monitor developments in corporate governance and recommend appropriate initiatives as part of overail approach to governance Consider agenda for meeting of independent directors Review Board and CEO expenses Review delegation of authority Review share ownership expectations and compliance Approval of any waivers of Code of Business Conduct and Ethics Monitor relationships between senior management and the Board Be available as a forum for addressing the concerns of individual directors Review D&O insurance

Skills and Experiences of Directors

We believe that our board reflects an appropriate mix of directors with different skills and experiences. The following table, or skills matrix, summarizes the skills and areas of experience indicated by each director nominee proposed to be elected at the annual and special meeting of shareholders. Our board believes that these skills and experiences are necessary for it to carry out its mandate. The Corporate Governance Committee takes our skills matrix into consideration when identifying potential new director candidates. The skills matrix is reviewed and updated annually.

	David Thomson	James C. Smith	Sheila C. Bair	David W. Binet	W. Edmund Clark, C.M.	Michael E. Daniels	Ken Olisa, OBE	Vance K. Opperman	Kristin C. Peck	Barry Salzberg	Peter J. Thomson	Wulf von Schimmelmann
Accounting/Audit			Х				Х	Х		Х		х
Board experience												
(with other												
companies)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х
Corporate governance	×	х	x	х	Х	х	х	х		х	х	Х
Corporate social												
responsibility (CSR)	×	×	×	×	х	x	x	x	x	x		х
Executive	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~		~
leadership	x	X	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х		х
Finance		X	X	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Government relations/public sector			×		х	x	x	x	x	x		
Human												
Resources	X	X		X	х	Х		Х	Х	Х		х
Industries in which Thomson Reuters Business												
Units operate	X	X	X	X	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х
International business	×	×	x	×	x	x	x	x	x	х	x	х
Investment												
management	Х			Х	Х		Х	Х			Х	
Legal			Х	X				Х		Х		
A&M		Х		Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Media/Publishing	Х	Х	X	Х				Х			Х	
Operations	X	X	X		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		X
Risk management	×		x		x	x	x	×		х		X
Sales &												
Marketing	X	Х				Х	Х	Х	Х			
Strategy	X	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Tax					Х			Х		Х		
Technology		Х				Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	х

Director Qualifications, Recruitment, Board Size and Appointments

The Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for assessing the skills and competencies of current directors, their anticipated tenure and the need for new directors. The Corporate Governance Committee retains a professional search firm to assist it in identifying and evaluating potential director candidates. Through its search firm, the Corporate Governance Committee maintains an evergreen list of potential director candidates.

The Corporate Governance Committee recommends candidates for initial board membership and board members for re-nomination. Recommendations are based on character, integrity, judgment, skills and competencies, business experience, record of achievement and any other attributes that would enhance the board and overall management of the business and affairs of our company. Diversity is among these other attributes as the Corporate Governance Committee believes that having a diverse board enhances board operations. While the Corporate Governance Committee focuses on finding the best qualified candidates for the board, a nominee's diversity may be considered favorably in his or her assessment. The Corporate Governance Committee does not specifically define diversity, but values diversity of thought, style, experience, culture, race, color, gender, geographic background, national origin, religion, gender identity and expression, sexual orientation, disability and age.

In identifying candidates for election or re-election, the board and the Corporate Governance Committee consider the level of representation of women on the board. Two of the 12 director nominees proposed for election (approximately 17%) at this year's meeting are women. When the Corporate Governance Committee engages a professional search firm to help identify and evaluate director candidates, the search firm is advised that identifying women candidates is one of the board's priorities (along with directors that have technology background and experience). According to the 2016 Annual Report Card of the Canadian Board Diversity Council, approximately 21.6% of all directors of the largest 500 Canadian public companies were women.

The Corporate Governance Committee looks at the totality of factors that would enhance the board and overall management of the business and affairs of our company. Therefore, it has not adopted a formal written policy to identify or nominate women directors or targets for the percentage of women directors as the board does not focus on fixed numbers or percentages for any selection criteria.

New Director in 2016

The Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for identifying additional candidates to the board as part of succession planning. The Corporate Governance Committee believes that ideal candidates should have experience and competencies that would complement existing members of the board. The Corporate Governance Committee utilizes a global search firm to frame and conduct a search for candidates. In 2016, Kristin Peck was identified as a possible board member. In evaluating Ms. Peck's profile, the Corporate Governance Committee as President of U.S. operations at Zoetis, a NYSE listed company. The Corporate Governance Committee also felt that Ms. Peck would bring knowledge about strategic planning, innovation and human resources to our board.

Ms. Peck met with David Thomson (Chairman), David Binet (Deputy Chairman) and Vance Opperman (Lead Independent Director and Corporate Governance Committee Chair) in order to gauge her appropriateness for our board and her interest in it. In September 2016, the Corporate Governance Committee recommended to our board that Ms. Peck be appointed. The board accepted the Corporate Governance Committee's recommendation and appointed her on September 14, 2016. As part of her appointment, Ms. Peck joined our board's HR Committee.

Director Orientation and Continuing Education

All new directors are provided with an orientation upon election or appointment to the board, which includes:

- Induction materials describing our business, our corporate governance structure and related policies and information; and
- Meetings with the Chairman, Lead Independent Director, CEO, CFO and other executives

Just prior to her appointment to the board in September 2016, Ms. Peck was invited as a guest to attend a regularly scheduled meeting of the HR Committee. Ms. Peck also met the board on the day she was appointed which provided her with an opportunity to get to know other directors. In connection with her appointment, Ms. Peck had her own director orientation sessions, which included meetings with several members of the CEO's executive committee and product demos.

The board's secure website, management reports and other means of communication provide directors with information to ensure their knowledge and understanding of our business remain current.

Largely in connection with board and committee meetings, members of senior management prepare memoranda and presentations on strategic and operating matters which are distributed to the directors. These board papers are often prepared in connection with matters that require director approval under our policies or applicable law and are also used to inform the directors about developments that senior management believe should be brought to the directors' attention. The board also periodically receives reports on other non-operational matters, including corporate governance, taxation, pension and treasury matters.

To facilitate ongoing education, the directors are entitled to attend external continuing education opportunities at the expense of Thomson Reuters. The Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for confirming that procedures are in place and resources are made available to provide directors with appropriate continuing education opportunities. As part of our most recent board effectiveness review process, directors indicated they were pleased to continue on this basis.

Site Visits

In 2016, the Corporate Governance Committee continued its director continuing education/orientation program by facilitating visits by directors to a Thomson Reuters site. The board coordinates the timing of these site visits to coincide with regularly scheduled board meetings. This allows substantially all of the directors to participate in the site visits at the same time and then attend a board meeting as part of one trip. The visits are designed to:

- Enable directors to update themselves first hand on our key businesses, products and services;
- Provide an opportunity for directors to interact with key executives, high potential talent and customers; and
- Give a broader selection of current and future executives the opportunity to meet directors.

In March 2016, the board held a meeting and had a site visit in Sao Paulo, Brazil.

Feedback on this program from directors and location hosts has been positive and it is expected to continue in 2017.

Conflicts of Interest and Transactions Involving Directors or Officers

In the case of any potential or actual conflict of interest, each director is required to inform the board and executive officers are required to inform the CEO. We also ask our directors and executive officers about potential or actual conflicts of interest in annual questionnaires. Our policies on conflicts of interest are reflected in our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, our Corporate Governance Guidelines and in supplemental guidance that the board approved in 2016.

Unless otherwise expressly determined by the board or relevant committee of the board, a director who has a conflict of interest in a matter before the board or such committee must not receive or review any written materials related to the conflict subject area, nor may the director attend any part of a meeting during which the matter is discussed or participate in any vote on the matter, except where the board or the applicable committee has expressly determined that it is appropriate for him or her to do so. Significant related party transactions are considered by the Corporate Governance Committee or, where appropriate, a special committee of independent directors or the full board. If a director has a significant, ongoing and irreconcilable conflict, voluntary resignation from the board or the conflicting interest may be appropriate or required.

For more information about related party transactions in the last two years, please see the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) section of our 2016 annual report.

Board Effectiveness Review

The Corporate Governance Committee oversees an annual review of the effectiveness of the board, its committees and individual directors. The Lead Independent Director (who is also the Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee) meets individually with each director during the year. The Lead Independent Director subsequently provides an update to the Corporate Governance Committee regarding his discussions with individual directors.

From time to time, director questionnaires or surveys are sent to members of the board to seek feedback and input on the board's and committees' supervision of senior management, strategic planning, risk management, financial reporting, disclosure, governance as well as on the conduct and effectiveness of board and committee meetings. Results from questionnaires/surveys are initially discussed with the Corporate Governance Committee and an update is provided to the board.

Annually, the board reviews its responsibilities by assessing our corporate governance guidelines and each committee of the board performs an annual review of its charter. The Corporate Governance Committee also reviews various position descriptions on an annual basis.

The Corporate Governance Committee believes that each director continues to be effective and that each director has demonstrated a commitment to his or her role on the board and its committees. Based on the Corporate Governance Committee's recommendations, the board recommends that all of the director nominees be elected at the meeting to be held on May 3, 2017, as each of them continues to bring valuable skills and experience to the board and its committees.

HR Committee

The HR Committee is responsible for assisting the board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities in relation to:

- the compensation of the CEO and senior management;
- the selection and retention of senior management;
- planning for the succession of senior management;
- talent and professional development initiatives for senior management;
- diversity initiatives;
- the management of pension and significant benefit plans for employees; and
- any additional matters delegated to the HR Committee by the board.

The following table provides an overview of the HR Committee's work plan for 2016.

Compensation review for the CEO and other members of his executive committee	Review of employee engagement survey results
Annual individual performance evaluation of the CEO and review of evaluations of other members of his	Review of global executive development program
executive committee	Review of CEO position description
Approval of 2015 annual and long-term incentive award payouts	Review of senior management's share ownership guidelines
Approval of 2016 annual and long-term incentive awards and targets	Annual talent review process
Approval of compensation disclosure in the annual management proxy circular	Annual succession planning review
	Review of proposed international assignment packages for the CEO
	and CEQ
	Periodic consideration of certain new senior executive hirings and terminations

The following is a brief summary of the experience of each member of the HR Committee that is relevant to the performance of his or her responsibilities. In May 2016, Mr. Clark became the new Chair of the HR Committee. Ms. Cirillo previously served as Chair of the HR Committee.

HR Committee Member	Le contracte la contracte de la contra
David W. Binet	Former member of the Compensation Committee of CTV Globemedia Secretary to the Thomson Reuters HR Committee for 12 years
Mary Cirillo ¹	Current member of the Compensation Committee of ACE Former member of the Compensation Committees of Quest Diagnostics and HCPI Former CEO of several business subsidiaries and managed thousands of employees
W. Edmund Clark, C.M. (Chair)	Former Group President and Chief Executive Officer of TD Bank Group Familiarity with global compensation standards
Michael E. Daniels	Over 25 years of executive experience at IBM Familiarity with global compensation standards
Vance K. Opperman	Former President and COO of West Publishing Company President and CEO of Key Investment, Inc.
Kristin C. Peck	President of U.S. operations at Zoetis and member of leadership team Former member of Pfizer executive leadership team and HR leadership team
1 Mc. Civilla bac desided not to stand for re-alection at the meetin	

1 Ms. Cirillo has decided not to stand for re-election at the meeting

Compensation Planning

The HR Committee's responsibilities include establishing, implementing and overseeing our compensation policies and programs. A detailed discussion of the HR Committee's responsibilities in this area is provided in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular.

CEO Performance Evaluation and Objectives Setting

The HR Committee assists the board in setting objectives each year for the CEO. The HR Committee evaluates the performance of the CEO against these objectives at year end. The HR Committee reports to the full board on the objectives for the forthcoming year and the performance against objectives in the preceding year. The HR Committee also maintains a written position description for the CEO.

Succession Planning, Talent Management and Diversity

The HR Committee oversees succession planning and talent management by devoting significant time reviewing our practices and progress with the CEO and Chief People Officer. The HR Committee focuses on the performance of the senior leadership team as well as talent management activities, particularly succession plans and the pipeline for the most senior leadership roles. In addition to a formal annual review of succession plans, the HR Committee deepens its knowledge of potential successors through in-depth executive assessments and systematic exposure to high potential individuals.

We seek to have talent management activities well embedded in Thomson Reuters. The leadership team of each business unit and function is expected to review its bench strength, pipeline and succession plans in light of its proposed business strategy and identify actions to develop potential successors and to reduce any gaps in the pipeline. This exercise is traditionally carried out at least annually at our company, in addition to ongoing review of progress on development actions. The CEO and the Chief People Officer review succession and action plans for more senior leadership roles and they also identify organization-wide opportunities, challenges and risks. The CEO and Chief People Officer also review and approve the overall talent strategy for our company, including sponsoring key development programs and experiences to build a robust, global and diverse leadership bench. Our talent management program focuses not only on the most senior executives, but places increasing emphasis on identifying and developing high potential individuals who are not yet in senior leadership roles.

We believe that the diversity of our talents, ideas and experiences is a true strength at Thomson Reuters. At Thomson Reuters, we foster an inclusive workplace where all employees are valued and have the opportunity to reach their full potential. To drive innovation and deliver competitive advantage, we embrace diversity of thought, style, experience, culture, race, color, gender, national origin, religion, gender identity and expression, sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, citizen status and veteran status.

We recognize that diversity enhances culture and creates value for employees, customers and shareholders. We are actively engaged in promoting diversity to enrich culture and foster innovation through diversity of thought and perspective and embedding it into our broader talent management programs in order to deliver and drive business results.

Thomson Reuters is committed to global equality, diversity and inclusivity for all employees. We recognize and celebrate differences in gender, while working towards equal representation at all levels of our business. We do this because an open and inclusive culture drives increased engagement, productivity, innovation and economic growth. We believe diverse organizations perform better and our employees and customers expect this.

We have been strengthening our culture of inclusion through a variety of strategic initiatives, including:

Business Resource Groups – With local chapters around the globe, our Business Resource Groups create awareness and understanding of the diverse backgrounds and experiences represented throughout our business. These groups partner with the business to support professional development, assist with recruitment and retention, identify unique market opportunities and help drive business development. These groups include the Asian Affinity Network, Black Employee Network, Early Careers Network, Global Disability Employee Network, Latino Employee Network, Pride at Work (for Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender Employees & Friends), Veterans Network and Women @ Thomson Reuters.

Thomson Reuters Diversity & Inclusion Index – The launch of the Diversity & Inclusion (D&I) Index in September reinforces Thomson Reuters vision of delivering news, information and analytics to the global financial and corporate communities. The

D&I Index uses 24 metrics across four key categories: Diversity, Inclusion, People Development and News Controversies to create a ranking of the top 100 most diverse and inclusive global publicly traded companies. The index ratings are supported by Thomson Reuters environmental, social, and governance (ESG) data, designed to transparently and objectively measure the relative performance of over 5,000 companies and provide clients with differentiated insight.

Women's Advisory Task Force – Chaired by our CEO, the Women's Advisory Task Force is focused on increasing the number of women in leadership roles through targeted leadership development programs, career sponsorship opportunities and positioning Thomson Reuters as a premier company for women.

Career Sponsorship Program – Led by our CEO's executive committee, the Career Sponsorship Program focuses on our senior high potential female leaders identified through talent reviews. The program is designed to accelerate their growth, enhance their network and position them for career success. Over 90% of Career Sponsorship Program participants have had one or more lateral movements or promotions.

Leadership Program for Women – This program is focused on developing high potential women leaders by enhancing leadership skills, sharing strategies for business success and networking with and learning from other Thomson Reuters leaders. Since its launch in 2012, 187 women have participated. Women who completed this program have higher retention and engagement rates compared to those who have not attended and over 96% report being better equipped to advance their careers at Thomson Reuters.

Emerging Women in Leadership – This program is designed for early career high potential women, aims to help participants realize their strengths, enhance their ability to manage challenging situations and gain clarity on career goals and direction. Since its launch in 2011, over 470 women have participated in this program.

Diversity & Inclusion Councils – Our diversity and inclusion councils play a crucial role in aligning our global diversity and inclusion strategy with regional and functional priorities. These councils also help ensure diversity and inclusion events are relevant, culturally appropriate and focused on the business needs of a particular location.

Learning Focus – From new hire orientation to management and leadership training to an online training and resources, we focus on developing global mindsets and creating an understanding of diversity and inclusion throughout our organization. As of the end of 2016, 90% of our employees had completed our online diversity and inclusion e-learning training program which highlights the business case for diversity and inclusion, underscores the impact of micro-inequities and demonstrates how to create an inclusive workplace. Additionally, as of year-end 2016, approximately 2,850 managers had completed training on unconscious bias and more than 6,600 employees had increased their intercultural agility through training.

Measurement – Our diversity and inclusion strategy is reviewed annually to ensure progress and alignment with the overall business goals. Additionally, we monitor results around external awards and benchmarking; employee engagement; completion of training; participation in global events and campaigns; and diverse representation including gender and racial/ethnic minorities.

Our talent management program focuses not only on the most senior executives, but places increasing emphasis on identifying and developing high potential individuals who are not yet in senior leadership roles.

As of March 1, 2017, 67 of our 230 global senior executives were women (approximately 29%). When we have openings or new roles, slates are expected to have diverse representation, meaning at least one difference in ethnicity or gender. Currently, three of the 13 members of the CEO's executive committee (23%) are women. Our Financial & Risk business is our major subsidiary. Two of the nine members of the Executive Leadership Team of our Financial & Risk business (approximately 22%) are women. Four of the 16 members of the Executive Leadership Team of the Executive Leadership Team of our Legal business (25%) are women, including its President, Susan Taylor Martin.

We are committed to ongoing progress in creating a fair and equitable environment at Thomson Reuters and are striving to have a minimum of 40% female representation in senior leadership roles globally.

The HR Committee's annual review includes an update on these wider-reaching and longer-term activities in addition to the focus on succession planning and other talent management activities.

About our Independent Auditor

HIGHLIGHTS

We are proposing to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (U.S.) as our independent auditor for another year until the 2018 annual meeting of shareholders.

The board unanimously recommends that PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (U.S.) be appointed as the auditor of our company, to hold office until the next annual meeting of shareholders. It is also recommended that the board be authorized to fix the remuneration of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (U.S.).

The following table sets forth fees related to services rendered by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP and its affiliates in 2016 and 2015. The increase in 2016 compared to 2015 was primarily due to a complex, global carve-out audit for the sale of our Intellectual Property & Science business.

(in millions of U.S. dollars)	2016	2015*
Audit fees	\$ 21.2	\$ 22.4
Audit-related fees	13.6	3.3
Tax fees	3.6	2.4
All other fees	0.2	0.2
Total	\$ 38.6	\$ 28.3

2015 fee amounts have been updated from the amounts disclosed in last year's proxy circular to reflect approximately \$100,000 of additional approved audit fees identified by PricewaterhouseCoopers which related to the year ended December 31, 2015.

The following are descriptions of fees for services rendered by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP in 2016 and 2015.

Audit Fees

These audit fees were for professional services rendered for the audits of consolidated financial statements, reviews of interim financial statements included in periodic reports, audits related to internal control over financial reporting, statutory audits and services that generally only the independent auditor can reasonably provide, such as comfort letters and consents. These services included French translations of our financial statements, MD&A and financial information included in our interim and annual filings and prospectuses and other offering documents.

Audit-related Fees

These audit-related fees were for assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of the financial statements and are not reported under the "audit fees" category above. These services included subsidiary carve-out audits (including for the sale of our Intellectual Property & Science business), transaction due diligence, SSAE 16 engagements, licensing of technical research material, audits of various employee benefit plans and agreed-upon procedures principally related to executive compensation reporting in the management proxy circular.

Tax Fees

Tax fees were for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning. These services included the preparation and review of corporate and expatriate tax returns, assistance with tax audits and transfer pricing matters, advisory services relating to federal, state, provincial and international tax compliance, and restructurings, mergers and acquisitions.

All Other Fees

Fees disclosed in the tables above under the item "all other fees" were for services other than the audit fees, audit-related fees and tax fees described above. These services include independent benchmarking services and IT information security assessments.

Pre-approval Policies and Procedures

Information regarding our policy regarding pre-approval of all audit and permissible non-audit services is set forth in the corporate governance disclosure included earlier in this circular.

Stock Incentive Plan Amendment

HIGHLIGHTS

We are proposing an amendment to the Thomson Reuters stock incentive plan to increase the maximum number of common shares issuable under the plan by 22 million shares.

You are being asked to approve an amendment to the Thomson Reuters stock incentive plan. We issue RSUs and stock options under the plan as part of long-term incentive awards and other special equity awards. The plan was originally adopted in 2000 with a maximum of 20 million shares that could be issued under it. We subsequently amended and restated the plan in 2008 in connection with our company's acquisition of Reuters and the maximum number of shares issuable under the plan was increased at that time to 50 million. We have not increased the maximum number of shares issuable under the plan was increased at that time to 50 million.

The plan requires shareholder approval to increase the maximum number of shares that can be issued under it. On March 1, 2017, the board approved an amendment to the plan to increase the number of common shares authorized for issuance from 50 million to 72 million. This approval was made subject to approval by the Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX) and by our shareholders at the meeting. The TSX subsequently approved the proposed increase in the number of shares under the plan, subject to receipt of shareholder approval and the filing of customary documentation. We believe that the number of additional shares proposed to be added to the plan at this time aligns with institutional shareholder guidelines related to equity compensation plans for Canadian companies listed on the TSX.

We believe that our equity grant practices are conservative relative to applicable benchmarks and our compensation peer group

On March 1, 2017, the HR Committee also approved various amendments which did not require shareholder approval, such as adding a limit in the plan on the number of shares that can be issued in connection with "full value" awards (which include TRSUs and PRSUs, but not stock options). The HR Committee also approved a change to the plan so that any amendments to the amending provisions of the plan will require shareholder approval. Shareholder approval will also be required in the future under the plan for any amendment to remove or to exceed the insider participation limit under the plan (as defined in the TSX Company Manual, as amended from time to time), and to increase the number of shares available for issuance in connection with PRSU and TRSU awards. The HR Committee also removed general discretionary authority previously provided to it for transfers of plan awards. Under the current plan, transfers of awards are only possible by will or the laws of descent and distribution, a transfer by a participant to an entity which is controlled by a participant or a transfer to a former spouse or domestic partner of a participant in connection with a legal obligation or settlement.

We estimate that adding 22 million common shares to the plan's reserve should allow us to have sufficient shares in the plan to cover new RSUs and stock options granted in the next four years.

	As of March 17, 2017	Pro forma, if 22 million more common shares had been included in the plan's reserve as of March 17, 2017
Common shares issued under the plan	34,138,739(1)	34,138,739
Common shares remaining for issuance	15,861,261	37,861,261
Stock options and RSUs outstanding	17,850,191	17,850,191
Common shares remaining for issuance less outstanding stock options and RSUs	(1,998,930)(2)	20,011,070
Common shares issued and outstanding	723,813,116	723,813,116
Potential Dilution – the total number of all stock options and RSUs available for		
issue plus all stock options and RSUs outstanding, divided by the total weighted		
average of common shares outstanding during the period ended March 17, 2017		
of 727,416,673	2.18%	5.20%

(1)

Of the 34,138,739 common shares reflected as being issued under the plan as of March 17, 2017, only 17,529,076 common shares have been actually issued due to net settlement of RSUs and various stock options. When RSUs vest or stock options are exercised, our company deducts the gross amount of the underlying securities from the plan's share reserve. Of the 17,850,191 outstanding stock options and RSUs as of March 17, 2017, 10,393,341 were stock options and 7,456,850 were RSUs. 2,460,439 of the stock options were granted on March 1, 2017 as part of long-term incentive awards. Although the number of outstanding stock options and RSUs was greater than the number of common shares remaining for issuance as of March 17, 2017, our company may elect, in our sole discretion, to settle the stock options shares purchased on the open market. Our historical practice has been to issue new common shares from treasury when stock options are exercised and we would expect to do so for the 2017 stock options if this item is approved at the meeting. (2)

We believe that our equity grant practices are conservative relative to applicable benchmarks and our compensation peer group. Based on our analysis of our plan and publicly available information related to our disclosed compensation peer group, if an additional 22 million shares are added to the plan, the potential dilution would be 5.20% based on the total number of common shares, stock options and RSUs outstanding as of March 17, 2017. That would place Thomson Reuters in the bottom quartile of our disclosed compensation peer group for this measure. The following table provides information as of the end of each year indicated related to the stock incentive plan's share usage, burn rates and potential dilution.

	As of December 31,		
	2016	2015	2014
Share usage - the total number of stock options and RSUs issued in the applicable year, divided by the total weighted average			
of common shares outstanding during the year	0.69%	0.60%	0.50%
Burn rate - the total number of stock options and RSUs (converted to option equivalent at a ratio of 3:1) issued in the applicable			
year, divided by the total weighted average of common shares outstanding during the year	1.34%	1.13%	1.08%
Potential Dilution – the total number of all stock options and RSUs available for issue plus all stock options and RSUs			
outstanding, divided by the total weighted average of common shares outstanding during the year	2.43%	2.98%	3.32%

Additional information about the plan is provided in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular as well as Appendix A to this circular. A copy of the plan has been filed with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities at www.sedar.com and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission through EDGAR at www.sec.gov.

The board unanimously recommends that you vote FOR the following resolution:

"RESOLVED, that the shareholders approve an amendment to the Thomson Reuters stock incentive plan to increase the maximum number of shares reserved for issue under the plan by 22 million to 72 million and that any director or officer be and is hereby authorized and directed to execute and deliver for and in the name of and on behalf the Corporation, under its corporate seal or otherwise, all such certificates, instruments, agreements, documents and notices and to do all such other acts and things as in such person's opinion may be necessary or desirable to give effect to the foregoing.'

Advisory Resolution on Executive Compensation (Say On Pay)

HIGHLIGHTS

We are proposing a non-binding advisory "say on pay" resolution related to executive compensation.

This is a recommended best practice of the Canadian Coalition for Good Governance (CCGG).

We plan to continue holding this advisory vote on an annual basis.

Our overall philosophy regarding executive compensation is to pay for performance. We believe this drives our management team to achieve higher levels of results for the benefit of Thomson Reuters and our shareholders. In the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular, we explain our compensation principles, how we design our compensation program and why we pay each component of compensation.

As part of our dialogue with shareholders about our executive compensation programs, we are once again proposing a "say on pay" advisory resolution for this year's meeting (as we have done since 2008). An identical resolution was approved by approximately 99% of the votes cast at last year's annual meeting of shareholders.

As this is an advisory resolution, the results will not be binding upon the board. However, the board will take voting results into account, as appropriate, when considering future compensation policies, procedures and decisions and in determining whether there is a need to significantly increase its engagement with shareholders on compensation-related matters.

We will disclose the results of the shareholder advisory resolution as part of our report on voting results for the meeting.

Shareholders with questions about our compensation programs are encouraged to contact our Investor Relations department by e-mail at investor.relations@thomsonreuters.com or by phone at 1.646.223.4000.

The board unanimously recommends that you vote FOR the following resolution:

"RESOLVED, on an advisory basis, and not to diminish the role and responsibilities of the board of directors, that the shareholders accept the approach to executive compensation as described in the 2017 management proxy circular."

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

HIGHLIGHTS

This section explains our compensation principles, how we design our compensation program, why we pay each component of compensation and what we paid to our "named executive officers" in 2016.

Our "named executive officers" are our CEO (Jim Smith), CFO (Stephane Bello) and the three other most highly compensated executive officers as of December 31, 2016 (Deirdre Stanley – Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary; Neil T. Masterson – Executive Vice President and Chief Transformation Officer; and Brian L. Scanlon – Executive Vice President and Chief Strategy Officer).

"Pay for performance" is a key part of our compensation philosophy for our named executive officers. Their compensation is primarily variable and performance-based, utilizing multiple and complementary financial measures that are aligned with our strategy and which drive shareholder value.

Our Key Compensation Principles

Pay for performance is the foundation of our executive compensation

- Incentive performance goals are linked to key measures of our company's performance and strategy
- Our executives should accumulate and retain equity in our company to align their interests with our shareholders
- We pay competitive compensation
- Our compensation programs take risk into account and do not encourage unnecessary or excessive risk taking

Later in this compensation discussion and analysis, we describe how each of these key compensation principles drives our executive management team to achieve higher levels of results for the benefit of Thomson Reuters and our shareholders.

2016 Financial Performance

2016 was a year of continued progress executing against our operating and financial plans. Our company's organic revenue growth was positive for the second consecutive year and our Financial business returned to revenue growth (before the impact of currency) in the second half of the year. Our core Legal and Tax & Accounting businesses also performed strongly in 2016.

Along with fueling growth, improving productivity and profitability is at the core of our strategy. In 2016, our internal initiatives led to further efficiency gains and greater savings.

We also remained focused in 2016 on continuing to provide an attractive return to shareholders through improved operating performance, an increased annualized dividend and share repurchases. Our business continued to generate significant free cash flow in 2016, which we are utilizing to both invest in the company and deliver value to shareholders through returns.

2016 was the fifth consecutive year that we met or exceeded each of the performance metrics in our external financial outlook. We originally communicated a full-year outlook in February 2016 which was updated in November 2016 to account for planned fourth-quarter charges of between \$200 million and \$250 million related to the simplification and streamlining of our business. We subsequently incurred \$212 million of charges in the fourth quarter. The table below compares our actual performance to our

outlook as originally communicated and as updated to exclude charges from adjusted EBITDA margin and underlying operating profit margin.

Financial Measures (1)	2016 Outlook (2)	2016 PERFORMANCE
Revenues Excluding Financial & Risk's recoveries revenues	Low single digit growth Between 2% and 3%	1% increase √ 2% increase
Adjusted EBITDA margin	Between 25% and 26%	25.5%
Adjusted EBITDA margin, excluding charges	Between 27.3% and 28.3%	27.6%
Jnderlying operating profit margin Underlying operating profit margin, excluding charges	Between 16% and 17% Between 18.4% and 19.4%	16.5% 🖌
Free cash flow	Between \$1.7 billion and \$1.9 billion	\$2.0 billion 🖌

(1) This information includes non-IFRS financial measures. Please refer to Appendix A of the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of our 2016 annual report for additional information on these non-IFRS financial measures, including how we define each of them and how we calculate them.

(2) The 2016 Outlook and 2016 performance were measured at constant currency rates relative to 2015, except for the 2016 free cash flow performance which was reflected at actual currency rates. Foreign currency had a favorable impact on actual adjusted EBITDA and underlying operating profit margins. Actual adjusted EBITDA and underlying operating profit margins were 26.5% and 17.3% including the charges, and 28.4% and 19.2% excluding the charges, respectively. Adjusted EPS, which is a component of our long-term incentive awards, is not reflected in the table above as we did not provide an external financial outlook for that measure in

Adjusted EPS, which is a component of our long-term incentive awards, is not reflected in the table above as we did not provide an external financial outlook for that measure in 2016. Excluding the fourth-quarter charges and on a constant currency basis, our adjusted EPS increased 12% in 2016.

2016 Compensation and Alignment with our Strategic Objectives

severance charges of \$212 million.

Our executive compensation program is designed to be aligned with our strategic objectives and financial performance. In 2016, we executed against our strategic priorities for the year as follows:



Accelerate Organic Revenue Growth. We used cost savings generated by our efficiency initiatives to fund investments in faster growing businesses and we focused our efforts on customer retention and new sales in our core markets. As a result, our revenues grew 1% on a constant currency basis, representing the second consecutive year of organic revenue growth for our overall business. Our Financial & Risk segment achieved revenue growth in the second half of the year, despite the continued decline in recoveries revenues. While lower transaction revenues in our Legal segment and challenges in the Government business of our Tax & Accounting segment negatively impacted revenues, the core subscription portions of these businesses generated strong revenue growth throughout the year.

Improve profitability. We continued to transform our company from a portfolio of individual businesses into a more integrated enterprise through investments that drive scale, cooperation and synergies. At the beginning of 2016, we created a new Enterprise Technology & Operations (ET&O) group to drive operational efficiency. ET&O centralized more than 10 functions (most notably, our technology functions, operations centers, real estate and sourcing) into a single Enterprise team. In particular, our ET&O group is enabling our company to better leverage our scale in connection with our technology platforms, data centers and real estate. While we achieved significant benefits from our productivity improvements, we used the savings to invest in faster growing businesses. As a result, our adjusted EBITDA margin improved 20bp in constant currency, excluding the fourth quarter



Consistent Capital Strategy. We continued to execute a consistent capital strategy, balancing reinvestment in our core businesses with return of capital to our shareholders through dividends and share repurchases. In 2016, we generated \$2.0 billion of free cash flow. Additionally, we sold our Intellectual Property & Science business for gross proceeds of \$3.55 billion. We returned \$2.7 billion to shareholders during the year through share repurchases and dividends. Decisions regarding share repurchases depend on factors such as market conditions, share price and other opportunities to invest capital for growth. Any dividends that we declare on our shares take into account all factors that our board considers relevant, including our available cash flow, financial condition and capital requirements. Our target dividend payout ratio is 40% to 50% of annual free cash flow over the long term. In February 2016, we increased our dividend for the 23rd consecutive year.

Highlights of our 2016 Compensation Program

The HR Committee of our board structured our 2016 compensation program in a way that was consistent with our strategic objectives. 2016 named executive officer compensation continued to be weighted heavily towards annual and long-term performance-based incentive awards, supplemented by fixed base salaries and pension/benefit programs.

Base salaries

In 2016, our company's standard merit increase in the United States for employee base salaries was 3.2% (effective on April 1 of the year). Individual base salary increases for each of our named executive officers are discussed later in this compensation discussion and analysis.

Annual incentive awards

Annual incentive awards were granted in the first quarter of 2016 with ambitious performance targets that had financial metrics which were aligned with our company's external outlook for the year. In February 2016, we provided an external outlook for our full-year revenues, adjusted EBITDA margin, underlying operating profit margin and free cash flow. We weighted 2016 annual incentive awards 50% on revenue performance and 50% on adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures performance as both metrics were equally important to achieving our financial objectives for the year. We updated our outlook in November to reflect \$200 million to \$250 million of severance charges.

In February 2017, we reported our 2016 full-year results. Although we met our 2016 financial outlook, our results were slightly below plan performance. Aligned with our pay for performance philosophy, this resulted in an annual incentive cash payout in March 2017 of approximately 83% of target for our named executive officers (who received awards based fully on our company's consolidated performance). As discussed below, Mr. Masterson's annual incentive cash payout was subsequently modified upwards based on his individual performance in 2016.

Long-term incentive awards

Long-term incentive awards granted in 2016 to our named executive officers were 100% performance-based and delivered in a combination of performance restricted share units (PRSUs) and stock options. We continued to use traditional, best practice design elements such as a three-year performance period with a payout linked to achievement of key corporate financial metrics. PRSUs granted in 2016 for the three-year period ending December 31, 2018 were weighted equally between average adjusted earnings per share (EPS) and average free cash flow per share. Adjusted EPS is commonly used by our shareholders to measure our long-term financial success and free cash flow per share is used over the long term to measure our ability to create value for our shareholders through disciplined cash flow management. Named executive officers were also granted stock options in 2016, which also drive pay for performance by rewarding increases in our stock price. Stock options ratably vest over four years and have a 10 year term, providing a longer performance horizon than PRSUs. The value of stock options is based on our company's share price on the NYSE. Each named executive officer's long-term incentive award was split equally between PRSUs and stock options.

PRSUs granted to our named executive officers in 2014 for the three-year period ended December 31, 2016 were weighted equally between average adjusted EPS and our average free cash flow per share performance. Both metrics performed above targets and these PRSUs vested at approximately 170% of target in March 2017.

Special/retention awards

Time-based restricted share units (TRSUs) are not part of our company's ongoing compensation program for named executive officers, but are used selectively by the HR Committee to recognize and retain executives who are viewed as critical to the future success of the company. TRSUs usually vest in full over a three or five year period and thereby provide both a long-term performance and retention focus.

Some of our special/retention awards are also provided in the form of additional PRSUs. During 2016, we granted additional PRSUs to Messrs. Bello, Masterson and Scanlon and Ms. Stanley that are scheduled to vest in 2019. Mr. Bello's and Ms. Stanley's additional PRSUs were awarded to increase each of their overall competitive positions and to increase retention. Mr. Masterson's and Mr. Scanlon's additional PRSUs were awarded in connection with their international assignments to Switzerland, to increase the competitiveness of their compensation to reflect expanded responsibilities, and to increase retention. In the "2016 Named Executive Officer and Key Accomplishments" section of this compensation discussion and analysis, we provide additional information regarding each of these grants. None of our named executive officers received TRSU grants in 2016.

2016 compensation program developments

In 2016, the HR Committee approved changes to our equity grant terms and conditions related to termination of employment. The HR Committee also approved international assignment packages for Mr. Masterson and Mr. Scanlon in connection with their relocations from the United States to Switzerland in 2016, and for Mr. Smith and Mr. Bello in connection with their relocations from the United states to approved an updated version of our equity grant policy.

Each of these developments is discussed later in this circular.

Components of 2016 Compensation

A named executive officer's total compensation typically comprises the following components. We describe each of these components in more detail later in this section.

Component	Description	Туре	Measures	Form	Purpose
Base salary	Payments made throughout the year at an established rate	Fixed	Individual performance, role, responsibilities and experience	Cash	Provides predictable amount of fixed income as short-term compensation
Annual incentive award	Variable payment made in March after results for the previous year are available, and dependent on company and business unit performance against objective financial targets and subject to adjustment based on individual performance	Performance- based	Revenues (50%) Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures (50%)	Cash	Focuses executives on our financial goals and objectives for the year
Long-term incentive award	Grants of: PRSUs (50%) that vest after completion of a three-year period, with vesting dependent on company performance against objective financial targets, and Stock options (50%) with an exercise price equal to the fair market value of our shares on the grant date; options are subject to time vesting conditions	Performance- based	Adjusted EPS (50%) Free cash flow per share (50%) Value tied to share price performance	Equity	Commits executives to delivering on our financial goals over the longer term, strongly links their pay to our share price, and supports retention objectives Helps retain critical talent and to recognize superior performance Aligns their interests to shareholder interests
Retirement and health and welfare-related benefits	Savings and deferred compensation plans, life and disability insurance, group medical and dental			Various	Most of these programs are broad-based employee programs, consistent with customary market practice and competitive factors. A few of our named executive officers have individual supplemental executive retirement plans (SERPs)
Perquisites and other personal benefits	Executive physicals, use of company automobiles and financial planning assistance. Limited personal use of corporate aircraft			Various	Encourages maintenance of health and sound finances in a cost effective manner for our company, and minimizes distractions for executives
Periodic/special long-term equity award	Grants of time-based restricted share units (TRSUs), typically with three or five year vesting periods, or additional PRSUs with a three year vesting period	Time-vested or performance- based	Value tied to share price performance Long-term incentive financial metrics	Equity	Reward exceptional performance and for retention

Our named executive officers are also subject to share ownership guidelines. Additional information is provided later in this compensation discussion and analysis.

Designing and Determining Executive Compensation: The Role of the HR Committee, our Principal Shareholder and Independent Advisors

HR Committee and 2016 Compensation Decision Making

The HR Committee's responsibilities include establishing, implementing and overseeing our compensation policies and programs, executive talent review and succession planning processes. One of the HR Committee's key responsibilities is approving compensation arrangements for the CEO and other members of his management executive committee (which includes all of the named executive officers). The board recognizes the importance of appointing knowledgeable and experienced individuals to the HR Committee who have the necessary background in executive compensation to fulfill the HR Committee's obligations to the board and our shareholders. Each member of the HR Committee has direct experience as a senior leader that is relevant to his or her responsibilities in executive compensation. Additional information about the HR Committee is include earlier in this circular in our discussion of the board and corporate governance.

Our Chief People Officer and other members of the Human Resources department are responsible for overseeing the day-to-day design, implementation, administration and management of our various compensation and benefits policies and plans, including base salaries, annual and long-term incentives, retirement savings, health and welfare. The CEO, Chief People Officer and other senior executives in the Human Resources department meet regularly with the HR Committee.

In the beginning of each year, members of the executive committee meet with the CEO to set their own goals and objectives which align with the CEO's strategic objectives for Thomson Reuters. After the end of the year, the CEO reviews each executive committee member's performance. In March 2016, the CEO and our Chief People Officer made recommendations to the HR Committee regarding the proposed 2016 compensation arrangements for the members of management's executive committee (other than the CEO). Management also provided the HR Committee with its recommendations for structuring 2016 annual and long-term incentive awards, which, among other things, included guiding principles, financial performance metrics, suggested weightings for each metric and threshold/target/maximum performance goals for each metric. In making recommendations to the HR Committee, the CEO and Chief People Officer propose a compensation program that supports our pay for performance philosophy without encouraging unnecessary or excessive risk taking by management. The CEO and Chief People Officer consider each executive committee member's performance, the competitiveness of each executive committee member's compensation and external compensation trends and developments. The CEO is not present during HR Committee or board discussions regarding his own compensation arrangements.

As part of its analysis and decision-making process, the HR Committee received:

A summary of the CEO's performance assessment of each member of his executive committee and a self-assessment of his own performance

- Executive pay comparisons and tally sheets so the HR Committee could assess proposed and historical compensation arrangements between individuals and against applicable market data
- This information included base salary, annual incentive award (target dollar amount and target as a percentage of salary), long-term incentive award (target dollar amount and target as a percentage of salary) and target total compensation for each individual, plus the annualized value of any periodic or special long-term equity award
- The information also indicated a summary of actual/realized pay for each individual for the two most recently completed years
- A market data comparison for each individual and additional information about competitive compensation considerations and the peer group was also provided to the HR Committee (as discussed later in this section)
- Input from the HR Committee's outside independent compensation advisor (who is discussed in more detail below)
- A summary of a study performed by management's compensation advisor (who is also discussed in more detail below) comparing the company's executive retirement arrangements and perquisites against the peer group

Following its review of the information mentioned above and using its own judgment, the HR Committee approved 2016 compensation arrangements for each executive committee member (other than the CEO) and provided a compensation recommendation for Mr. Smith to the board, which made the final decision for the CEO's arrangement. The board also approved 2016 annual incentive awards and long-term incentive awards (in the form of stock options and PRSUs) based on a recommendation from the HR Committee.

In the first quarter of 2017, the HR Committee reviewed our company's performance relative to pre-established financial goals and made decisions regarding annual and long-term incentive award payouts for performance periods ended December 31, 2016. Additional information about each named executive officer's individual 2016 compensation arrangement and individual performance during the year is provided later in this section.

Our Principal Shareholder

We recognize that executive compensation is a key area of interest for shareholders. Woodbridge, our principal shareholder, actively monitors this aspect of our governance given its importance to the achievement of our financial performance goals and long-term success. With its substantial equity investment in Thomson Reuters, Woodbridge considers that its interests as a shareholder are aligned with those of all other shareholders. All of the HR Committee's members are independent directors, except Messrs. Binet and Clark.

Independent Advisors

The HR Committee has retained an outside consulting firm, Frederic W. Cook & Co., Inc. (FW Cook), to serve as an independent advisor on matters relating to executive compensation since 1998. Representatives of FW Cook generally attend HR Committee meetings, including meeting privately, or "in-camera", with the committee (when no members of management are present) and have discussions with the Chair and other members of the HR Committee from time to time outside of regularly scheduled meetings.

As part of its ongoing services to the HR Committee, FW Cook assists in evaluating the competitive positioning of senior executive compensation levels and provides guidance and analysis on plan design and market trends and practices to ensure that our program provides executives with competitive compensation opportunities, links compensation to performance and shareholder value creation, is efficient from accounting, tax and cash flow perspectives, and is supportive of emerging best practice corporate governance principles.

FW Cook does not provide any services to Thomson Reuters other than those provided directly to the HR Committee. Any use of FW Cook by Thomson Reuters management would require the HR Committee's prior approval. In 2016 and 2015, we paid FW Cook the following fees:

	2016	2015	Percentage of total fees
Executive compensation-related fees	\$ 140,920	\$ 97,527	100%
All other fees	\$ -	\$ -	-
Total annual fees	\$ 140,920	\$ 97,527	100%

The HR Committee believes that it is important to receive objective recommendations and input from its outside compensation advisor. SEC and NYSE rules require the compensation committee of U.S. public companies to consider six independence-related factors when selecting their compensation advisor and determining whether certain conflicts of interest disclosures must be made. Although foreign private issuers such as Thomson Reuters are exempt from these rules, the HR Committee once again considered them in February 2017 in relation to FW Cook. The six factors considered by the HR Committee were:

- 1. The provision of other services to Thomson Reuters by the firm;
- 2. The amount of fees received from Thomson Reuters by the firm as a percentage of the total revenue of the firm;
- 3. The policies and procedures of the firm that are designed to prevent conflicts of interest;
- 4. Any business or personal relationship of the firm with a member of the HR Committee;
- 5. Any stock of Thomson Reuters owned by the firm or the firm's affiliates; and

6. Any business or personal relationship of the firm or any other employee at the firm with an executive officer of Thomson Reuters.

Based on disclosures provided to the HR Committee by FW Cook and in questionnaires provided by our directors and executive officers, the HR Committee views FW Cook as independent.

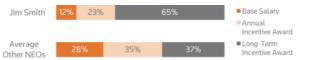
In 2016, Pay Governance LLC provided management with executive compensation consulting services, including competitive compensation analyses and advice on various other matters.

Our Key Compensation Principles

"PAY FOR PERFORMANCE" IS THE FOUNDATION OF OUR EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

We believe that tying a significant component of pay to our company's achievement of specific financial performance goals motivates our executives to achieve exceptional performance and focus on the goals and objectives that are of the most value to Thomson Reuters.

As shown below, approximately 88% of Mr. Smith's 2016 target compensation was variable, which included approximately 65% awarded as long-term incentive grants in the form of PRSUs and stock options. On average, approximately 72% of the other named executive officers' 2016 target compensation was variable, which included approximately 37% awarded as long-term incentive grants in the form of PRSUs and stock options. Target annual compensation for our named executive officers excluded additional PRSUs granted in connection with international assignments and as retention awards.



As part of its review of executive compensation, the HR Committee reviews targeted values for each component of compensation for each named executive officer. In determining the mix and relative weighting of cash (base salary and annual incentive awards) versus equity-based incentives, the HR Committee considers the appropriate proportion of compensation that should be variable based on the executive's ability to affect and influence our annual and long-term results and advance the interests of shareholders as well as the compensation mix for similar positions at comparable companies. In general, the proportion of total pay delivered through variable short-term and long-term performance-based compensation increases directly with an executive's level of operational/financial responsibility.

The HR Committee believes this mix and weighting aligns the interests of executives with those of shareholders, provides significant performance incentives and assists in keeping us competitive in the market for high-quality executives.

Total Realized Compensation

To assist shareholders with their assessment of the alignment of pay for performance in our compensation programs, we have provided the table below, which sets forth 2016 "total realized compensation" for each of our named executive officers. These amounts below differ from the amounts reported in the Summary Compensation Table contained later in this circular, which is prepared in accordance with Canadian disclosure rules. The total realized compensation information in the table below is not a substitute for those amounts.

We believe that the Summary Compensation Table prepared in accordance with regulatory requirements can overstate the compensation earned by our named executive officers. In particular, the Summary Compensation Table reflects new long-term incentive awards (PRSUs and stock options) based on their grant date fair value. PRSUs are performance-based awards (which may vest in whole or in part) and the value of stock options is dependent upon appreciation in our company's share price after the grant date.

Total realized compensation in the table below represents what was actually paid to each executive in 2016 and includes the value of base salary, annual and long term incentive awards, the in-the-money value of any vested options that were exercised and any income related to the settlement of DSUs. Total realized compensation for Messrs. Bello, Masterson and Scanlon and Ms. Stanley in 2016 was lower than their total compensation reflected in the Summary Compensation Table. Mr. Smith's total realized compensation was higher because he exercised some of his stock options in advance of his planned relocation to Toronto. As discussed later in this compensation discussion and analysis section, Mr. Smith's ownership of Thomson Reuters shares as of March 17, 2017 was significantly in excess of his stock ownership guideline amount.

	I otal Compensation	Iotal Compensation
Name	(Realized)	(Summary Compensation Table)*
James C. Smith	\$17,108,667	\$13,043,052
Stephane Bello	\$3,942,433	\$5,522,583
Deirdre Stanley	\$3,810,845	\$4,491,009
Neil T. Masterson	\$1,434,435	\$3,829,929
Brian L. Scanlon	\$1,225,004	\$3,580,229

* Excludes "Pension value" and "All other compensation" amounts included in the Summary Compensation Table to provide a more meaningful comparison. In addition, any amounts that were deferred in 2016 under our deferred compensation plan and not realized last year have also been excluded from total realized compensation.

INCENTIVE PERFORMANCE GOALS ARE LINKED TO KEY MEASURES OF OUR COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE AND STRATEGY Annual incentive awards

The HR Committee sets performance goals for our annual incentive awards that focus on superior performance, taking into account current market conditions. The financial performance goals set by the HR Committee reflect our published business outlook, operating plan and long-term strategy. Annual incentive awards are designed to incentivize individual performance and drive accountability for results. An executive's annual incentive award opportunity is expressed as a percentage of base salary.

In the fourth quarter of 2015, senior executives from our businesses met with our CEO, CFO and other Corporate executives to discuss the 2016 operating plan, including specific objectives and targets for the plan. In developing our operating plan, management considered various factors related to our operations, products/services, competition, and economic and market conditions in the countries where we operate. Our board of directors then met with senior management in the first quarter of 2016 to review, discuss and approve the final version of the plan.

Annual incentive awards for 2016 were based 50% on revenues and 50% on adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures. The HR Committee felt that these shorter term metrics would complement metrics reflected in 2016 long-term incentive awards. The HR Committee set minimum (threshold), target and maximum levels for each financial metric. The minimum (threshold) for each financial metric must have been achieved to result in a payout. In general, the HR Committee sets targets so that the relative difficulty of achieving them is consistent from year to year. The HR Committee also reviews past performance against similar targets to assess the effectiveness of targets. Targets are expected to be challenging, yet realistic and achievable.

As part of the HR Committee's design principles for 2016 annual incentive awards, targets and actual results are evaluated on a constant currency basis. In addition, in determining performance, guiding principles approved by the HR Committee for annual incentive awards contemplate adjustments for:

- Acquisitions and disposals not in our company's 2016 operating plan;
- One-time charges (above a specified financial threshold) that were not foreseen in the 2016 operating plan and where the related savings are outside of the plan period;
- Extraordinary events which are outside of management's control to the extent that the actual impact differs from original plan assumptions (i.e., the regulatory/tax environment and significant one-time transactions); and
- · Changes in accounting practices to make figures comparable to the original 2016 operating plan.

The following table sets forth payouts for our annual incentive awards (based on our company's consolidated results) as a percentage of target for the years indicated. As indicated in the table, payouts for these awards have only been above target in one of the last five years. Additional information about 2016 annual incentive award performance is provided later in this compensation discussion and analysis.

Performance Year	Payout Year	Payout as a percentage of target
2016	2017	83%
2015	2016	105%
2014	2015	92%
2013	2014	89%
2012	2013	94%
5-year average	-	93%

Long-term incentive awards

An executive's long-term incentive award opportunity is also expressed as a percentage of base salary, and an executive's percentage may be modified up or down for a particular year based on future potential and past performance. In addition, our long-term incentive awards are designed to optimally balance alignment with key drivers of total shareholder return, accountability for longer-term results and overall executive retention. Financial performance measures reflected in long-term incentive awards complement measures in annual incentive awards.

In 2016, 50% of the long-term incentive awards that we granted to our CEO and other named executive officers were PRSUs. PRSUs granted in 2016 to our named executive officers will vest in March 2019 only if our adjusted EPS performance and free cash flow per share performance exceeds threshold levels over the three-year performance period ending December 31, 2018. Long-term incentive awards granted to our named executive officers in 2016 also included stock options (50%). The value of PRSUs and stock options is dependent on our company's share price. In 2016, we continued to de-emphasize stock options and only grant them to a very small number of executives. Most of our executives (outside of the CEO and the executive committee) who received long-term incentive awards in 2016 only received PRSUs.

The HR Committee sets long-term incentive award targets that align with realistic expected growth rates over the three-year performance period in our operating plan. Similar to annual incentive awards, in general, the HR Committee sets targets so that the relative difficulty of achieving them is consistent from year to year. The HR Committee also reviews past performance against similar targets to assess the effectiveness of targets. Target levels are intended to be challenging, yet realistic and achievable.

As part of the HR Committee's design principles for 2016 long-term incentive awards, targets and actual results are evaluated on a constant currency basis. In addition, in determining performance, guiding principles for long-term incentive awards contemplate adjustments for:

- · Acquisitions and disposals not in our company's 2016 operating plan and resulting in adjustments greater than a specified amount;
- One-time charges that were not foreseen in the 2016 operating plan and where the related savings are outside of the plan period;
- The impact of any share repurchases that are in excess of buyback amounts reflected in the original 2016 operating plan;
- Extraordinary events which are outside of management's control to the extent that the actual impact differs from original plan assumptions (i.e., the regulatory/tax environment and significant one-time transactions); and
- Changes in accounting practices to make figures comparable to the original 2016 operating plan.

In addition, as PRSU terms do not expressly account for abnormally high currency volatility, the HR Committee previously approved a constant currency methodology for all new and existing PRSU grants. Using this methodology, performance is measured at actual foreign currency rates within a specified performance range to hold management accountable for managing

volatility. Constant currency rates are utilized outside of this range when high volatility is outside of management control. We believe this methodology best drives management performance. This methodology continued to be applied to 2016 PRSU grants.

The following table sets forth payouts for our PRSU awards granted to our named executive officers as a percentage of target for the years indicated. As indicated in the table, payouts for these awards have only been above target in two of the last five years. Additional information about PRSUs for the 2014-2016 performance period is provided later in this compensation discussion and analysis.

Performance Period	Payout Year	Payout as a percentage of target
2014-2016	2017	170%
2013-2015	2016	57%
2012-2014	2015	66%
2011-2013	2014	64%
2010-2012	2013	134%
5-year average	_	98%

Discretionary adjustment authority

For both annual incentive awards and PRSUs granted as part of long-term incentive awards, the HR Committee is authorized to make discretionary adjustments (outside of the design principles discussed above, which operate mechanically without discretion) to deal with extraordinary, non-recurring or unanticipated business conditions that materially affected our results (positively and negatively), the fairness of the performance targets, or the impact of external changes which have unduly influenced our ability to meet the targets. No discretionary adjustments of this type were made in determining payouts for 2016 annual incentive awards but certain downward adjustments were made to 2014-2016 long-term incentive awards in accordance with the design principles for those awards, as discussed later in this compensation discussion and analysis section.

Non-IFRS financial measures

All of the financial metrics that we used in 2016 for our annual and long-term incentive awards are non-IFRS financial measures. Later in this section, we discuss our annual and long-term incentive awards in more detail, and we explain why we use these metrics as part of our performance goals. Please also see the "Additional Information – Non-IFRS Financial Measures" section of this circular for more information about our non-IFRS financial measures.

OUR EXECUTIVES SHOULD ACCUMULATE AND RETAIN EQUITY IN OUR COMPANY TO ALIGN THEIR INTERESTS WITH OUR SHAREHOLDERS

Our long-term incentive awards are all equity-based and, together with our share ownership guidelines, align the interests of our executives with those of our shareholders and enable our executives to share in our long-term growth and success. Executives are aligned with shareholders because this part of their compensation is tied directly to the long-term performance of the price of our shares.

PRSUs and stock options are designed to reward executives for increases in shareholder value and thereby foster strong alignment between management and shareholders. They also support important management retention objectives as a result of the vesting requirements, which are over a period of years. From time to time, we also grant TRSUs or additional PRSUs on a highly selective basis to high-performing executives who are critical to retain and/or in recognition of high potential, superior performance and contributions to the company. TRSUs do not have performance conditions and typically vest on a three or five-year basis (depending on the grant).

Through our share ownership guidelines, Mr. Smith and the other members of the executive committee are encouraged to acquire and maintain an equity interest in Thomson Reuters with a value equal to a multiple of their base salary. Until the guideline is met, executive committee members must retain a specified percentage of the shares that they acquire (after applicable tax withholdings) through option exercises and the vesting of PRSUs and TRSUs. Unvested TRSUs, PRSUs and stock options do not count toward the guidelines. Share prices of all public companies are subject to market volatility. As a result, executive share

ownership guidelines reflect a "once met, always met" standard. This means that if an executive has met his or her applicable ownership guideline multiple and a subsequent decline in the Thomson Reuters share price causes the value of his or her ownership to fall below the applicable threshold, the executive will be considered to be in compliance with the guidelines so long as he or she continues to hold the number of shares that were owned at the time when he or she achieved the guidelines.

The following table shows the share ownership guidelines for our named executive officers as well as their actual share ownership. All share values and the named executive officers' ownership are as of March 17, 2017. Mr. Masterson became subject to share ownership guidelines in 2013 when he was appointed Chief Transformation Officer. Mr. Scanlon became subject to share ownership guidelines in 2014 when he joined the company as Chief Strategy Officer.

	Minimum Share Ownership		Actual Share Ownership	
Name	(base salary multiple)	(\$)	(base salary multiple)	(\$)
James C. Smith	6x	\$9,600,000	11.58x	\$18,533,343
Stephane Bello	4x	\$4,000,000	4.99x	\$4,989,686
Deirdre Stanley	Зx	\$2,493,000	4.40x	\$3,658,332
Neil T. Masterson	3x	\$1,875,000	1.98x	\$1,234,699
Brian L. Scanlon	Зx	\$1,725,000	0.79x	\$453,853

Our named executive officer compensation does not ordinarily include TRSUs. However, in 2012, Mr. Smith was granted 200,000 TRSUs and Mr. Bello was granted 100,000 TRSUs as retention awards shortly after they became our new CEO and CFO, respectively. In addition, Mr. Masterson was granted 30,000 TRSUs in 2012 as a retention award. All of these TRSUs (plus dividend equivalent units credited) will vest on March 30, 2017. In 2014, Mr. Scanlon was granted 20,000 TRSUs when he joined our company. 13,334 of Mr. Scanlon's TRSUs from this grant will vest on March 31, 2017. The following table reflects projected ownership multiples and related values for Messrs. Smith, Bello, Masterson and Scanlon, as if their TRSUs had vested on March 30, 2017 or March 31, 2017 (as applicable) and assuming that each of them hold 100% of the net shares issued to each of them (after withholding of applicable taxes) following the vesting of their awards. This information is based on the closing price of our shares on the NYSE on March 17, 2017.

	Projected Share Ownership – After March 30/31, 2017 TRSU Vesting		
Name	(base salary multiple)	(\$)	
James C. Smith	14.54x	\$23,262,400	
Stephane Bello	7.35x	\$7,354,214	
Neil T. Masterson	3.11x	\$1,944,053	
Brian L. Scanlon	1.30x	\$744,687	

WE PAY COMPETITIVE COMPENSATION

The HR Committee utilizes independent market surveys and peer group data to evaluate the competitiveness of our compensation programs. The HR Committee refers to these benchmarks, either wholly or in part, when establishing individual components and overall compensation of our executives to assess the differences between our compensation program and those of the market and the peer group.

On annual basis, the HR Committee evaluates each named executive officer's compensation and compares each element (e.g., base salary, annual incentive and long term incentive) and their total direct compensation (TDC), which consists of target base salary, target annual incentive award value, target long term incentive award value and the annualized value of any special grants. This TDC is compared for each named executive officer against compensation peer group data to both understand the competitive level of an individual's pay as well to make decisions on each person's future competitive compensation position. While the HR Committee does not target a specific competitive level of pay, the HR Committee does consider the experience, skills, contribution, historical and expected performance of each executive in its decision making.

In 2016, the HR Committee determined that some adjustments to compensation of our named executive officers were appropriate. The TDC for Mr. Smith, our CEO, was adjusted upwards, primarily by increasing his long term incentive target from 375% of base salary to 550% of base salary to increase alignment to shareholders while also improving overall TDC competitiveness from below the 50th percentile of the compensation peer group to slightly above the 50th percentile. Additional PRSU grants were made to each of our other named executive officers to increase their alignment to shareholders while also improving their overall TDC competitiveness to between the 50th percentile of the compensation peer group.

When constructing our peer group, the HR Committee does not include other Canadian companies with a common Global Industry Classification System (GICS) code in the Diversified Financials industry group of the Financials sector. We believe that these other Canadian companies would not provide a meaningful or relevant comparison of financial performance or compensation benchmarking given the differences in how we and the other Canadian companies with a common GICS code operate.

The group of companies that we currently use for informational purposes in the United States largely represents a mix of other information development and delivery companies and professional service providers with which we compete for business, talent and investors. For comparative purposes for United Kingdom based positions, we evaluate companies in the FTSE 100 index generally.

The companies that the HR Committee currently reviews as part of this process are publicly traded and have similar business models or strategies which are focused on information development and electronic delivery. Although we believe our company is somewhat unique in terms of its business operations serving the Financial & Risk, Legal, Tax & Accounting and news industries, a number of these companies are considered by analysts and shareholders to be our closest public company comparables. Similar to Thomson Reuters, many of these other companies also have significant global operations. When the HR Committee approved the peer group below for 2016 compensation purposes, our company's revenues were about the median of the companies in the group (based on information available at that time).

The companies in the peer group for 2016 compensation purposes consisted of:

Accenture plc	The Interpublic Group of Companies, Inc.	SAP SE
Automatic Data Processing, Inc.	S&P Global	State Street Corporation
Cablevision Systems Corporation	News Corporation	T-Mobile US, Inc.
Cognizant Technology Solutions Corporation	Omnicom Group Inc.	Time Warner Cable Inc.
Computer Sciences Corporation	Pearson plc	Wolters Kluwer NV
eBay Inc.	RELX Group plc	WPP plc

In September 2016, the HR Committee approved updates to the peer group for 2017 compensation purposes. Cablevision Systems Corporation was removed as a result of it being acquired by Altice NV. Time Warner Cable Inc. was removed as a result of it being acquired by Charter Communications, Inc. The HR Committee approved adding Century Link, Inc., Charter Communications, Inc. and Moody's to the peer group.

OUR COMPENSATION PROGRAMS TAKE RISK INTO ACCOUNT AND DO NOT ENCOURAGE UNNECESSARY OR EXCESSIVE RISK TAKING

We have designed our compensation programs to provide an appropriate balance of risk and reward in relation to our company's overall business strategy. In January 2017, Pay Governance provided management with its risk assessment of the Thomson Reuters compensation program for executive committee members. Pay Governance's report was shared and discussed in detail with the HR Committee in February 2017. As part of its assessment, Pay Governance reviewed our compensation structure and key attributes of our compensation program for executive committee members for the purpose of identifying potential sources of risk. Based on its review, Pay Governance was of the view that our compensation program appears unlikely to create incentives for excessive risk tasking and includes meaningful safeguards to mitigate compensation program risk.

The HR Committee and management believe that our senior executive compensation programs do not incentivize our executives to take unnecessary or excessive risks because:

- Most of an executive's compensation is comprised of longer-term performance opportunities with less emphasis on shorter-term performance opportunities;
- The base salary component of each executive's compensation is fixed and therefore does not encourage risk taking;
- Our HR Committee annually reviews and determines award design and there are principles and processes with management for approving design changes and performance goals;
- The HR Committee reviews performance criteria for financial metrics used in our incentive awards, including threshold, target and maximum amounts, to ensure that they are challenging, but achievable;
- Our incentive awards utilize a number of different financial performance measures and do not rely on a single metric. Each metric has a threshold, target and maximum performance target with pre-defined payout amounts;
- Our annual incentive awards and PRSUs issued as part of long-term incentive awards have caps for the maximum potential payouts;
- Our HR Committee has discretionary authority to make fairness-related and other adjustments to performance award opportunities that it may deem appropriate;
- We have robust share ownership guidelines for our executive committee members which further ties their interests to those of our shareholders over the long-term;
- We have a **recoupment (or "clawback") policy** that permits us to seek reimbursement from the CEO and all of the other members of management's executive committee in certain circumstances. Our clawback policy provides that the board, at the recommendation of the HR Committee, has the right to seek reimbursement of part of the annual or long-term incentive compensation awarded to a member of the executive committee if in the board's view, the amount of the compensation was calculated based on the achievement or performance of financial results that were subject to a material restatement (other than a restatement due to, or to comply with, changes in applicable accounting principles or related to an acquisition or disposition). Reimbursement could be sought for any excess amount of compensation that relates to such a material restatement that occurred within 24 months of payment of the compensation, and the member of our executive committee from whom reimbursement is sought would need to have engaged in fraud that caused the material restatement; and
- Members of the executive committee are prohibited from hedging or pledging company shares (as further discussed later in this compensation discussion and analysis section).

The HR Committee assesses compensation risk on an annual basis as part of its oversight of executive compensation.

For more information about risks that we believe are material to our company, please see the "Risk Factors" section of our 2016 annual report, which is available on our website at www.thomsonreuters.com, as well as on www.sedar.com and www.sec.gov.

2016 COMPENSATION

Base Salary

Base salary is typically determined annually by reference to an executive's individual performance and experience and our company's financial performance, as well as competitive considerations, such as salaries prevailing in the relevant market. Base salaries are also evaluated in connection with promotions and other changes in job responsibilities.

The HR Committee establishes Mr. Smith's base salary and also considers any increases to the base salaries of our other named executive officers based on Mr. Smith's recommendations for each individual. In addition to the considerations described above, the HR Committee also takes into account any applicable merit increase guidelines established for our employees.

Base salaries for each of our named executive officers are described later in this section of the circular.

Annual Incentive Awards

We provide an annual, cash-based incentive award opportunity to each of our named executive officers which is based on our company's actual financial performance compared to our annual operating plan for the year.

Each named executive officer's annual incentive award has a target that is expressed as a percentage of base salary. In setting target percentages, the HR Committee considers factors such as an executive's position and responsibilities as well as competitive considerations identified through compensation benchmarking.

For 2016 annual incentive awards, potential payouts ranged from 0% to 200% of the target award depending on our financial performance against the goals set by the HR Committee at the beginning of the year.

After meeting with management, the HR Committee decided in March 2016 that no changes would be made to the financial metrics used for 2016 annual incentive awards. The HR Committee concluded that annual incentive awards were working as designed and driving the right leadership behaviors. As a result, the performance goals for 2016 annual incentive awards continued to be based on revenues and adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures.

Revenues – We use revenues because they are commonly used to measure growth of our business.

Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures (cash OI) – We use adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures (referred to internally as "cash OI") because it provides a basis for evaluating the operating profitability and capital intensity of our business in a single measure. This measure captures investments regardless of whether they are expensed or capitalized.

These goals were approved by the HR Committee during the first quarter of 2016. Awards were weighted 50% each as they are equally important to our annual objectives.

Financial metric	Annual incentive percentage weighting
Revenues	50%
Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures (cash OI)	50%
Annual incentive awards granted to Corporate executives (including all of our named executive officers) continued to be weight	ed 100% on our company's consolidated performance.

Annual incentive awards granted to Corporate executives (including ail of our named executive officers) continued to be weighted 100% on our company's consolidated performance. For members of the CEO's Executive Committee who are Presidents of our business units, the HR Committee increased the weighting on consolidated performance from 30% to 50% and reduced the weight on business unit performance from 70% to 50% to place greater emphasis on enterprise performance. In 2016, annual incentive award payouts for our named executive officers were also subject to modification (up or down) based on individual performance.

In February 2017, the HR Committee determined the extent to which our 2016 annual performance targets were met by comparing our financial results to our performance goals. Financial performance excluded the results of our former Intellectual Property & Science business. 2016 actual results were evaluated using foreign currency exchange rates that were used to prepare our 2016 annual operating plan. This has been a long standing policy that has been consistently applied to our annual incentive awards. In applying the design principles for annual incentive awards discussed earlier in this compensation discussion and analysis, the fourth-quarter 2016 charges were excluded in determining performance as those charges were not foreseen in the 2016 operating plan and the related savings are outside of the 2016 plan period.



The following table sets forth information regarding our 2016 target and actual performance for the two financial metrics reflected in our Corporate-level annual incentive awards, which had a payout of approximately 83% of target. These results are not directly comparable to similar financial measures that we disclose in our 2016 annual report because they are based on our internal operating plan.

Performance metric (in billions of dollars)	Target performance	Actual performance	Payout percentage
Revenues	\$11.48	\$11.33	85%
Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures	\$2.22	\$2.16	81%
Total performance	-	_	83%

Long-term Incentive Awards

We provide a long-term incentive award to each of our named executive officers that is equity and performance-based. Each named executive officer's long-term incentive award has a target that is expressed as a percentage of base salary. In setting target percentages, the HR Committee considers factors such as an executive's position and responsibilities as well as competitive considerations. The HR Committee may decide to increase or decrease an executive officer's target from year to year.

In 2016, we divided long-term incentive awards for Mr. Smith and our other named executive officers between 50% PRSUs and 50% stock options. This blend was intended to create balance in our long-term incentive awards by ensuring that the program is aligned to shareholder interests, financially efficient and strongly drives executive outcomes with the company's strategic and business objectives.

In determining the size of PRSU and stock option grants, the HR Committee initially establishes a total target compensation award opportunity for each named executive officer, along with the percentage of this amount to be reflected through long-term incentive awards. The HR Committee then determines the number of PRSUs and stock options to be granted to each named executive officer. In determining long-term incentive grants, the HR Committee generally takes into account the amount of previous allocations. However, the HR Committee does not increase the size of an executive's new award if a previous award paid out at less than target payout levels and the committee does not reduce the size of an executive's new award if a previous award paid out at greater than target payout levels because long-term incentive awards are intended to be an incentive for future performance.

PRSUs

Our PRSUs reinforce our pay for performance philosophy and align with the interests of our shareholders. Because the payout for PRSUs is tied to operational results over a longterm period, these awards create a strong "line of sight" between controllable performance and realized compensation, reinforce the importance of achieving specific multi-year financial results and mitigate the impact of stock price volatility on the retention power of the overall program. Costs associated with PRSUs are variable and are incurred only to the extent that the underlying performance goals are achieved. PRSUs thereby ensure a financially efficient outcome to our company by tying expense recognition to the achievement of specific financial goals.

The two financial metrics used for PRSU awards granted in 2016 to our named executive officers were adjusted EPS and free cash flow per share. These same metrics were also reflected in special PRSU grants awarded in 2016.

- Adjusted EPS We use adjusted EPS because it is a primary driver of our long-term financial success by measuring growth in profitability on a per share basis. It is also a measure commonly used by shareholders to measure our success. Adjusted EPS reflects earnings attributable to common shareholders on a per share basis excluding the post-tax impacts of fair value adjustments, amortization of other identifiable intangible assets, other operating gains and losses, certain impairment charges, other net finance costs or income, our share of post-tax earnings or losses in equity method investments, discontinued operations and other items affecting comparability. We also deduct dividends declared on preference shares. Adjusted EPS is calculated using diluted weighted average shares.
- Free cash flow per share We use free cash flow per share as a measure of our operating performance because it represents cash available to repay debt, pay common share dividends and fund share repurchases and new acquisitions. We define free cash flow as net cash provided by operating activities and other investing activities less capital expenditures, dividends paid on our preference shares and dividends paid to non-controlling interests.

For 2016 PRSU grants to our named executive officers, each of the financial performance goals were weighted 50% as they are equally important to our long-term objectives:

Financial metric	PRSU percentage weighting
Adjusted EPS performance	50%
Free cash flow per share performance	50%

The number of PRSUs granted to each executive was based on our closing share price on the NYSE on the business day before the grant.

PRSUs granted in 2016 will vest between 0% and 200% in 2019 after the end of the three-year performance period (January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2018), depending on the achievement of the performance goals.

PRSUs also accumulate additional units based on notional equivalents of dividends paid on our common shares. The accumulated dividends are paid on PRSUs that vest when the underlying shares are distributed.

As previously mentioned, PRSUs for the 2014-2016 performance period had a payout of 170% of target due to exceptional performance results. For plan purposes, adjusted EPS had a cumulative annual growth rate (CAGR) of 11% during the performance period compared to a target of 8%. Free cash flow per share for plan purposes had a CAGR of 12% during the performance period compared to a target of 2014 and 2015 actual results for our former Intellectual Property & Science business and its 2016 results at plan target. In applying the design principles for long-term incentive awards discussed earlier in this compensation discussion and analysis, the 170% PRSU payout reflected a 34% downward adjustment to account for the impact of share buybacks over plan amounts and other business outcomes. In addition, the fourth-quarter 2016 charges were also excluded in determining performance.

The following table sets forth information regarding our target and actual performance for the two financial metrics reflected in PRSUs granted to our named executive officers in 2014 for the three-year performance period ended December 31, 2016. These PRSU awards utilized average performance for adjusted EPS and free cash flow per share for the three-year period. The results below are not directly comparable to similar financial measures that we disclose in our 2016 annual report because they are based on our internal operating plan.

Performance metric	Target performance	Actual performance	Payout percentage
Adjusted EPS performance	\$2.14	\$2.28	178%
Free cash flow per share performance	\$2.33	\$2.45	172%
Foreign exchange (FX) collar			(5%)
Total performance	-	_	170%

Stock options

All options granted in 2016 vest 25% per year over four years. The exercise prices for options granted were based on the fair market value of our common shares on the NYSE on the grant date. Fair market value is considered to be the closing price of the common shares on the day before the grant. The expiration date for options granted in 2016 is 10 years from the grant date. Options expire at the later of the expiration date or, if that date occurs during a blackout period or other period during which an insider is prohibited from trading in our securities by our insider trading policy, 10 business days after the period ends, subject to certain exceptions. Other than their alignment to our company's share price, options do not contain additional performance goals.

In determining the number of stock options to be granted to each named executive officer, the HR Committee initially determines a target economic value for the total award. For options granted in 2016, the HR Committee calculated the grant date fair values using common share prices and a Black-Scholes valuation (as described in more detail in the Summary Compensation Table contained in this circular). The HR Committee uses a Black-Scholes value in order to maintain year-to-year consistency in determining the number of stock options to be granted. By using this value, the number of options is determined primarily by our company's stock price performance as opposed to changes in estimated option values.

TRSUs

TRSUs vest over a specified period of years. While TRSUs are not subject to performance conditions, we believe they are effective retention tools as their value is often seen as more tangible by recipients and they require longer-time service to be earned. The value of TRSUs is directly aligned with our share price and is consistent with our philosophy of paying competitive compensation. None of our named executive officers received a TRSU grant in 2016.

2016 Named Executive Officer Compensation and Key Accomplishments

The following section provides information about each individual named executive officer's 2016 performance and compensation. The tables in this section help show how we pay for performance. In the tables below, long-term incentive award performance is reflected at target since these awards will vest in the future.



James C. Smith President and Chief Executive Officer

Jim Smith has been President & Chief Executive Officer since January 2012. Mr. Smith was Chief Operating Officer of Thomson Reuters from September 2011 to December 2011 and Chief Executive Officer of Thomson Reuters Professional division from April 2008 to September 2011. Prior to the acquisition of Reuters Group PLC (Reuters) by The Thomson Corporation (Thomson) in April 2008, he served as Chief Operating Officer of Thomson and as President and Chief Executive Officer of Thomson Learning's Academic and Reference Group. Mr. Smith joined the Thomson Newspaper Group in 1987. He held several staff and operating positions, culminating in his role as head of operations for Thomson Newspapers in the U.S. With the sale of the Thomson Newspaper Group in 2000, he joined Thomson in 2001 as Executive Vice President. He began his career as a journalist and held several editorial and general management positions prior to joining Thomson. As previously disclosed in this circular, Mr. Smith is relocating to the company's Toronto office in April 2017.

2016 performance

The company's full-year 2016 results reflected progress that Thomson Reuters is making as an organization under Mr. Smith's leadership. The company reported positive organic revenue growth for the second consecutive year and made progress in its efforts to simplify its focus, increase productivity and improve organizational health.

- Our company met or exceeded its financial outlook for 2016.
- Investment continued to be prioritized and management continued to be focused on areas of the business that are driving growth. Return on invested capital (ROIC) (excluding our fourth-quarter charges) was 7.4% in 2016, up from 6.7% in 2015 as a result of improved profitability and reduced acquisition activity.
- The Enterprise Centre in Switzerland was established as a key enabler to create a scalable platform to support growth.
- Employee engagement reached an all-time high in the second half of 2016 and Thomson Reuters was recognized externally by a number of organizations as a great place to work.

2016 compensation

		Target Total Direct Compensation (2015)		ect Compensation 016)	Fixed	Variable
	\$	% of base salary	\$	% of base salary		
Base salary	1,550,000	-	1,600,000	_	12%	-
Annual incentive award	3,100,000	200%	3,200,000	200%	-	23%
Long-term incentive awards	5,812,500	375%	8,800,000	550%	-	65%
Total	10.462.500	-	13.600.000	_	12%	88%

Base salary: Mr. Smith's salary was increased slightly in 2016 following a benchmarking review.

Annual incentive award: Mr. Smith was granted a 2016 Corporate-level award based on our company's consolidated performance. This award had a payout of approximately 83% of target.

Long-term incentive awards: Mr. Smith's award opportunity was raised from 375% to 550% of salary to increase the market competiveness of his overall compensation following a benchmarking review. Mr. Smith's 2016 long-term incentive award grant was split between 50% PRSUs and 50% stock options. PRSUs granted in 2016 have a three-year performance period and will fully vest in March 2019. Stock options granted in 2016 will vest 25% each year over a four-year period. In addition, based on our company's performance for the three-year period ended December 31, 2016, PRSUs that Mr. Smith received in 2014 vested in March 2017 at approximately 170% of target.

Stephane Bello

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer



Mr. Bello has been Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer since January 2012. Mr. Bello was Chief Financial Officer of Thomson Reuters Professional division from April 2008 to December 2011. Mr. Bello joined Thomson in 2001 and was Senior Vice President and Treasurer until April 2008. Prior to joining Thomson, Mr. Bello held several positions at General Motors. As previously disclosed in this circular, Mr. Bello is relocating to the company's Toronto office in April 2017.

2016 performance

In 2016, under Mr. Bello's leadership:

- Our company met or exceeded its external financial outlook for 2016. 2016 was the fifth consecutive year that we met or exceeded our external financial outlook.
- His Finance team led the sale of our Intellectual Property & Science business for gross proceeds of \$3.55 billion. While the Intellectual Property & Science business possessed growing and profitable businesses which operated in attractive market segments, the sale was strategically important to our company as it allowed us to sharpen our strategic focus and increase our ability to prioritize investments behind the many opportunities that we see at the intersection of global commerce and regulation.
- Progress continued on the transformation of the Finance function. The Finance organization focused on simplification initiatives, allowing the group to produce fewer reports and spend less time on data gathering so the team can devote more time to providing analytics and business insights. The Finance team also launched new systems to consolidate more information across the enterprise and to help simplify our commercial interactions with customers.
- Our company continued to maintain a strong capital strategy, in line with its stated leverage target. Mr. Bello also oversaw the successful completion of approximately \$1.7 billion of shares as part of our company's buyback program and a renewal of the company's \$2.4 billion five-year syndicated credit facility.
- The overall organizational health of the Financial function improved with higher engagement scores and multiple talent initiatives

2016 compensation

	Target Total D	Target Total Direct Compensation (2015)		rect Compensation 2016)	Fixed	Variable
	\$	% of base salary	\$	% of base salary		
Base salary	944,000	-	1,000,000	-	24%	-
Annual incentive award	1,180,000	125%	1,250,000	125%	-	29%
Long-term incentive awards	1,888,000	200%	2,000,000	200%	-	47%
Total	4.012.000	_	4,250,000	_	24%	76%

Base salary: Mr. Bello's salary was raised 6% in 2016 to increase the market competiveness of his overall compensation following a benchmarking analysis.

Annual incentive award: Mr. Bello was granted a 2016 Corporate-level award based on our company's consolidated performance. This award had a payout of approximately 83% of target.

Long-term incentive awards: Mr. Bello's 2016 award grant was split between 50% PRSUs and 50% stock options. PRSUs granted in 2016 have a three-year performance period and will fully vest in March 2019. Stock options granted in 2016 will vest 25% each year over a four-year period. In addition, based on our company's performance for the three-year period ended December 31, 2016, PRSUs that Mr. Bello received in 2014 vested in March 2017 at approximately 170% of target.

Special PRSU award: Mr. Bello was granted a special award of additional PRSUs with a value of \$1.5 million to increase his overall competitive position and to increase the compensation program's support for retaining Mr. Bello at Thomson Reuters. Mr. Bello's additional PRSUs will fully vest in 2019 at the same time as the PRSUs that he received as part of his 2016 long-term incentive award. The special PRSUs are not part of Mr. Bello's regular compensation and thus are not reflected in the table above.



Deirdre Stanley

Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

Ms. Stanley has been Executive Vice President & General Counsel since April 2008 and Secretary since January 2013. Prior to Thomson's acquisition of Reuters in April 2008, Ms. Stanley was Senior Vice President and General Counsel of Thomson. Prior to joining Thomson in July 2002, Ms. Stanley served in various senior executive positions, including Deputy General Counsel at USA Networks, Inc. and its successor companies. From 1997 through 1999, Ms. Stanley served as Associate General Counsel for GTE Corporation, where she headed the mergers and acquisitions practice group. Before GTE Corporation, Ms. Stanley practiced law at Cravath, Swaine & Moore in New York.

2016 performance

In 2016, Ms. Stanley effectively and efficiently managed the Thomson Reuters global legal department, which focused on supporting the company's key strategic objectives and initiatives. Under her leadership, the legal department proactively provided a wide range of high quality legal support for customer-facing commercial matters, corporate and securities projects, intellectual property matters, employment matters and enterprise compliance initiatives. Ms. Stanley provided guidance and leadership to the CEO and his Executive Committee as well as the Thomson Reuters Board of Directors on legal and corporate governance considerations related to ongoing business activities, strategic initiatives and other critical and sensitive matters. In 2016, Ms. Stanley also continued to act as Secretary to the Board in addition to her role as General Counsel. Under Ms. Stanley's leadership, the legal department continued to focus on simplification and standardization initiatives and she oversaw the completion of an important two year project to harmonize various customer contracts. She also oversaw legal and regulatory aspects of the company's \$3.55 billion sale of its Intellectual Property & Science business, business unit acquisitions and strategic partnerships. In 2016, Ms. Stanley's leadership and legal support for the company's new ERM process and she co-chaired the company's first-ever Risk Committee. Ms. Stanley also oversaw the complany's compliance with global financial regulatory obligations and changes in cross-border data privacy laws. In 2016, Ms. Stanley also focused on talent development initiatives for the legal department and she launched a new internal recognition program for the global team.

2016 compensation

	Target Total Direct Compensation (2015)			ect Compensation 016)	Fixed	Variable
	\$	% of base salary	\$	% of base salary		
Base salary	\$791,000	-	\$831,000	_	31%	-
Annual incentive award	\$988,750	125%	\$1,038,750	125%	-	38%
Long-term incentive awards	\$791,000	100%	\$831,000	100%	-	31%
Total	\$2,570,750	-	\$2,700,750	-	31%	69%

Base salary: Ms. Stanley's base salary increased 5% in 2016 to increase the market competiveness of her overall compensation following a benchmarking review.

Annual incentive award: Ms. Stanley was granted a 2016 Corporate-level award based on our company's consolidated performance. This award had a payout of approximately 83% of target.

Long-term incentive awards: Ms. Stanley's 2016 award grant was split between 50% PRSUs and 50% stock options. PRSUs granted in 2016 have a three-year performance period and will fully vest in March 2019. Stock options granted in 2016 will vest 25% each year over a four-year period. In addition, based on our company's performance for the three-year period ended December 31, 2016, PRSUs that Ms. Stanley received in 2014 vested in March 2017 at approximately 170% of target.

Special PRSU award: Ms. Stanley was granted a special award of additional PRSUs with a value of approximately \$2.0 million to increase her overall competitive position and to increase the compensation program's support for retaining Ms. Stanley at Thomson Reuters. Ms. Stanley's additional PRSUs will fully vest in 2019 at the same time as the PRSUs that she received as part of her 2016 long-term incentive award. The special PRSUs are not part of Ms. Stanley's regular compensation and thus are not reflected in the table above.



Neil T. Masterson

Executive Vice President and Chief Transformation Officer

Mr. Masterson has been Executive Vice President & Chief Transformation Officer since October 2013. As of January 2016, the operational infrastructure now concentrated in the Enterprise Technology & Operations (ET&O) organization is also led by Mr. Masterson. Mr. Masterson joined Thomson in 2002 and has held a number of key leadership positions within the organization, including Managing Director of the Investor segment of Financial & Risk and Vice President, Treasury and Corporate Planning for Thomson Reuters. Prior to joining Thomson, Mr. Masterson spent two years at Reuters as Senior Vice President of Business Development.

2016 performance

Mr. Masterson relocated to our Enterprise Centre in Baar, Switzerland at the start of 2016. In 2016, Mr. Masterson led the ET&O group that was formed at the beginning of the year with approximately 15,000 employees in Enterprise Technology, Global Sourcing, Global Operations Centers, Global Real Estate & Facilities Management and Information Security Risk Management. ET&O constitutes approximately one-third of our company's total cost base and is the engine that powers Thomson Reuters. Under Mr. Masterson's leadership, ET&O's groups share a common goal of empowering the business to drive growth for Thomson Reuters through the lens of five strategic priorities – service, growth, scale, talent and delivery. In 2016, Mr. Masterson was instrumental in the development of a new company-wide technology strategy and continued to oversee the company's ongoing Transformation program, which has achieved significant savings for our company over the last three years. Mr. Masterson also oversaw initiatives related to strategic workforce planning, the consolidation of various offices around the world and the closure of a number of data centers. In 2016, ET&O also opened our new Toronto Technology Centre and additional Thomson Reuters Labs around the world to form more global innovation partnerships. Mr. Masterson also was instrumental in the hiring of a new Thomson Reuters Chief Information Security Officer, a new Global Head of Operations Centers and new Chief Technology Officers for our Financial & Risk and Tax & Accounting businesses.

2016 compensation

	Target Total Direct Compensation (2015)			ct Compensation 016)	Fixed	Variable
	\$	% of base salary	\$	% of base salary		
Base salary	\$530,000	-	\$625,000	_	31%	-
Annual incentive award	\$530,000	100%	\$781,250	125%	-	38%
Long-term incentive awards	\$530,000	100%	\$625,000	100%	-	31%
Total	¢1 E00 000	Ì	¢2 021 250		2104	600%

Base salary: Mr. Masterson's salary was raised 18% in 2016 to increase the market competiveness of his overall compensation following a benchmarking review.

Annual incentive award: Mr. Masterson's award opportunity was raised from 100% to 125% of salary to increase the market competiveness of his overall compensation following a benchmarking review. Mr. Masterson was granted a 2016 Corporate-level award based on our company's consolidated performance. Mr. Masterson's payout was subsequently adjusted upward by 15% to 96% of target due to his individual performance in 2016.

Long-term incentive awards: Mr. Masterson's 2016 award grant was split between 50% PRSUs and 50% stock options. PRSUs granted in 2016 have a three-year period and will fully vest in March 2019. Stock options granted in 2016 will vest 25% each year over a four-year period. In addition, based on our company's performance for the three-year period ended December 31, 2016, PRSUs that Mr. Masterson received in 2014 vested in March 2017 at approximately 170% of target.

Special PRSU award: Mr. Masterson was granted a special award of additional PRSUs with a value of approximately \$1.8 million in connection with his international assignment to Switzerland. Mr. Masterson's additional PRSUs will fully vest in 2019 at the same time as the PRSUs that he received as part of his 2016 long-term incentive award. The special PRSUs are not part of Mr. Masterson's regular compensation and thus are not reflected in the table above.



Brian L. Scanlon

Executive Vice President and Chief Strategy Officer

Mr. Scanlon has been Executive Vice President & Chief Strategy Officer since January 2014. Mr. Scanlon previously spent 14 years at McKinsey & Co., where he held a number of senior leadership positions, including partner in the Corporate Finance & Strategy practice in Stamford, Connecticut; Chief Financial Officer for the northeast offices; and Managing Partner of McKinsey's South East Asian Private Equity practice in Singapore. Prior to joining McKinsey, Mr. Scanlon was a senior accountant and consultant at Andersen Consulting, now called Accenture.

2016 performance

Mr. Scanlon also began the year by relocating to our Enterprise Centre in Baar, Switzerland. During the year, he established new strategy management processes that are designed to enable our company to achieve our growth objectives. Those new processes include a new strategic initiative review cycle, which has improved Executive Committee discussions and related management scorecards. Mr. Scanlon also led an internal Enterprise Prioritization Committee's investment allocation work, which focused on increasing investments in market segments that we view as higher growth opportunities. Following the departure of our Chief Customer Officer in September, Mr. Scanlon assumed responsibility for that function, which was renamed the Sales Strategy & Enablement Office. Under Mr. Scanlon's leadership, Sales Strategy & Enablement is driving development work on our enterprise-wide digital strategy for addressing customers, standardizing best practices and improving operational and reporting metrics and is focused on ensuring that we are delivering high quality sales training and development programs across Thomson Reuters. In 2016, Mr. Scanlon also led the creation of new industry. He also spearheaded the creation of new revenue growth-focused partnerships with third parties. Mr. Scanlon also helped accelerate the impact of marketing as a driver for the company's growth. Among other things, he created recommendations and oversaw the execution of plans to better enable enterprise growth and position Thomson Reuters as "The Answer Company".

2016 compensation

	Target Total Direct Compensation (2015)			ect Compensation 016)	Fixed	Variable
	\$	% of base salary	\$	% of base salary		
Base salary	\$480,000	_	\$575,000	-	31%	-
Annual incentive award	\$480,000	100%	\$718,750	125%	-	38%
Long-term incentive awards	\$480,000	100%	\$575,000	100%	-	31%
Total	\$1,440,000	-	\$1,868,750	_	31%	69%

Base salary: Mr. Scanlon's salary was raised 20% in 2016 to increase the market competiveness of his overall compensation following a benchmarking analysis.

Annual incentive award: Mr. Scanlon's award opportunity was raised from 100% to 125% of salary to increase the market competiveness of his overall compensation following a benchmarking review. Mr. Scanlon was granted a 2016 Corporate-level award based on our company's consolidated performance. This award had a payout of approximately 83% of target.

Long-term incentive awards: Mr. Scanlon's 2016 award grant was split between 50% PRSUs and 50% stock options. PRSUs granted in 2016 have a three-year performance period and will fully vest in March 2019. Stock options granted in 2016 will vest 25% each year over a four-year period. In addition, based on our company's performance for the three-year period ended December 31, 2016, PRSUs that Mr. Scanlon received in 2014 vested in March 2017 at approximately 170% of target.

Special PRSU award: Mr. Scanlon was granted a special award of additional PRSUs with a value of approximately \$1.8 million in connection with his international assignment to Switzerland. Mr. Scanlon's additional PRSUs will fully vest in 2019 at the same time as the PRSUs that he received as part of his 2016 long-term incentive award. The special PRSUs are not part of Mr. Scanlon's regular compensation and thus are not reflected in the table above.

Retirement and Other Benefits

Our retirement and other benefits are designed to provide a competitive level of post-retirement income and strong incentive for executives to remain with Thomson Reuters throughout their careers. Some of our longer service executives, including Messrs. Smith and Bello and Ms. Stanley, have a supplemental executive retirement plan (SERP) which provides a vested pension benefit as a percentage of final salary based on meeting service and age criteria. We no longer offer SERPs to new executives. For more information about retirement and other pension benefits provided to each named executive officer, please see the "Pension and Other Retirement Benefits" subsection of the "Executive Compensation" section of this circular.

Perquisites and Other Personal Benefits

The HR Committee periodically reviews the perquisites and other personal benefits provided to our executive officers. Over the past few years, we have reduced and eliminated various perquisites and other personal benefits provided to our named executive officers (and other members of senior management) in order to simplify our compensation program, better align with emerging trends and focus on performance-based variable incentives. Only those perquisites which the HR Committee believes provide a significant benefit to our company on a cost-effective basis have been retained.

For our named executive officers, perquisites provided in 2016 consisted of:

- Executive physicals this benefit can be provided by our company on a coordinated basis at a reasonable price to our organization and reduces the risk that we will lose an executive to an unforeseen medical or health issue, while minimizing the amount of time an executive needs to spend away from the office.
- Use of company automobiles this benefit is available to Mr. Smith, who is entitled to use a car and driver, which allows him to devote additional time to Thomson Reuters business.
- Tax and financial planning assistance this benefit allows our named executive officers to utilize the services of a limited number of professional advisors who are familiar with our compensation structure and benefit programs. Thomson Reuters benefits from being able to minimize the number of advisors with which it works.

We offer a package of expatriate benefits to all employees on a company-initiated long-term assignment to a foreign location. These benefits are typically provided in our industry when companies ask their executives to work outside of their home country. Standard benefits for our executives include a housing allowance (if home sale assistance is not provided), a cost of living allowance for relocations between certain countries, health and welfare benefits, shipping and storage costs, tax equalization, tax preparation services and an annual home leave. Mr. Masterson and Mr. Scanlon currently receive expatriate benefits as each of them is on a company-requested long-term assignment to Switzerland. Mr. Masterson's and Mr. Scanlon's expatriate benefits also include car allowances. Mr. Scanlon was also provided with a limited incremental benefit above our standard executive package for an immediate family member who relocated to Switzerland as part of Mr. Scanlon's international assignment. A discussion of expatriate benefits that will be provided to Messrs. Smith and Bello in 2017 is discussed in the "2017 Key Compensation Decisions" section below.

Insurance Policies

Our company provides group life insurance to certain of our U.S. employees in the amount of their annual salary up to a maximum of \$400,000. Employees may increase this coverage at their expense. All of our named executive officers are eligible for this benefit.

Termination Benefits

Each of our named executive officers may be eligible to receive certain payments and benefits if their employment is terminated under certain circumstances. Additional information is provided in the "Termination Benefits" subsection of this circular. The HR Committee believes that potential termination benefits enhance our ability to attract and retain our executive officers. These benefits do not enhance an executive's income while employed at our company and are independent of direct compensation decisions made annually.

Equity Grant Policy

We have an equity grant policy which sets forth approval requirements for off-cycle and annual awards. The following describes our current policy.

Under the policy, the CEO is authorized to approve certain off-cycle awards, depending on the size of the grant and the identity of the particular grantee. Awards that exceed the CEO's approval authority are submitted to the HR Committee. In addition, under the policy, unless we are in a designated closed period or are in possession of material nonpublic information, off-cycle awards are granted on the 10th day of each month.

New hire awards are made on the 10th day of the month following the month in which the grantee commenced employment with Thomson Reuters.

Promotion-related awards are made on the 10th day of the month following the month in which the grantee's promotion was made effective by Thomson Reuters. If we are in a designated closed period or otherwise are in possession of material nonpublic information on the date that a grant would typically be made, then the grant is not made until the 10th day of the month following the month when the closed period ended, or when we are no longer in possession of material nonpublic information.

If the 10th day of the month is not a business day, then the applicable award is made on the next business day that follows the 10th.

Annual grants of annual incentive awards and long-term incentive awards are typically approved at the board's meeting in March of each year.

Insider Trading Policy/Pledging and Hedging Restrictions

Our directors and members of the executive committee are required to obtain pre-clearance prior to trading in Thomson Reuters securities. Directors and executive committee members may only trade in securities of our company during designated open periods when they do not possess material nonpublic information. Our open periods begin on the business day after we release quarterly or annual earnings and end on the last business day of the quarter or year. Directors and executive officers report their transactions in our securities through the System for Electronic Disclosure by Insiders (SEDI) in Canada, which can be accessed at www.sedi.ca. Our directors and executive officers are exempt from reporting their transactions with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as our company is a foreign private issuer for SEC purposes.

Our directors and executive committee members are prohibited from pledging Thomson Reuters securities or holding them in margin accounts.

Our directors, officers and employees are restricted from purchasing financial instruments or otherwise engaging in transactions that are designed to, or have the effect of, hedging or offsetting any decrease in the market value of Thomson Reuters securities. Prohibited transactions of this type including, but not are limited to, trading in puts and calls in Thomson Reuters securities, short sales of Thomson Reuters securities and other types of hedging transactions, such as prepaid variable forward sale contracts, equity swaps and collars.

Performance Graphs

The following graphs compare our cumulative total shareholder return, assuming reinvestment of dividends, of C\$100 and US\$100 invested in our common shares for the periods presented. Our common shares are listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) in U.S. dollars and on the Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX) in Canadian dollars under the symbol "TRI".

Cumulative Value of a C\$100 Investment

A significant portion of our revenues is generated in U.S. dollars and our financial statements are expressed in U.S. dollars. As such, the appreciation of the U.S. dollar relative to the Canadian dollar can have a favorable effect on the value of our Canadian dollar-denominated common shares. Our common shares are included in the S&P/TSX Composite Index.



Cumulative Value of a US\$100 Investment

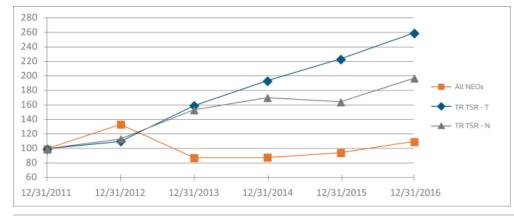


Historic Named Executive Officer Compensation

Over the past five years (from January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2016), the total shareholder return of our U.S. and Canadian-dollar denominated common shares was approximately 98% and 160%, respectively. As reflected in the graph below, 2016 total direct compensation for all of our named executive officers (base salary, annual and long-term incentive awards, but excluding pension values from the Summary Compensation Table) plus special PRSU awards, was lower than the corresponding values in 2012 and just higher than 2011 values. During this same period, the total shareholder return for our U.S. dollar-denominated shares was equivalent to that of the S&P 500 composite index but the total return for our Canadian dollar-denominated shares was well above the S&P/TSX 60 composite index, primarily due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar relative to the Canadian dollar in recent years.

In the graph below, values for 2012 for our named executive officers are higher than other years as they include a number of special TRSU grants related to executive changes. These TRSU grants are not part of an executive's regular annual compensation. 2012 compensation reflected special awards granted for new executive appointments, including Mr. Smith's appointment as our CEO and Mr. Bello's appointment as our CFO. Several other executive officers received TRSU grants in 2012 in connection with promotions that involved increased responsibilities.

We believe that the five-year trend set forth below reflects thoughtful and balanced compensation decision-making related to our CEO and our named executive officers.



2017 Key Compensation Decisions

In connection with their relocations to Toronto in April 2017, our company is entering into international assignment agreements with Messrs. Smith and Bello. The key terms of their packages were discussed with and approved by the HR Committee. We are providing each of them with a set of standard executive-level expatriate benefits, including tax equalization, tax preparation services, health and welfare benefits, shipping and storage costs and an annual home leave. Messrs. Smith and Bello are not being provided with housing allowances (except for temporary housing for a short duration in connection with their moves), nor are they being provided cost of living allowances. We agreed to provide Messrs. Smith and Bello with home sale assistance in connection with their relocations. This means that if either of them are unable to sell their homes in the United States after making reasonable efforts, they may subsequently sell their homes to a third party relocation firm engaged by our company based on an independently appraised value. If Mr. Smith or Mr. Bello voluntarily resign from our company before completing 24 months of their assignments, they would have certain repayment obligations to our company related to expatriate-related payments, allowances and reimbursements received in connection with their assignments.

The HR Committee recently made a number of 2017 compensation decisions:

- In light of various changes made to their compensation packages in 2016 and an evaluation of current market positioning of their compensation, none of our named executive
 officers received a base salary increase for 2017. In addition, our named executive officers were granted 2017 annual and long-term incentive awards with target payouts
 reflected at the same percentages of base salary as their 2016 awards. Annual merit increases were provided to staff across Thomson Reuters below the CEO's Executive
 Committee level.
- To emphasize a greater focus on growth, 2017 annual incentive awards for our named executive officers were weighted 40% on revenue performance, 20% on year-end "book of business" based on annualized contract value (ACV), and 40% on adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures performance. Prior-year annual incentive awards had been weighted 50% on revenue performance and 50% on adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures performance. "Book of business" or ACV is a new metric that is focused on recurring or subscription-based revenue that customers have contractually agreed to for a period of time, generally 12 consecutive months. For 2017 annual incentive awards granted to each of our named executive officers (except the CEO), the HR Committee also included specific performance objectives for each person that are designed to drive individual performance outcomes. These performance in 2018. Historically, award modifications based on performance were occasionally used, but were not specifically tied to individual performance objectives.
- 2017 long-term incentive awards granted to each of our named executive officers continued to be split between 50% stock options and 50% PRSUs. PRSUs granted for the 2017-2019 performance period will continue to be weighted equally between average adjusted EPS performance and average free cash flow per share performance. 2017 long-term incentive awards granted to our named executive officers also included a set of customary restrictive covenants (e.g., non-competition, non-solicitation, non-disparagement and confidentiality). Below the Executive Committee level, long-term incentive awards were split between 50% PRSUs (with the same performance measures described above) and 50% TRSUs. We believe this split provides a better balance between driving long-term financial performance through the PRSUs and supporting employee retention through the TRSUs.
- In addition, to better align our incentive awards with various market practices and to increase executive retention, the HR Committee agreed to modify how various incentive
 awards are treated in the event of termination of employment. These changes include, without limitation, new "double trigger" change in control standards. Additional
 information is provided in the "Termination Benefits" section of this circular.

Executive Compensation

Summary Compensation Table

The table below shows the compensation earned in the last three years by our named executive officers. Total compensation as reflected in the table below includes various items based on grant date fair value of awards as well as accounting and actuarial assumptions, which are not necessarily indicative of actual compensation realized by our named executive officers. To supplement this required disclosure, we have included a supplemental table in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular called "Total Realized Compensation" which shows total actual compensation realized by each named executive officer in 2016.

					Non-equity incentive plan compensation (\$)	Pension value (\$) ⁵	All other compensation (\$) ⁶	Total compensation (\$)
			Share-	Option-				
Name and principal			based	based	Annual			
position	Year	Salary (\$)1	awards (\$) ²	awards (\$) ³	incentive plans4			
James C. Smith	2016	1,591,530	4,400,032	4,400,001	2,651,489	337,000	32,039	13,412,091
President and Chief	2015	1,550,000	2,906,410	2,906,268	3,260,580	31,000	72,230	10,726,488
Executive Officer	2014	1,550,000	2,712,535	2,712,544	2,847,350	(13,000)	31,857	9,841,286
Stephane Bello	2016	990,820	2,500,071	1,000,001	1,031,691	474,000	39,698	6,036,281
Executive Vice President	2015	939,315	925,090	925,012	1,234,964	344,000	32,673	4,401,054
and Chief Financial Officer	2014	912,603	900,194	900,016	1,047,782	266,000	34,112	4,060,707
Deirdre Stanley	2016	821,055	2,419,531	395,500	854,923	303,000	32,496	4,826,505
Executive Vice President,	2015	787,055	387,890	387,525	984,526	274,000	32,121	2,853,117
General Counsel and Secretary	2014	762,603	375,309	375,011	700,450	190,000	27,821	2,431,193
Neil T. Masterson	2016	625,000	2,144,027	312,503	748,398	28,000	30,895	3,888,823
Executive Vice President and	2015	522,603	250,035	250,015	549,673	30,000	22,516	1,624,842
Chief Transformation Officer	2014	500,000	933,320	250,007	459,250	36,000	14,480	2,193,057
Brian L. Scanlon	2016	575,000	2,119,009	287,501	598,719	-	45,212	3,625,441
Executive Vice President and	2015	476,301	232,655	232,501	500,973	-	350,181	1,792,611
Chief Strategy Officer	2014	458,630	913,762	232,542	421,251	-	12,731	2,038,916

1 Annual base salary increases for our named executive officers are usually effective on April 1. As applicable for a particular year, amounts reflected in this table for a named executive officer reflect base salaries earned between January 1 and March 31 at one salary, and base salaries earned between April 1 and December 31 at the increased base salary level. Therefore, base salary amounts in this table for some of our named executive officers differ from base salary information provided in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular.

2 Share-based awards reflect the grant date fair value of PRSUs granted as long-term incentive awards in 2016, 2015 and 2014 for the three year performance periods that end on December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. In addition, these amounts include TRSUs and additional PRSUs that were granted to some of our named executive officers as special awards (which are not part of typical annual compensation), as described in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular. The grant date fair value of all 2016, 2015 and 2014 awards were based on the closing price of our common shares on the NYSE on the date prior to the grant date. Additional information about our long-term incentive awards and special TRSU/PRSU grants is provided in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular.

The following table sets forth the grant date fair value of each named executive officer's annual long-term incentive award and special awards received in 2016.

Name	Annual award (\$)	Special award (\$)	Total (\$)
James C. Smith	4,400,032	_	4,400,032
Stephane Bello	1,000,036	1,500,035	2,500,071
Deirdre Stanley	395,531	2,024,000	2,419,531
Neil T. Masterson	312,527	1,831,500	2,144,027
Brian L. Scanlon	287,509	1,831,500	2,119,009

3 For options granted in 2016, 2015 and 2014, we calculated the grant date fair value based on the closing common share price on the date prior to the grant date and used a Black-Scholes valuation of this share price. The grant date fair value of stock options granted in 2016 annual consolidated financial statements, which are included in our 2016 annual consolidated financial statements, which are included in our 2016 annual consolidated financial statements, which are included in our 2016 annual report. In 2015 and 2014, the underlying Black-Scholes assumptions used to calculate grant date fair value of routing the fair value of the state fair value of the value and accounting fair value.

Grant Date	it Date Fair per option)	plicable re Price	Black- Scholes Valuation	unting Fair per option)		Between Grant Date nd Accounting Fair Value (per option)
March 3, 2016	\$ 3.44	\$ 36.63	9.39%	\$ 3.44		_
March 4, 2015	\$ 3.47	\$ 39.50	8.78%	\$ 3.91	(\$	0.44)
March 5, 2014	\$ 4.73	\$ 34.15	13.86%	\$ 4.50	\$	0.23

The following table sets forth the differences between the grant date fair values and the accounting fair values for options granted in the last three years to each named executive officer

	Grant Date Fair Value vs. Accounting Fair Value				
Name	2016	2015	2014		
James C. Smith	-	(\$370,312)	\$133,639		
Stephane Bello	-	(\$117,864)	\$44,341		
Deirdre Stanley	-	(\$49,378)	\$18,476		
Neil T. Masterson	-	(\$31,857)	\$12,317		
Brian L. Scanlon	-	(\$29,625)	\$11.457		

The number of stock options granted to each named executive officer that were outstanding as of December 31, 2016 is set forth in the "Incentive Plan Awards" subsection that follows later in this circular

4 Annual cash incentive payouts are with respect to performance during 2016, 2015 and 2014. Payouts were made in the first quarter of 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively, following certification of the achievement of applicable performance goals. Additional information is provided in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular.

5 Pension value represents the compensatory portion of the change in the accrued pension obligation. The amount reflected for Mr. Smith in 2016 is primarily service cost as his base salary increase was only slightly higher than the estimated valuation. The amounts reflected for Mr. Bello and Ms. Stanley in 2016 were due to an increase in their base salaries. Additional information is provided in the "Pension and Other Retirement Benefits" section of this circular.

6 All other compensation for 2016 includes the following perguisites

For Mr. Smith, tax and financial planning advice of \$16,280.

For Mr. Bello, tax and financial planning advice of \$20,780. For Ms. Stanley, tax and financial planning advice of \$20,780. For Ms. Stanley, tax and financial planning advice of \$21,980. For Mr. Masterson, tax and financial planning advice of \$21,998. For Mr. Scanlon, tax and financial planning advice of \$15,617 and \$5,805 for relocation costs above our policy for an immediate family member.

All other compensation for 2016 also includes company matching contributions under the U.S. employees' 401(k) retirement savings plan. All other compensation for Mr. Scanlon also includes company contributions to the other defined contribution plan in which he participated.

The value of DSU and RSU dividend equivalents credited or paid to named executive officers is not included within "All other compensation" as the right to receive dividends has been factored into the reported grant date fair value of the awards

Mr. Smith does not receive additional compensation for serving on our board of directors.

Incentive Plan Awards

Outstanding Share-Based Awards and Option-Based Awards

The following table sets forth certain information regarding outstanding stock option and RSU awards granted to our named executive officers as of December 31, 2016. The value of unexercised in-the-money options is based on the difference between the closing price of our common shares on the NYSE on December 30, 2016 (the last trading day of the year) and the exercise price of the applicable option. The market or payout value of share-based awards that have not vested is based on the total of TRSUs and the target amount of PRSUs granted for long-term incentive awards, using the closing price of our common shares on the NYSE on December 30, 2016. PRSU awards may or may not pay out, depending on our company's performance against targets. For more information regarding these awards, please see the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular.

		Option-Bas	ed Awards		Share-Based Awards			
Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Value of Unexercised In-The-Money Options (\$)	Number of Shares or Units of Shares That Have Not Vested (#)	Market or Payout Value of Share- Based Awards That Have Not Vested (\$)	Market or Payout Value of Vested Share- Based Awards Not Paid Out or Distributed (\$)	
James C. Smith	130,210	\$35.22	3/2/2020	\$1,114,598	526,302	\$23,041,502	-	
	130,900	\$38.98	3/2/2021	\$628,320				
	383,890	\$30.85	3/6/2023	\$4,963,698				
	573,090	\$34.15	3/5/2024	\$5,518,857				
	838,000	\$39.50	3/4/2025	\$3,586,640				
	1,279,070	\$36.63	3/3/2026	\$9,145,351				
Stephane Bello	39,090	\$37.15	5/7/2018	\$259,167	299,685	\$13,120,209	-	
	34,280	\$35.22	3/2/2020	\$293,437				
	36,380	\$38.98	3/2/2021	\$174,624				
	42,105	\$30.85	3/6/2023	\$544,418				
	95,075	\$34.15	3/5/2024	\$915,572				
	266,720	\$39.50	3/4/2025	\$1,141,562				
	290,698	\$36.63	3/3/2026	\$2,078,491				
Deirdre Stanley	74,310	\$30.85	3/6/2023	\$960,828	157,996	\$6,917,065	-	
	79,230	\$34.15	3/5/2024	\$762,985				
	111,740	\$39.50	3/4/2025	\$478,247				
	114,971	\$36.63	3/3/2026	\$822,043				
Neil T. Masterson	7,973	\$35.22	3/2/2020	\$68,249	132,379	\$5,795,553	-	
	11,470	\$38.98	3/2/2021	\$55,056				
	41,080	\$28.36	3/7/2022	\$633,454				
	52,820	\$34.15	3/5/2024	\$508,657				
	72,090	\$39.50	3/4/2025	\$308,545				
	90,844	\$36.63	3/3/2026	\$649,535				
Brian L. Scanlon	49,130	\$34.15	3/5/2024	\$473,122	87,619	\$3,835,960	-	
	67,040	\$39.50	3/4/2025	\$286,931				
	83,576	\$36.63	3/3/2026	\$597,568				

The closing price of our common shares on December 30, 2016 (the last trading day of the year) on the NYSE was \$43.78. During 2016, the high and low market prices for our common shares on the NYSE were \$45.68 and \$33.96, respectively.

Restricted Share Units – Aggregate Number and Value

The following table sets forth the aggregate number and the value of RSUs held by our named executive officers as of December 31, 2016, based on the closing price of our common shares on the NYSE on December 30, 2016 (the last trading day of the year). RSU amounts below include additional units received from notional dividend equivalents. In 2016, we granted the following additional units from notional dividend equivalents to our named executive officers: Mr. Smith – 16,659; Mr. Bello – 9,117; Mr. Masterson – 3,777; Ms. Stanley – 3,776; and Mr. Scanlon – 2,363. Those additional units do not vest until the underlying RSUs vest. For additional information about our RSUs, please see the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular.

Name	TRSUs (#)	PRSUs (#)*	Total RSUs(#)*	Value (\$)*
James C. Smith	238,032	288,270	526,302	\$23,041,502
Stephane Bello	175,998	123,687	299,685	\$13,120,209
Deirdre Stanley	74,077	83,919	157,996	\$6,917,065
Neil T. Masterson	57,661	74,718	132,379	\$5,795,553
Brian L. Scanlon	14.638	72.981	87.619	\$3.835.960

* Assumes vesting of PRSUs at the target amount (100%).

Incentive Plan Awards – Value Vested or Earned in 2016

The following table sets forth information regarding incentive plan awards that vested or were earned in 2016. The value of share-based awards reflects the vesting of certain RSUs, including PRSUs for the performance period of January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2016 and TRSUs. The dollar value of these units reflects the number of units vested/earned multiplied by the closing price of our common shares on the NYSE on the vesting date. Non-equity incentive plan compensation reflects the value of annual cash incentive awards earned for 2016. For more information regarding these awards, please see the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular.

	Option-based awards – value	Share-based awards – value vested	Non- equity incentive plan compensation –
Name	vested during the year (\$)	during the year (\$)	value earned during the year (\$)
James C. Smith	1,784,104	3,082,089	2,651,489
Stephane Bello	632,885	643,240	1,031,691
Deirdre Stanley	300,797	283,822	854,923
Neil T. Masterson	123,403	479,942	748,398
Brian L. Scanlon	31,199	144,595	598,719

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2016 regarding our common shares that may be issued under our stock incentive plan. As discussed earlier in this circular, we have proposed that shareholders approve an amendment to the stock incentive plan to increase the maximum number of shares issuable under that plan by 22 million. For more information about our stock incentive plan and other plans under which we may issue common shares, please see the "Stock Incentive Plan Amendment" section earlier in this circular, the "Description of Equity Compensation and Other Plans" section below and Appendix A to this circular.

Plan category	(a) Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights		(b) verage exercise of outstanding options, rants and rights	(c) Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders:				
Stock options	8,208,924	US\$	36.03	_
TRSUs	3,691,914		N/A ¹	_
PRSUs	3,792,926		N/A ¹	_
Total	15,693,764		_	2,788,790
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	_		_	_
Total	15,693,764		-	2,788,790

1 Unlike stock options, RSUs do not have an applicable exercise price.

Description of Equity Compensation and Other Plans

We are authorized to issue common shares under the following plans:

Stock incentive plan;

- Deferred compensation plan; and
- Employee stock purchase plans.

As described earlier in this circular, we are recommending that shareholders approve an additional 22 million common shares to the reserve for the stock incentive plan.

We also maintain a share plan for our non-employee directors but any shares needed to satisfy our obligations under those plans are purchased in the open market, so there is no dilutive effect. In 2016, we discontinued a company stock fund as an investment option in the 401(k) retirement savings plan provided to U.S. employees. Share obligations for the 401(k) retirement savings plan had been purchased in the open market. We also grant cash-based awards under our phantom stock plan.

Copies of our stock incentive plan, deferred compensation plan and employee stock purchase plans are available to any shareholder upon request by writing to: Thomson Reuters, Attention: Associate General Counsel, Corporate & Securities, Metro Center, One Station Place, Stamford, Connecticut 06902, United States.

The tables set forth in Appendix A to this circular provide information regarding the key features of our plans. Our director compensation plan is described in the "About Our Directors – Director Compensation and Share Ownership" section of this circular.

Pension and other Retirement Benefits

The following describes pension and other retirement benefits provided to our named executive officers.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Messrs. Smith, Bello and Masterson and Ms. Stanley participate in a broad based, U.S. defined benefit pension plan which has been closed to new participants since 2006. Mr. Scanlon does not participate in this plan as he joined our company in 2014. The plan is funded by one of our wholly owned U.S. subsidiaries and is qualified under U.S. federal income tax laws. Benefits under the plan are subject to a maximum annual benefit based on eligible compensation limits set forth by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. In 2016, the eligible compensation limit was \$265,000 and the maximum annual benefit limit under the pension plan was \$210,000.

Defined Contribution Plans

Each of our named executive officers participates in a 401(k) retirement savings plan, which provides for company matching contributions to amounts contributed by each of them to the plan. Participating employees can contribute up to 25% of their eligible compensation on a combined before-tax or after-tax basis. For participants in a U.S. defined benefit pension plan (Messrs. Smith, Bello and Masterson and Ms. Stanley), the amount of company matching contributions is 50% of the first 6% of eligible compensation that is contributed by the participant. Employees who do not participate in a U.S. defined benefit pension plan (such as Mr. Scanlon) receive company matching contributions equal to 100% of the first 4% of eligible compensation that they contributed. The maximum before-tax and/or Roth 401(k) contribution that could be made by a participanting employee in 2016 was \$18,000 per year (or \$24,000 per year for participants age 50 and over).

Retirement Plus Plans

We provide a supplemental benefit to Messrs. Smith, Bello and Masterson and Ms. Stanley through a "retirement plus" plan which is an unfunded, non-qualified defined benefit plan. Each of them receive allocations with respect to compensation above the eligible compensation limits imposed by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and subject to a maximum eligible "retirement plus" plan compensation limit of \$300,000. In 2016, the IRS compensation limit was \$265,000. As a result, Messrs. Smith, Bello and Masterson and Ms. Stanley received allocations of \$383, \$997, \$376 and \$384, respectively, in 2016 under this plan. Amounts under this plan are paid from our general assets.

We provide a supplemental benefit to Mr. Scanlon through a separate "retirement plus" plan which is an unfunded, non-qualified defined contribution plan. Mr. Scanlon received a 4% allocation of his base salary over the IRS eligible compensation limit. There is no maximum annual "retirement plus" plan compensation limit for this plan. Amounts under this plan are also paid from our general assets. Mr. Masterson previously participated in this plan when he was employed by our Financial business. Mr. Masterson ceased participating in that plan at the end of 2005 and has not received allocations to that plan since 2006.

SERPs

As an important retention tool, we also provide Messrs. Smith and Bello and Ms. Stanley with a supplemental executive retirement plan (SERP). SERPs require participants to achieve certain years of service with our company and meet specified age requirements in order to receive benefits. Mr. Smith's, Mr. Bello's and Ms. Stanley's SERPs are unfunded, non-qualified defined benefit pension plans under which benefits are paid from our general assets. SERP benefits supplement amounts received by Messrs. Smith and Bello and Ms. Stanley under our other defined benefit plans (i.e., the pension plan and retirement plus plan) and our defined contribution plans, which are funded by company contributions and earnings attributable to such contributions. Messrs. Smith and Bello are currently vested in their SERP benefits and Ms. Stanley will vest in her SERP benefits when she is 55 years old (as she already has at least 10 years of service with our company).

The combined annual benefit under the pension plan, retirement plus plan and SERP for Messrs. Smith and Bello and Ms. Stanley is a pension equal to a percentage of their final base salary, following vesting and commencing upon retirement or termination of employment. This percentage of final base salary is 60% for Mr. Smith and 50% for each of Mr. Bello and Ms. Stanley. For each of them, the benefit amount will be reduced by 5% for each year by which retirement precedes age 62. In certain circumstances, each of Messrs. Smith and Bello and Ms. Stanley will be entitled to a pension upon disability. The annual benefit is payable for life, with

a spousal survivor pension of 50% of the officer's pension. Annual benefit amounts are not subject to reductions for social security benefits.

Defined Benefit Plans Table

The following table sets forth defined benefit plan information related to our named executive officers. Mr. Scanlon does not participate in any of our defined benefit plans.

		Annual b payable					
Name	Number of years credited service (#)	At year end	At age 65	Opening present value of defined benefit obligation (\$)3	Compensatory change (\$)4	Non- compensatory change (\$) ⁵	Closing present value of defined benefit obligation (\$)6
James C. Smith	34.25	960,000	960,000	11,630,000	337,000	971,000	12,938,000
Stephane Bello	15.42	500,000	500,000	4,797,000	474,000	463,000	5,734,000
Deirdre Stanley	14.42	416,000	416,000	3,221,000	303,000	365,000	3,889,000
Neil T. Masterson	14.58	59,000	121,000	281,000	28,000	35,000	344,000

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Annual benefits payable at year-end and at age 65 represent the estimated pension earned for all service to date, and based on total service projected to age 65, respectively. Benefits are calculated based on pensionable earnings used for the 2016 actuarial valuations, projected to retirement for the Accrued Obligation calculations. Benefits are also based on the terms of current retirement agreements. Benefits payable at year-end do not include any reduction that may apply if a named executive officer retires prior to his or her normal retirement date. Annual benefits at age 65 for SERP participants (Messrs. Smith and Bello and Ms. Stanley) are the same at year-end since the benefit under the SERP plan is not service-related. The amount of benefits reported at year-end for Ms. Stanley assumes she will remain with Thomson Reuters until age 55 and that otherwise only the pension plan and defined benefit retirement plus plan benefits in the amount of \$59,000 would be payable. Reported benefit amounts are the amounts payable as joint and survivor annuitles. The accrued obligation represents the value of the projected pension benefit from all pensions earned for all service through December 31, 2015 (measurement date for 2015 year-end disclosure). The key assumptions include a discount rate of 4.40%, a rate of compensation increase of 3.5% and the RP-2015 Mortality Table with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale. Compensatory change includes the interest cost on the accrued obligation and the impact of the change in discount rate for 4.40% to 4.15% and the change in mortality table to the RP-2016 mortality table with MP-2016 generational improvement scale. The accrued obligation represents the estimated value of the projected pension benefit from the pension plan, retirement plus plan and the SERPs earned for all service through December 31, 2016 (measurement date for 2016 year-end disclosure). The key assumptions for the SERP for Messrs. Smith and Bello and Ms. Stanley include a discount rate of 4.15%, a rat 6

Termination Benefits

Potential Payments upon Termination

For severance payments, each of our named executive officers would be entitled to two years of salary continuation in the event of involuntary termination without cause. We typically pay severance in accordance with our standard payroll practices, as opposed to in a lump sum.

For annual cash incentive awards, pursuant to plan terms and conditions, if a named executive officer's employment ended due to involuntary termination without cause, death, disability or a change of control, then he or she would ordinarily be entitled to receive a pro-rated payment based on the number of days worked in the year. Annual cash incentive payments are made following completion of the financial year, after measuring our company's actual performance against predetermined goals. Each of our named executive officers would not receive an annual cash incentive award if his or her employment ended due to involuntary termination for cause or voluntary termination/resignation.

The tables that follow in this section related to stock options, TRSUs and PRSUs each assume that each named executive officer has agreed to a set of restrictive covenants (e.g., non-compete, non-solicit, non-disparagement and confidentiality obligations) as part of award terms and conditions or as part of a separation agreement with our company. 2017 long-term incentive awards granted to each of our named executive officers included restrictive covenants.

For stock options, pursuant to award terms and conditions, unvested options would vest or be forfeited as set forth below.

Termination Event	Vested Options	Unvested Options	Exercise Period
Voluntary resignation	Remain exercisable	Forfeited	The earlier of 3 months from the termination date or the grant expiration date
Involuntary termination for Cause	Forfeited	Forfeited	N/A
Involuntary termination without Cause	Remain exercisable	One additional vesting period (standard vesting is 25% in each of the first four years of the award) is accelerated and exercisable upon termination and the remaining unvested options are forfeited	The earlier of 3 months from the termination date or the grant expiration date
Sale of the holder's business	Remain exercisable	The board or HR Committee shall meet to determine the appropriate treatment of any unvested options	The earlier of 1 year from the involuntary termination without cause date or the grant expiration date
A Change of Control of Thomson Reuters (based on the surviving, successor or acquiring company assuming options or substituting similar awards)	Remain exercisable	Fully vested upon a "double trigger" (involuntary termination without cause within two years following a Change of Control (as described below))	The earlier of 1 year from the involuntary termination without cause date or the grant expiration date
Normal Retirement	Remain exercisable	Continue to vest on the original vesting date(s); provided that the options have been outstanding for at least six months when Normal Retirement occurs. If the options have not been outstanding for that period, they would be forfeited.	Options outstanding for 7 years or more: earlier of 1 year from Normal Retirement or expiration of the option Options outstanding for less than 7 years: 7 years from
Early Retirement	Remain exercisable	Partially vested, reduced by 5% for each year that the holder retired prior to Normal Retirement; provided that the options have been outstanding for at least six months when Early Retirement occurs. If the options have not been outstanding for that period, they would be forfeited.	the grant date The earlier of 1 year from the Early Retirement date or the grant expiration date
Disability	Remain exercisable	Fully vested	1 year
Death	Remain exercisable	Fully vested	1 year

For TRSUs, pursuant to award terms and conditions, units would vest or be forfeited as set forth below.

Termination Event	Unvested TRSUs
Voluntary resignation	Forfeited
Involuntary termination for Cause	Forfeited
Involuntary termination without Cause	Pro rata vesting based on active service as an Employee (measured in calendar days from the grant date to the termination date). Vesting would occur on the termination date.
Sale of the holder's business	The board or HR Committee shall meet to determine the appropriate treatment of any unvested TRSUs
A Change of Control of Thomson Reuters (based on the surviving, successor or acquiring company assuming TRSUs or substituting	Full wasted was a lide blacking of Gaster)
similar awards)	Fully vested upon a "double trigger" (involuntary termination without cause within two years following a Change of Control)
Normal Retirement	Fully vested on the original vesting date(s), provided that the TRSUs have been outstanding for at least six months. If the TRSUs have not been outstanding for that period, they would be forfeited.
Early Retirement	Pro rata vesting based on active service as an Employee (measured in calendar days) during the award period, provided that the TRSUs have been outstanding for at least six months. Vesting would occur on the termination date. If the TRSUs have not been outstanding for that period, they would be forfeited.
Disability	Fully vested
Death	Fully vested

For PRSUs, pursuant to award terms and conditions, units would vest or be forfeited as set forth below.

Termination Event	Unvested PRSUs
Voluntary resignation	Forfeited
Involuntary termination for Cause	Forfeited
Involuntary termination without Cause	Pro rata vesting based on active service as an Employee (measured in calendar days) during the performance period. Performance factor applied at the end of the performance period. Vesting would occur on the original vesting date(s).
Sale of the holder's business	The board or HR Committee shall meet to determine the appropriate treatment of any unvested PRSUs
A Change of Control of Thomson Reuters (based on the surviving, successor or acquiring company assuming PRSUs or substituting	If a Change of Control occurs during first two years of the three year performance period, PRSUs will be converted to TRSUs at 100% of target performance and become vested on the original vesting date.
similar awards)	If a Change of Control occurs during year three of the three year performance period, PRSUs will be converted to TRSUs based on estimated performance and become vested on the original vesting date.
	"Double trigger"—if a holder ceases to be an Employee as a result of involuntary termination without cause within two years following a Change of Control, then all of outstanding TRSUs (which were converted from PRSUs at the time of the Change of Control) shall become fully vested on the date that the holder ceased to be an Employee.
Normal Retirement	Continue to vest on the original vesting date(s) based on actual performance if the PRSUs have been outstanding for at least six months at the time of Normal Retirement. If the PRSUs have not been outstanding for at least six months when Normal Retirement occurs, they would be forfeited.
Early Retirement	Pro rata vesting based on active service as an Employee (measured in calendar days) during the performance period. Performance factor applied at the end of the performance period, assuming PRSUs been outstanding for at least six months at the time of Early Retirement. If the PRSUs have not been outstanding for at least six months when Early Retirement occurs, they would be forfeited.
Disability	Pro rata vesting based on active service as an Employee (measured in calendar days) during the performance period. Performance factor applied at the end of the performance period. Vesting would occur on the original vesting date(s).
Death	Pro rata vesting based on active service as an Employee (measured in calendar days) during the performance period. Performance factor applied at the end of the performance period. Vesting would occur on the original vesting date(s).

A "Change of Control" for purposes of our incentive plan awards would occur in the following circumstances: (i) all or substantially all of the assets of our company are sold, assigned or transferred other than to a subsidiary; (ii) a change in a majority of our board members; (ii) 50% or more of our company's outstanding voting securities are acquired by someone other than Woodbridge; or (iv) a going private transaction results in Woodbridge owning more than 50% of our company's outstanding voting securities.

The Change of Control treatment described in the tables above is based on the surviving, successor or acquiring company assuming our outstanding incentive plan awards or substituting similar options or awards for our outstanding incentive plan awards. If the surviving, successor or acquiring company does not assume our outstanding incentive plan awards, or our board otherwise determines, our incentive plan awards will generally vest.

In the event of a Change of Control, our board also has the power to (i) modify the terms of our annual incentive awards as it considers fair and appropriate to participants; (ii) modify the terms of our annual incentive awards to assist participation in the actual or potential Change of Control event; or (iii) terminate annual incentive awards not exercised or settled following the Change of Control.

For pensions, Messrs. Smith, Bello and Masterson and Ms. Stanley would not be entitled to incremental pension-related payments or benefits in connection with a termination of employment. Information regarding their pension benefits is included in the "Defined Benefits Plans Table" earlier in this circular. As noted in the "Pension and Other Retirement Benefits" section of this circular, Mr. Scanlon does not participate in our defined benefit pension plans.

For benefits, each named executive officer would be entitled to continuation of executive physicals, tax, financial planning and outplacement assistance and continuation of generally available health and welfare benefits during the applicable period following termination.

Messrs. Smith and Bello are currently eligible for early retirement.

Our named executive officers do not have a right to receive a gross-up for any taxes that might be due upon termination.

In the event of termination without cause, each named executive officer would be required to provide a release and waiver of employment and other claims in favor of our company in connection with receiving severance benefits.

Amounts actually received should any of the named executive officers cease to be employed will vary based on factors such as the timing during the year of any such event, our share price, the executive's age, the circumstances of termination and any changes to our benefit arrangements and policies.

Each named executive officer may be eligible to receive certain incremental payments and benefits upon termination of employment under various circumstances. The table below includes the value of incremental compensation that would be available to each named executive officer upon the applicable specified event. Payments and benefits contemplated by plan or award terms and conditions are not reflected in the table.

The amounts in the table assume that:

The officer left our company on December 31, 2016; and

The price per share of our common shares on the NYSE on that date was \$43.78 (which reflects the closing price on December 30, 2016, which was the last trading day of the year).

Estimated incremental values

			Involuntary			Qualifying
	Involuntary		termination for cause or			termination following a
	Termination		voluntary	Termination for	Death or	Change of
	without cause	Retirement	resignation	good reason	Disability	control
James C. Smith						
Severance	\$3,200,000	-	_	-	_	\$3,200,000
Equity-based compensation		_	_	-	_	
Pension	_	-	-	-	_	-
Benefits	\$80,000	\$30,000	-	-	\$30,000	-
Total	\$3,280,000	\$30,000	-	-	\$30,000	\$3,200,000
Stephane Bello						
Severance	\$2,000,000	-	-	-	-	\$2,000,000
Equity-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pension	_	-	-	-	_	-
Benefits	\$80,000	-	-	-	\$30,000	-
Total	\$2,080,000	-		-	\$30,000	\$2,000,000
Deirdre Stanley						
Severance	\$1,662,000	_	-	_	_	\$1,662,000
Equity-based compensation		-	-	-	_	
Pension	_	_	-	-	-	_
Benefits	\$80,000	_	-	_	\$30,000	_
Total	\$1,742,000	_	_	-	\$30,000	\$1,662,000
Neil T. Masterson		1	i i			
Severance	\$1,250,000	_	-	_	_	\$1,250,000
Equity-based compensation	_	_	-	_	_	_
Pension	_	_	-	_	_	_
Benefits	\$80.000	_	-	-	\$30,000	_
Total	\$1,330,000	-	-	-	\$30,000	\$1,250,000
Brian L. Scanlon						
Severance	\$1,150,000	_	-	-	-	\$1,150,000
Equity-based compensation		-	_	-	_	
Pension	_	-	_	-	_	-
Benefits	\$80,000	-	-	_	\$30,000	_
Total	\$1,230,000	_		-	\$30,000	\$1,150,000

Indebtedness of Officers, Directors and Employees

As of March 16, 2017, none of our current or former executive officers or directors were indebted to our company or any of our subsidiaries. The following table sets forth certain indebtedness (other than "routine indebtedness" under applicable Canadian securities laws) of the current and former officers, directors and employees of our company and our subsidiaries as of March 16, 2017. A significant portion of the indebtedness reflected in the table below is owed by current employees to certain of our subsidiaries in connection with a business unit-level compensation arrangement.

Aggregate Indebtednes	S	
Purpose	To Thomson Reuters or its subsidiaries	To another entity
Share purchases	-	_
Other	Approximately \$1.0 million	_

Directors' and Officers' Indemnification and Insurance

We provide indemnification to our directors to the extent permitted by applicable laws and regulations

Under the Business Corporations Act (Ontario) (OBCA), our company may indemnify a present or former director or officer or another individual who acts or acted at our company's request as a director or officer or an individual acting in a similar capacity of another entity, against all costs, charges and expenses, including an amount paid to settle an action or satisfy a judgment, reasonably incurred by the individual in respect of any civil, criminal, administrative, investigative or other proceeding to which the individual is involved because of that association with our company or other entity, if the individual acted honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of our company or, as the case may be, to the best interests of the other entity for which the individual acted as a director or officer or in a similar capacity at our company's request, and, in the case of a criminal or administrative action or proceeding that is enforced by a monetary penalty, such individual had reasonable grounds for believing that his or her conduct was lawful.

Pursuant to our organizational documents, we are required to indemnify the individuals referred to above and the heirs and legal representatives of such individuals to the extent permitted by the OBCA.

We maintain, at our expense, a directors' and officers' liability insurance policy that provides protection for our directors and officers against liability incurred by them in their capacities as such. This policy provides for a limit of up to \$100 million for each claim and \$100 million in the aggregate and there is no deductible for this coverage. The insurance applies in circumstances where we may not indemnify our directors and officers for their acts or omissions. Annual gross premiums paid by our company relating to directors' and officers' liability insurance are currently approximately \$1.7 million.

Additional Information

Non-IFRS Financial Measures

Certain financial measures discussed in this circular, such as revenues before currency, underlying operating profit margin, free cash flow, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures, adjusted earnings per share (EPS) and return on invested capital (ROIC), are non-International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) financial measures. In the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this circular, we explain why we use certain non-IFRS measures as part of our annual and long-term incentive awards. For reconciliations to the most directly comparable IFRS measure, please see the MD&A section of our 2016 annual report. Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures and free cash flow, as discussed in this circular and as used for incentive compensation purposes only, are reconciled to earnings from continuing operations and net cash provided by operating activities, respectively, as disclosed and reconciled in our 2016 annual MD&A. Additionally, when we use the terms "organic" and "organically", we are referring to our existing businesses. Non-IFRS financial measures do not have any standardized meanings prescribed by IFRS and therefore are unlikely to be comparable to the calculation of similar measures used by other companies, and should not be viewed as alternatives to measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with IFRS.

Communication with the Board

Shareholders and other interested parties may contact the board or its non-management or independent directors as a group, or the directors who preside over their meetings, by writing to them c/o Deirdre Stanley, Executive Vice President, General Counsel & Secretary, Thomson Reuters, 3 Times Square, New York, New York 10036, United States.

2017 Annual and Special Meeting – Questions from Shareholders

At the annual and special meeting, shareholders in attendance will be provided with an opportunity to ask questions to our board, CEO and CFO. If you are a shareholder who is viewing the meeting by webcast or is unable to attend this year's meeting in person but have a question, you may e-mail your question to investor.relations@thomsonreuters.com or mail your question to the Executive Vice President, General Counsel & Secretary at the address noted above in the "Communication with the Board" section. While we will seek to respond to as many shareholder questions as possible at the meeting, we cannot assure you that all questions will be able to be addressed at the meeting. If we are unable to address your question at the meeting, we will separately provide a response to you.

Where to find Corporate Governance and Continuous Disclosure Documents

Our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, corporate governance guidelines and charters for the Audit Committee, Corporate Governance Committee and HR Committee and position descriptions for the Chairman, Lead Independent Director, CEO and the Chair of each committee are available in print free of charge to any shareholder who requests a copy in writing to: Thomson Reuters, Attention: Investor Relations Department, Metro Center, One Station Place, Stamford, Connecticut 06902, United States or by an e-mail request sent to investor.relations@thomsonreuters.com. These documents are also available on our website, www.thomsonreuters.com.

Financial information about our company is provided in our consolidated financial statements and MD&A. You can obtain copies of these financial statements and MD&A by contacting our Investor Relations Department by mail or e-mail as indicated in the paragraph immediately above. You can also find these financial statements and MD&A on our website, www.thomsonreuters.com. Additional information regarding our Audit Committee that is required to be disclosed pursuant to Canadian Securities Administrators Multilateral Instrument Form 52-110F1 is included in our 2016 annual report.

You may access other information about our company, including our continuous disclosure materials, reports, statements and other information that we file with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities through SEDAR at www.sedar.com and in the United States with the SEC through EDGAR at www.sec.gov. A copy of our corporate governance guidelines has been filed on SEDAR and EDGAR and is incorporated by reference in this circular.

Under NYSE listing standards, we are required to disclose any significant ways in which our corporate governance practices differ from those required to be followed by U.S. domestic companies under NYSE listing standards. There is only one significant difference between our corporate governance practices and those required of domestic companies under NYSE listing standards require shareholder approval of all "equity compensation plans" and material revisions to these types of plans (with limited exceptions). TSX rules require shareholder approval of security based compensation arrangements only for plans which involve newly issued shares or specified amendments to the plans. Similar to a number of other Canadian issuers, our company follows the TSX rules.

Additional Director Disclosure

Since 1992, Mr. Olisa has been chairman of two boutique merchant banks that provide advisory services to technology companies, some of which are or have been early stage. Mr. Olisa serves on the board of directors of a number of these companies. He was previously a director of Axellis Limited which was dissolved after liquidation proceedings in the U.K. in 2012.

Thomson Reuters Trust Principles and Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company

Our company is dedicated to upholding the Thomson Reuters Trust Principles and to preserving its independence, integrity and freedom from bias in the gathering and dissemination of information and news.

The Thomson Reuters Trust Principles are:

- That Thomson Reuters shall at no time pass into the hands of any one interest, group or faction;
- That the integrity, independence and freedom from bias of Thomson Reuters shall at all times be fully preserved;
- That Thomson Reuters shall supply unbiased and reliable news services to newspapers, news agencies, broadcasters and other media subscribers and to businesses,
- governments, institutions, individuals and others with whom Thomson Reuters has or may have contracts;
- That Thomson Reuters shall pay due regard to the many interests which it serves in addition to those of the media; and
- That no effort shall be spared to expand, develop and adapt the news and other services and products of Thomson Reuters so as to maintain its leading position in the international news and information business.

Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company was established in 1984 when Reuters became a public company. The directors of the Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company have a duty to ensure, to the extent possible, that the Thomson Reuters Trust Principles are complied with. We have issued a Founders Share to the Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company which enables it to exercise extraordinary voting power to safeguard the Thomson Reuters Trust Principles. The directors of the Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company are experienced and eminent people from the world of politics, diplomacy, media, public service and business. They generally have all held high offices in their respective sectors. The directors are selected by a nomination committee and proposed to the board of the Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company for appointment. The nomination committee also has unique features. Two of its members are judges from the European Court of Human Rights and assist in scrutinizing candidates' suitability. Our board currently has two representatives on the nomination committee. The chairman and deputy chairman of the Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company are members of the nomination committee, and the chairman appoints three other directors of the Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company as experienced and the nomination committee. Under a Thomson Reuters Trust Principles Support Agreement, Woodbridge has agreed to support the Thomson Reuters Trust Principles and to exercise its voting rights to give effect to this support. For additional information about the Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company, as a schairman of the Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company, its directors and a Founders Share Company, has issued to the Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company, its directors and a Founders Share Company has issued to the Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company, please see our 2016 annual report.

Share Repurchases

In 2016, we filed a notice of intention to make a normal course issuer bid to enable us to purchase up to 37.5 million common shares. The notice provides that we may purchase these shares between May 30, 2016 and May 29, 2017 at prevailing market prices in amounts and at times to be determined by our company. We may make purchases through the TSX or the NYSE and/or other exchanges and alternative trading systems, if eligible, or by such other means as may be permitted by the TSX and/or NYSE or under applicable law by a registered investment dealer (or an affiliate of the dealer), including private agreement purchases if we receive an issuer bid exemption order from applicable securities regulatory authorities in Canada for such purchases. Common shares that we purchase under the bid are cancelled. In 2016, we repurchased 41,909,842 common shares at an average price per share of \$39.91. A copy of the notice of intention (as originally filed and as amended) is available at www.sedar.com and www.sec.gov and may also be obtained without charge from our Investor Relations Department at the address listed above.

Directors' Approval

The board of directors of Thomson Reuters Corporation has approved the contents of this circular and the mailing of the circular to our shareholders.

Dendre Starley

Deirdre Stanley Executive Vice President, General Counsel & Secretary March 23, 2017

Appendix A

Stock Incentive Plan	
Eligibility	Any employee or officer of Thomson Reuters (as may be determined by the HR Committee). Directors who are not employees or officers of our company are not eligible to participate in the plan.
Purpose	Provide an additional incentive to participants, encourage stock ownership by them and thereby increase their proprietary interest in our company's success and their desire to remain with Thomson Reuters.
Maximum number of shares issuable	50,000,000 shares; provided that if shareholder approval is received at the meeting, the maximum number of shares issuable will increase to 72,000,000
Shares issued as of December 31, 2016	31,814,697 shares, representing approximately 4.4% of our total issued and outstanding shares
Shares available for issue as of December 31, 2016	18,185,303 shares. In 2016, we issued approximately 5.1 million shares under the plan, which represented approximately 0.70% of our total issued and outstanding shares as of year-end.
Stock options and RSUs granted in 2016	Total awards granted in 2016 represented approximately 0.71% of our total issued and outstanding shares as of year-end. Of this amount, options granted in 2016 represented approximately 0.38% and RSUs granted in 2016 represented approximately 0.33%.
Total stock options and RSUs outstanding as of December 31, 2016	Total awards outstanding as of year-end 2016 represented approximately 2.12% of our total issued and outstanding shares. Of this amount, options outstanding as of year-end represented approximately 0.99%.
Other limits	The maximum number of shares that may be issued under the stock incentive plan is 50,000,000. Shares may consist, in whole or in part, of common shares issued from treasury or purchased on the open market or any combination thereof. As noted above, the maximum will be increased to 72,000,000 if shareholder approval is received.
	If shareholder approval is received at the meeting to add 22,000,000 shares to the stock incentive plan, the maximum number of new shares plus shares available as of December 31, 2016 for future grants that may be issued in connection with RSUs will not exceed 14,873,200 shares.
	The maximum number of shares that may be issued under plan awards held by any one person under the plan must not exceed 5% of our outstanding common shares determined on a non-diluted basis. The maximum number of shares for which plan awards may be granted and which may be otherwise awarded under the plan to any individual during any one-year period is 5,000,000.
	The number of shares issued to "insiders" and their "associates" within any one-year period under the plan and any other security based compensation arrangement of Thomson Reuters cannot exceed 5% of the aggregate number of our issued and outstanding shares on a non-diluted basis. The maximum number of shares issuable to "insiders", at any time, under the plan and any other share based compensation arrangement of Thomson Reuters cannot exceed 10% of the aggregate number of our issued and outstanding shares on a non-diluted basis.
	The maximum number of shares that may be issued through incentive stock options (ISOs) under the plan is 5,000,000. We may not issue ISOs under the plan at this time.
	Shares subject to awards which are cancelled, expired, forfeited or terminated without having been exercised are available for new awards under the stock incentive plan.
Types of awards that may be issued	Non-qualified stock options, SARs, awards of RSUs and other awards of shares based on the value of shares. Through March 16, 2017, we have only issued non-qualified stock options and RSUs under this plan. We issue SARs under our separate phantom stock plan.
Maximum option term	10-year expiration date from the date of grant.
Exercise price of options	Equal to the closing price of our shares on the NYSE on the trading day immediately preceding the date of the grant.
Vesting and exercise of options	Stock options must be vested before they can be exercised. Options vest 25% each year over a four year period.

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Stock Incentive Plan	
Expiration of options	Options, SARs and RSUs cease to be exercisable according to the terms of the applicable award agreement, or as may be determined by the HR Committee, in the event that a participant ceases to be an employee or officer of Thomson Reuters. Options, RSUs and PRSUs granted in 2016 are subject to early expiration or vesting in certain circumstances, including death, disability, retirement and termination. If options or SARs would otherwise expire during a blackout period, the term will be extended until 10 business days after conclusion of such blackout period.
Plan amendments and changes	 The board and/or the HR Committee may make any amendments to the plan or any outstanding award without seeking shareholder approval (including, but not limited to, minor "housekeeping" changes, changes to comply with applicable laws and changes to vesting provisions of awards), except for an amendment which: increases the maximum number of shares that can be issued under the plan, including an increase to a fixed number of such shares to a fixed maximum percentage; Increases the maximum number of shares that can be issued pursuant to RSUs; increases the maximum number of shares that can be issued under the awards held by a participant; reduces the exercise price of an award (including a cancellation and re-grant of an award, constituting a reduction of the exercise price of such award), except in connection with maintaining the value of an award in connection with a change in the number of the outstanding common shares by reason of a stock dividend or split, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, amalgamation, consolidation, combination or exchange of shares or other corporate change affecting such shares; extends the term of an award beyond its original expiry date, except where the expiry date would have occurred in a blackout period; changes the provisions relating to the transferability of an award, other than for a transfer by will or the laws of descent and distribution, a transfer by a grantee to an entity which is controlled by the grantee or a transfer to a former spouse or obmestic partner in connection with a legal obligation or extending common shares by reason of a stock dividend or split, recapitalization, comsolidation, combination or settlement; extends the provisions relating to adjustments in the number or kind of shares or securities reserved for issuance or subject to outstanding awards o the exercise price, in the event of any change in the number of the outstanding common shares by reason of a stock dividend or spli
Exercise process	Cashless exercises permitted, as well as cash payments. For a cashless exercise of options, the participant will receive the net number of shares equal to the in-the-money amount of the options (less applicable taxes). The number of options exercised will be deducted from the share reserve.
Transfers and assignments	Not possible other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution, a transfer by a participant to an entity which is controlled by a participant or a transfer to a former spouse or domestic partner of a participant in connection with a legal obligation or settlement.

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Management Proxy Circular and Notice of Annual and Special Meeting of Shareholders

Phantom Stock Plan	
Eligibility	Any employee or officer of Thomson Reuters (as may be determined by the HR Committee). Non-employee directors are not eligible to participate in the plan.
Purpose	If tax or securities regulations make it impracticable or inefficient to make grants under the stock incentive plan, we may allocate units under this plan to executive officers and senior employees.
Maximum number of shares issuable	Not applicable, since all awards are cash-based.
Issued as of December 31, 2016	Not applicable, since all awards are cash-based.
Available for issue as of December 31, 2016	Not applicable, since all awards are cash-based.
Types of awards that may be issued	SARs and other cash-based awards.
Maximum SAR term	10-year expiration date from the date of grant.
Exercise price of SARs	Equal to the closing price of our shares on the trading day immediately preceding the date of the grant.
Vesting and exercise of SARs	SARs must be vested before they can be exercised. SARs vest 25% each year over a four year period.
Expiration of SARs	Identical to the provisions of the stock incentive plan described above.
Plan amendments and changes	Substantially similar to the provisions of the stock incentive plan described above.
Exercise process	Election made to Corporate Human Resources Department; no payments due upon exercise.
Transfers and assignments	Identical to the provisions of the stock incentive plan described above.
Deferred Compensation Plan	
Eligibility	Limited number of key executives in the United States.
Purpose	Provide specified benefits to a select group of senior management who contribute materially to the continued growth, development and future business success of Thomson Reuters.
Maximum number of shares issuable	7,000,000 shares
Shares issued as of December 31, 2016	1,119,563 shares, representing approximately 0.15% of our total issued and outstanding shares.
Shares available for issue as of December 31, 2016	5,880,437 shares
Types of equity-based awards that may be issued	Deferred share units (DSUs)
Types of deferrals	Annual base salary as well as annual/long-term incentive awards.
Election process	Irrevocable elections to participate in the plan are made before the beginning of the year.
Value of DSUs	Deferred cash can be converted into DSUs based on the closing price of our common shares on the day before the deferral or conversion. If a participant elects to hold DSUs, we credit his or her plan account with a 10% DSU match, which matching units generally vest over a period of four years. DSUs accumulate notional equivalents of dividends paid on our common shares.
Plan amendments and changes	Substantially similar to the provisions of the stock incentive plan described above.
Vesting process	Participants are automatically vested in their DSUs. Matching DSUs vest as described above.
	Substantially similar to the provisions of the stock incentive plan described above.

Employee Stock Purchase Plans	
Eligibility	Designated employees in the United States, United Kingdom, Canada and other countries.
Purpose	Provide eligible employees with an opportunity to purchase shares and to further align their interests with those of our shareholders.
Maximum number of shares issuable	21,000,000 shares (comprised of 15,000,000 for U.S. employee stock purchase plan and 6,000,000 for global employee stock purchase plan).
Shares issued as of December 31, 2016	12,486,749 shares, representing approximately 1.7% of our total issued and outstanding shares.
Shares available for issue as of	8,513,251 shares, comprised of 5,411,050 shares for the U.S. ESPP and 3,102,201 for the global ESPP.
December 31, 2016	
Types of equity-based awards that	Common shares
may be issued	
ESPP - key terms	 The ESPP is voluntary. Eligible employees contribute to the ESPP through payroll deductions by designating from 1% to 10% of eligible compensation to be withheld. On the last business day of each calendar quarter, we use accumulated payroll deductions to buy common shares for participants. The price paid for shares is 85% of the closing price (i.e., a 15% discount) of our common shares on the NYSE on the last trading day of the quarter. Non-U.S. participants purchase shares in the local foreign currency equivalent of this amount. A minimum holding period applies to all shares purchased under the ESPP, unless participants in a particular country are exempted from this requirement due to legal, regulatory or tax considerations. While a participant is a Thomson Reuters employee, if he or she is subject to a holding period, then shares purchased at the end of a calendar quarter may not be sold until the next quarterly offering period ends. Employees may elect to change or suspend payroll deductions during each quarterly offering period and may elect to withdraw from the ESPP at least 10 business days before a quarterly purchase date. If an individual ceases to be an eligible employee of Thomson Reuters, he or she is considered to have withdrawn from the ESPP that have not been used to purchase shares.
Plan amendments and changes	Substantially similar to the provisions of the stock incentive plan described above.
Transfers and assignments	Not possible other than by the laws of descent and distribution.

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THOMSON REUTERS

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www.thomsonreuters.com

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the answer company™ THOMSON REUTERS®



Computershare

8th Floor, 100 University Avenue Toronto, Ontario M5J 2Y1, Canada Facsimile 1-866-249-7775 416-263-9524 www.computershare.com

Security Class

Holder Account Number

Fold

Form of Proxy - Annual and Special Meeting of Shareholders to be held on Wednesday, May 3, 2017

Meeting location: Roy Thomson Hall, 60 Simcoe Street, Toronto, Ontario, Canada Time: 12:00 p.m. (Eastern Daylight Time)

Notes to Proxy Form

- Notes to Proxy Form Every holder has the right to appoint some other person of their choice, who need not be a holder, to attend and act on their behalf at the meeting. If you wish to appoint a person other than the persons whose names are printed herein, please insert the name of your chosen proxyholder in the space provided (see reverse). A proxyholder need not be a shareholder of Thomson Reuters Corporation.
- If the shares are registered in the name of more than one owner (for example, joint ownership, trustees, executors, etc.), then all those registered should sign this proxy form. If you
 are voting on behalf of a corporation or another individual, you may be required to provide documentation evidencing your power to sign this proxy form with signing capacity stated.
- 3. This proxy form should be signed in the exact manner as the name appears on the proxy form.
- 4. If this proxy form is not dated, it will be deemed to bear the date on which it is mailed by Thomson Reuters to the holder.
- 5. The shares represented by this proxy form will be voted or withheld from voting as directed by the holder. In the absence of such directions, shares represented by proxy forms received by Management will be voted FOR items 1 through 4 and in favor of Management's proposals generally.
- 6. This proxy form should be read in conjunction with the Notice of Annual and Special Meeting of Shareholders and Management Proxy Circular. Information contained in or otherwise accessible through the websites mentioned in this proxy form does not form part hereof, and the references to the websites are inactive textual references only.

Proxy forms submitted must be received by Computershare by 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Daylight Time) on May 1, 2017.

VOTE USING THE TELEPHONE OR INTERNET 24 HOURS A DAY 7 DAYS A WEEK!

 Call the number listed BELOW from a touch tone telephone. 1-866-732-VOTE (8683) Toll Free



To Receive Documents Electronically You can enroll to receive future securityholde communications electronically by visiting www.investorcentre.com and clicking at the bottom of the page.

If you vote by telephone or the Internet, DO NOT mail back this proxy form.

Voting by mail may be the only method for securities held in the name of a corporation or securities being voted on behalf of another individual. Voting by mail or by Internet are the only methods by which a holder may appoint a person as proxyholder other than the individuals named on the reverse of this proxy form. Instead of maing this proxy form, or may on the volving methods outlined above to vote this proxy other than the individuals.

To vote by telephone or the Internet, you will need to provide your CONTROL NUMBER listed below.

CONTROL NUMBER

01AITA

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ppointment of Proxyho Ve being holder(s) of commo proration hereby appoint: 0 net, both being directors of Th	older on shares of Thomsor David Thomson, or failin	n Reuters	Print the nam	me of the person ointing if it is				•
ch proxyholder's discretion wit at may properly come before t	th respect to any amend the Annual and Special I	d to vote in accordance with th dments to matters referred to ir Meeting of Shareholders of Th (ht Time), and at any adjournm	in the accompanying Notice on nomson Reuters to be held at	of Annual and Special Me at Roy Thomson Hall, 60 3	eeting of Shareholders as w	ell as all oth	er matters	
e Board of Directors and Man Election of Directors	agement recommend th	hat shareholders VOTE FOR it	lems 1 through 4 below.					
elect each of the following inc	dividuals as directors of For With		For	Withhold		For	Withhold	
. David Thomson		05. W. Edmund Clar	rk, C.M.	09. Kristin	n C. Peck			Fold
James C. Smith		06. Michael E. Danie	els 🗌	10. Barry	Salzberg			
. Sheila C. Bair		07. Ken Olisa, OBE		11. Peter	J. Thomson			
. David W. Binet		08. Vance K. Opperr	man 🗌	12. Wulf 1	on Schimmelmann			
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Advisory Resolution								
accept, on an advisory basis,	the approach to execut	ive compensation described in	the accompanying Manager	ment Proxy Circular.				Fold
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NOTICE OF AVAILABILITY OF PROXY MATERIALS FOR THE 2017 THOMSON REUTERS CORPORATION ANNUAL AND SPECIAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

To our shareholders,

We are using the "notice-and-access" system for delivery of this year's proxy materials, similar to last year's meeting. Under notice-and-access, you still receive a proxy or voting instruction form enabling you to vote at our meeting. However, instead of a paper copy of the management proxy circular and other proxy materials, you have received this notice which contains information about how to access these materials electronically on our website, www.thomsonreuters.com. Electronic delivery reduces the cost and environmental impact of producing and distributing paper copies of documents in very large quantities. It also provides shareholders with faster access to information about Thomson Reuters. Shareholders who have already signed up for electronic delivery of proxy materials will continue to receive them by e-mail.

MEETING DATE AND LOCATION

 WHEN:
 Wednesday, May 3, 2017
 WHERE:
 Roy Thomson Hall

 12:00 p.m. (Eastern Daylight Time)
 60 Simcoe Street

 Toronto, Ontario M5J 2H5, Canada

WHO CAN VOTE

Holders of our common shares as of 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Daylight Time) on March 16, 2017.

BUSINESS OF THE MEETING

This year's meeting will cover the following items of business:

	Item of Business	Highlights	Board Vote Recommendation
1	Financial statements	 Receipt of our 2016 audited financial statements. Our 2016 aunual consolidated financial statements are included in our 2016 annual report, which is available in the "Investor Relations" section of our website, www.thomsonreuters.com. Shareholders who requested a copy of the 2016 annual report will receive it by mail or e-mail. Representatives from Thomson Reuters and our independent auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, will be available to discuss any questions about our financial statements at the meeting. 	N/A
2	Directors	At the meeting, 12 individuals are proposed to be elected to our board of directors. All of these individuals are currently directors of our company. A majority of our directors are independent. The roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and the CEO are separate. Shareholders vote annually for individual directors. Additional information may be found in the "About Our Directors" section of our management proxy circular.	FOR EACH DIRECTOR NOMINEE
3	Auditor	We are proposing to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as our independent auditor for another year until the 2018 annual meeting of shareholders. Additional information may be found in the "About Our Independent Auditor" section of our management proxy circular.	FOR
4	Stock incentive plan amendment	We are proposing an amendment to the Thomson Reuters stock incentive plan to increase the maximum number of shares authorized for issuance under it by 22 million shares. The plan was previously approved by shareholders. Additional information may be found in the "Stock Incentive Plan Amendment" section of our management proxy circular.	FOR
5	Advisory resolution on executive compensation	As in recent years, we are proposing a non-binding advisory "say on pay" resolution related to executive compensation. Additional information may be found in the "Advisory Resolution on Executive Compensation (Say on Pay)" section of our management proxy circular.	FOR
6	Other business	If any other items of business are properly brought before the meeting (or any adjourned or postponed meeting), shareholders will be asked to vote. We are not aware of any other items of business at this time.	N/A

SHAREHOLDERS ARE REMINDED TO VIEW OUR PROXY MATERIALS PRIOR TO VOTING.

WEBSITES WHERE PROXY MATERIALS ARE POSTED

You can find the management proxy circular and other proxy materials at the following websites:

www.thomsonreuters.com/AGM/

www.sedar.com

www.sec.gov

REGISTERED AND NON-REGISTERED/BENEFICIAL HOLDERS

If you'd like to obtain paper copies of the proxy materials, you should first determine whether you are a registered or non-registered/beneficial holder of our common shares. Most of our shareholders are non-registered/beneficial holders.

- You are a registered shareholder if your name appears directly on your share certificates, or if you hold your common shares in book-entry form through the direct registration system (DRS) on the records of our transfer agent, Computershare Trust Company of Canada.
- You are a non-registered shareholder if you own shares indirectly and the shares are registered in the name of an intermediary. For example, you are a non-registered shareholder if:
 - ; your common shares are held in the name of a bank, trust company, securities broker, trustee or custodian; or
 - ; you hold Depositary Interests representing our common shares which are held in the name of Computershare Company Nominees Limited as nominee and custodian.

HOW TO OBTAIN PAPER COPIES OF THE PROXY MATERIALS

<u>Non-registered/beneficial shareholders</u> may request that paper copies of the proxy materials be sent to them by mail at no cost. Requests may be made up to one year from the date that our management proxy circular was filed on SEDAR by going to www.proxyvote.com and entering the Control Number located on your voting instruction form and following the instructions provided. Alternatively, at any time prior to the meeting, you may submit a request by phone by calling 1.877.907.7643 and then entering your Control Number. Requests should be received at least five business days in advance of the date and time set out in your voting instruction form as a voting deadline if you'd like to receive the proxy materials in advance of the proxy voting deadline and the meeting date.

Registered shareholders may request that paper copies of the proxy materials be sent to them by mail at no cost. At any time prior to the meeting, you may submit a request by phone by calling 1.866.962.0498 or 1.514.982.8716 (Depositary Interest holders can call +44 (0) 370.707.1804) and entering the Enrollment Number/Control Number reflected on your proxy form. Requests should be received at least five business days in advance of the date and time set out in your proxy form as a voting deadline if you'd like to receive the proxy materials in advance of proxy voting deadline and the meeting date. Following the meeting, requests may also be made up to one year from the date that our management proxy circular was filed on SEDAR by calling 1.514.982.7555.

VOTING

Non-registered/beneficial shareholders should vote using the methods reflected on your voting instruction form. Your proxy or vote must be received by the proxy deadline noted on your voting instruction form.

Registered shareholders should vote using the methods reflected on your proxy form. Our transfer agent, Computershare Trust Company of Canada, must receive your proxy or voting instructions by 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Daylight Time) on May 1, 2017.

Shareholders with questions about notice-and-access may call Computershare Trust Company of Canada at 1.866.964.0492 (toll free in Canada and the United States) or 1.514.982.8714.

THOMSON REUTERS

STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

(As of March 1, 2017)

Section 1. General Provisions

1.1 Purpose

This Stock Incentive Plan has been adopted by the Corporation in order to advance the interests of Thomson Reuters by enabling grants of Options and other equity-based Awards to be made to selected Participants so as to provide an additional incentive to such Participants, encourage stock ownership by them and thereby increase their proprietary interest in Thomson Reuters success and their desire to remain with Thomson Reuters. The Plan will also assist Thomson Reuters in attracting and retaining key Employees. Awards granted prior to March 1, 2017 shall be administered in accordance with Plan provisions in effect prior to that date to the extent appropriate. Awards granted on or after March 1, 2017 shall be administered in accordance with these Plan provisions.

1.2 Definitions

The following capitalized terms used in the Plan have the respective meanings set forth in this Section 1.2:

- (a) "Administrator" means any person or group of persons to whom the Committee delegates any or all of its powers pursuant to Section 1.3(c)(v).
- (b) "Affiliate" means "affiliate" as defined in National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus and Registration Exemptions, as amended from time to time.
- (c) "Associate" means "associate" as defined by the Toronto Stock Exchange from time to time in its rules and regulations governing Security Based Compensation Arrangements and other related matters.
- (d) "Award" means an Option, SAR, RSU or other award granted pursuant to this Plan.
- (e) "<u>Award Agreement</u>" means any written or electronic agreement or other document(s) specifying the terms and conditions applicable to an Award, which may be accepted or acknowledged by a Participant through electronic or other non-paper means.
- (f) "<u>Blackout Period</u>" means any period imposed by Thomson Reuters during which specified individuals, including Insiders of the Corporation, may not trade in the Corporation's securities (including for greater certainty when specific individuals

are restricted from trading because they are in possession of material nonpublic information), but excluding any period during which a regulator has halted trading in the Corporation's securities.

- (g) "<u>Board</u>" means the board of directors of the Corporation.
- (h) "Business Day" means a day on which the New York Stock Exchange (or, if appropriate, any other exchange that is used to determine Fair Market Value) is open for trading.
- (i) "Change of Control" means (except as may be otherwise required, if at all, under Code Section 409A) the occurrence of any one of the following: (i) the direct or indirect sale, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger, amalgamation, arrangement or consolidation), in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the properties or assets of Thomson Reuters, taken as a whole, to any person or group, other than to one of the Thomson Reuters Entities; (ii) the first day on which a majority of the members of the Board are not Continuing Directors; (iii) the consummation of any transaction including, without limitation, any merger, amalgamation, arrangement or consolidation the result of which is that any person or group of related persons, other than the Woodbridge Group, becomes the beneficial owner (as defined in Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, or indirectly or indirectly, more than 50% of the Corporation's Voting Stock, measured by voting power rather than number of shares; or (iv) the consummation of a "going private/Rule 13e-3 transaction" that results in any of the effects described in paragraph (a)(3)(ii) of Rule 13e-3 under the Exchange Act (or any successor provision), following which the Woodbridge Group beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of the Corporation's Voting Stock, measured by voting power rather than number of shares. For the purposes of this definition, "person" and "group" have the meanings used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act.
- (j) "Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, including all regulations thereunder.
- (k) "<u>Committee</u>" means the Human Resources Committee of the Board, any successor committee of the Board, or any subcommittee established by the Committee to administer the Plan or person or group of persons to whom the Committee has delegated any or all of its powers to administer the Plan and to perform the functions set forth herein.
- (I) "<u>Common Shares</u>" means common shares in the capital of Thomson Reuters Corporation, provided that "Common Shares" shall include all shares or other securities issued in substitution for the Common Shares as provided for in Section 1.6.
- (m) "Continuing Directors" means, as of any date of determination, any member of the Board who (i) was a member of the Board on the date of an Award; or (ii) was

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nominated for election, elected or appointed to the Board with the approval of a majority of the Continuing Directors who were members of the Board at the time of such nomination, election or appointment (either by a specific vote or by approval of the Corporation's management information circular in which such member was named as a nominee for election as a director).

- (n) "Corporation" means Thomson Reuters Corporation and its successors.
- (o) "<u>Employee</u>" means any employee or officer of Thomson Reuters as may be determined from time to time by the Committee.
- (p) "Employer" means the entity within Thomson Reuters which employs a Participant and, if more than one, such entity as determined for this purpose by the Committee.
- (q) "Exchange Act" means the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- (r) "Fair Market Value" on any day means the closing price in U.S. dollars of a Common Share on the New York Stock Exchange on the immediately preceding Business Day, or if not so traded on such date, the average of the closing bid and asked prices on such exchange for that date; provided, however, that (i) if the Common Shares are not traded on the New York Stock Exchange or (ii) if in the discretion of the Committee, such exchange does not reflect the fair market value of the Common Shares, then "Fair Market Value" shall mean the closing price in the applicable trading currency of a Common Share on the other primary trading market for the Common Shares, which as of the date of this Plan is the Toronto Stock Exchange, such closing price to be converted into U.S. dollars or other applicable currency (based on the mid-market noon spot rate for exchange on the immediately preceding Business Day), in each case using such closing price reported in such source as the Committee deems to be reliable. If the Common Shares are not traded on the New York Stock Exchange or on any other trading market, the Committee shall determine in its sole discretion in good faith a method for determining "Fair Market Value" as of a particular date.
- (s) "Insider" means an "insider" as defined by the Toronto Stock Exchange from time to time in its rules and regulations governing Security Based Compensation Arrangements and other related matters.
- (t) "ISO" means an Option that qualifies as an incentive stock option within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code and is designated as such by the Committee at the date of its grant.
- (u) "Non-U.S. Participant" means a Participant who is not a "United States person" within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code, as either a citizen or resident.
- (v) "<u>Option</u>" means an option granted under the Plan to purchase Common Shares.

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- (x) "Plan" means this Stock Incentive Plan of Thomson Reuters, as amended, including any supplements, schedules, guidelines, rules and regulations adopted by the Committee, from time to time.
- (y) "<u>RSU</u>" means a restricted share unit granted under the Plan.
- (z) "SAR" means a stock appreciation right, and includes a Tandem SAR or a Stand Alone SAR granted under the Plan.
- (aa) "Security Based Compensation Arrangement" means a "security based compensation arrangement" as defined by the Toronto Stock Exchange from time to time in its rules and regulations governing stock option plans, stock purchase plans, stock appreciation rights and other related matters.
- (bb) "Stand Alone SAR" means a SAR not granted in tandem with an Option.
- (cc) "<u>Subsidiary</u>" means any corporation of which not less than 50% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock is held directly or indirectly by the Corporation, whether or not such corporation now exists or is hereafter organized or acquired directly or indirectly by the Corporation. "Subsidiary" also means an unincorporated business entity, such as a limited liability company or partnership, in which the Corporation holds directly or indirectly not less than 50% of the total combined voting power with respect to all classes of equity ownership of such entity, whether or not such unincorporated business entity now exists or is hereafter organized or acquired directly or indirectly by the Corporation.
- (dd) "Tandem SAR" means a SAR granted in connection with an Option.
- (ee) "Thomson Reuters" means Thomson Reuters Corporation and its Subsidiaries and "Thomson Reuters Entity" means any one of them, as the context requires.
- (ff) "U.S. Participant" means a Participant who is a "United States person" within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code, as either a citizen or resident.
- (gg) "<u>Voting Stock</u>" means, collectively, stock of the class or classes of the Corporation having general voting power under ordinary circumstances to elect at least a majority of the Board (irrespective of whether or not at the time stock of any other class or classes shall have or might have voting power by reason of the happening of any contingency) and, at any particular time, any other securities of the Corporation (excluding debt securities and the Thomson Reuters Founders Share in the Corporation held by Thomson Reuters Founders Share Company) carrying at that time a voting right ordinarily exercisable at meetings of shareholders either under all circumstances or under some circumstances that have occurred and are continuing.

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⁽w) "Participant" means any Employee selected by the Committee to participate in the Plan, or as the context requires, any beneficiary thereof.

(hh) "Woodbridge" means The Woodbridge Company Limited, a corporation incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario.

(ii) "<u>Woodbridge Group</u>" means at any particular time such of (i) Woodbridge, (ii) the Affiliates of Woodbridge, and (iii) the respective successors and assigns of Woodbridge or any such Affiliate, as, at such time, are controlled directly or indirectly by one or more corporations all of the shares of which are held by one or more individuals who are members of the family of the late first Lord Thomson of Fleet or trusts for their benefit.

1.3 Administration

(b)

(c)

- (a) The Plan shall be administered by the Committee.
 - Subject to the limitations of the Plan, the Committee shall have the responsibility and authority to:
 - (i) select those Employees who may participate in the Plan; and
 - (ii) grant Awards under the Plan to Participants and determine the timing of such Awards.
 - Subject to the limitations of the Plan, the Committee shall be empowered to:
 - (i) establish any limitations, restrictions, terms and conditions applicable to any Awards under the Plan;
 - (ii) interpret the Plan;
 - (iii) adopt, amend and rescind such administrative guidelines and other rules and regulations relating to the Plan as it shall from time to time deem advisable, including, without limitation, special guidelines and provisions for persons who are residing in, or are subject to, the taxes and currencies of, countries other than the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom;
 - (iv) make any other determination and take any other action in connection with the implementation and administration of the Plan as it may deem necessary or advisable or as the Board may direct, including, without limitation, correcting any defect or omission or reconciling any inconsistency in the Plan or an Award; and
 - (v) delegate to any person or committee of persons any or all of its powers and authorities under the Plan, including, without limitation, authorizing any person to execute on behalf of the Corporation any instrument required to effectuate the grant of an Award previously approved by the Committee and maintaining records relating to Awards, vesting, exercises, forfeitures and expiration of Awards.

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- (d) All decisions, determinations and interpretations of the Committee on matters with respect to the Plan within its authority shall be final, conclusive and binding upon the Corporation and all Participants, except as otherwise determined by the Board.
- (e) Each of the Corporation, the Board, the Committee and any Administrator may consult with professional advisors, including, without limitation, legal counsel, who may be counsel for the Corporation, the Board, the Committee, the Administrator or other counsel, with respect to its obligations or duties hereunder or with respect to any action or proceeding or any question of law and neither the Corporation nor any member of the Board or the Committee or any Administrator shall be liable with respect to any action taken or omitted by it pursuant to the advice of such counsel or any other action taken or omitted by it in good faith.
- (f) To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Corporation shall indemnify and hold harmless each person who is a member of the Board, the Committee, or an Administrator with respect to any action, proceeding or claim of any kind made against such person resulting from any action taken or omitted by him or her in connection with the administration of the Plan unless, in each case, such action was taken or made by such person in bad faith and without reasonable belief that it was in the best interests of Thomson Reuters. The Corporation shall not be liable to a Participant for any loss resulting from a decline in the market value of any Common Shares. There is no assurance of any particular value as a result of an Award.
- (g) A Participant's right to receive Common Shares hereunder is an unfunded entitlement only against the general assets of the Corporation. Each Participant has only the status of a general unsecured creditor and an Award Agreement constitutes only a promise by the Corporation to deliver Common Shares in accordance with the terms and conditions of an Award Agreement.

1.4 Participation

- (a) In selecting Participants and in granting Awards, the Committee may give consideration to:
 - (i) the functions and responsibilities of the Participant;
 - (ii) his or her past, present and potential contributions to the profitability and growth of Thomson Reuters;
 - (iii) the value of his or her services to Thomson Reuters; and
 - (iv) other factors deemed relevant by the Committee.
- (b) Participation in the Plan is entirely discretionary. Neither the Plan nor any Award hereunder shall give any Participant any right with respect to continuance of employment or appointment by Thomson Reuters, nor shall the Plan or any

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Award hereunder impose a limitation in any way on the right of Thomson Reuters to terminate any Participant's employment or appointment at any time. Thomson Reuters does not assume responsibility for the income and other tax consequences for the Participants and each Participant is advised to consult with the Participant's own tax advisors.

1.5 Shares Available, Restrictions and Fractions

- (a) Subject to adjustment as provided in Section 1.6, the maximum number of Common Shares which may be issued under the Plan is 72,000,000, provided that the maximum number of Common Shares which may be issued in respect of RSUs or Awards based on Common Shares under Section 5.1, in each case, granted on or after December 31, 2016 is 14,873,200.
- (b) The maximum number of Common Shares which may be issued under Awards held by a Participant may not at any time exceed 5% of the number of outstanding Common Shares at such time determined on a non-diluted basis.
- (c) The maximum number of Common Shares for which Awards may be granted and which may be otherwise awarded under the Plan to a Participant during any one year period is 5,000,000 Common Shares, subject to adjustment as provided in Section 1.6.
- (d) The number of Common Shares issued to Insiders and such Insiders' Associates within any one year period under the Plan and any other Security Based Compensation Arrangement of Thomson Reuters cannot exceed 5% of the number of outstanding Common Shares at such time determined on a non-diluted basis. The number of Common Shares issuable to Insiders at any time under the Plan and any other Security Based Compensation Arrangement of Thomson Reuters cannot exceed 10% of the number of outstanding Common Shares determined on a non-diluted basis.
- (e) The maximum number of Common Shares which may be issued under the Plan through ISOs is 5,000,000, subject to adjustment as provided for in Section 1.6.
- (f) Any Common Share issuable pursuant to an outstanding Award that is, for any reason, cancelled, expired, forfeited or terminated without having been exercised in full shall again be available for Awards under the Plan. Any Common Share issuable pursuant to an outstanding Award that is settled with Common Shares purchased on the open market or settled in cash shall again be available for Awards under the Plan.
- (g) No fractional shares shall be issued under the Plan, and the Committee shall determine, in its sole discretion, the manner in which fractional share values shall be treated for any purpose.
- (h) As soon as practicable after receipt of a properly completed and signed written notice of exercise of an Option or SAR and receipt of payment in full for the

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Common Shares to be acquired upon exercise of an Option or upon the vesting of an RSU or other Award, the Corporation will cause to be mailed to the Participant by registered or certified mail or will courier the certificates representing the Common Shares purchased or acquired. Alternatively, other evidence of ownership of the Common Shares will be sent to the Participant if the Common Shares are to be held in book-entry form.

1.6 Adjustments

In the event of any change in the number of outstanding Common Shares by reason of any stock dividend or split, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, amalgamation, consolidation, combination or exchange of Common Shares, or other corporate change affecting the Common Shares, the Board or the Committee shall make appropriate adjustment in or substitution for:

- (a) the number or kind of shares or other securities reserved for issuance pursuant to the Plan;
- (b) the number or kind of shares or other securities subject to outstanding Awards; and
- (c) the exercise price of shares or other securities subject to outstanding Awards;

provided, however, that no adjustment or substitution shall obligate the Corporation to issue or sell fractional shares and that all such adjustments or substitutions shall be subject to any required shareholder or regulatory approval.

1.7 Withholding

The Corporation has the right to deduct from all amounts paid in cash, or to require, prior to the issuance or delivery of any Common Shares, payment by the Participant of an amount in cash equal to any taxes required by law to be withheld. In the case of issuance or delivery of Common Shares, the Corporation also has the right to retain, or sell without notice or to permit the Participant to elect to have the Corporation retain or sell, a sufficient number of Common Shares to cover the amount required to be withheld, or to withhold any such amount from the Participant's salary. The Committee, in its sole discretion, may authorize, on such terms and conditions as it determines, that any such withholding obligation with regard to any Participant may also be satisfied by delivery by such Participant of Common Shares already owned.

1.8 Expenses

The expenses of administering the Plan shall be borne by the Corporation, except that brokerage fees or expenses associated with the sale or transfer of Common Shares by a Participant shall be borne by the Participant.

1.9 Change of Control

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, in the event of a Change of Control, such surviving, successor or acquiring entity shall assume any outstanding Options and Awards or



shall substitute similar options or awards for the outstanding Options or Awards, as applicable. If the surviving, successor or acquiring entity does not assume the outstanding Options and Awards or substitute similar options or awards for the outstanding Options or Awards, as applicable, or if the Board otherwise determines in its discretion, the Corporation shall give written notice to all Participants advising that the Plan shall be terminated effective immediately prior to the Change of Control and all Awards shall be deemed to be vested and, unless otherwise exercised, settled, forfeited or cancelled prior to the termination of the Plan, shall expire or, with respect to RSUs, be settled, immediately prior to the termination of the Plan.

In the event of a Change of Control, the Board has the power to: (i) make such other changes to the terms of the Awards as it considers fair and appropriate in the circumstances, provided such changes are not adverse to the Participants; (ii) otherwise modify the terms of the Awards to assist the Participants to tender into a takeover bid or other arrangement leading to a Change of Control, and thereafter; and (iii) terminate, conditionally or otherwise, the Awards not exercised or settled, as applicable, following successful completion of such Change of Control. If the Change of Control is not completed within the time specified therein (as the same may be extended), the Awards which vest pursuant to this Section 1.9 shall be returned by the Corporation to the Participant and, if exercised or settlement shall be reinstated as authorized but unissued Common Shares and the original terms applicable to such Awards shall be reinstated.

1.10 Ceasing Employment Following a Change of Control

Notwithstanding anything in this Section 1.10 to the contrary, unless otherwise determined by the Committee or the Board or as set forth in the applicable Award Agreement, if a Participant's employment with Thomson Reuters is terminated without cause on or within 24 months following a Change of Control and before the expiry of the Participant's Options, all unvested Options held by the Participant on the Participant's date of termination shall immediately vest. The Participant may within 12 months after the Participant's date of termination, or such shorter period as is remaining in the term of the Options, exercise all Options held by the Participant's date of termination on the Participant's date of termination are period as is remaining in the term of the Options, the unexercised Options shall automatically terminate and be of no further force or effect.

Notwithstanding anything in this Section 1.10 to the contrary, unless otherwise determined by the Committee or the Board or as set forth in the applicable Award Agreement, if a Participant's employment with Thomson Reuters is terminated without cause on or within 24 months following a Change of Control, all outstanding RSUs or other Awards held by the Participant on the Participant's date of termination shall immediately vest and shall be settled as soon as practicable following the Participant's date of termination.

1.11 Non-exclusivity

Nothing contained herein shall prevent the Corporation, the Board or the Committee from adopting other compensation arrangements, subject to regulatory and shareholder approval if required, and such arrangements may be either generally applicable on applicable only in specific cases.

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1.12 Amendment

- (a) The Board or the Committee may amend, suspend or terminate the Plan, or any portion thereof, at any time, subject to those provisions of applicable law (including, without limitation, the rules, regulations and policies of the Toronto Stock Exchange), if any, that require the approval of shareholders or any governmental or regulatory body. The Board or the Committee may make amendments to the Plan or to any Award outstanding hereunder without seeking shareholder approval except for amendments which:
 - (i) increase the number of Common Shares reserved for issuance under the Plan, including an increase to a fixed number of Common Shares or a change from a fixed number of Common Shares to a fixed maximum percentage;
 - (ii) increase the maximum number of Common Shares which may be issued under RSUs or Awards granted under Section 5.1;
 - (iii) increase the maximum number of Common Shares which may be issued under Awards held by a Participant;
 - (iv) remove or exceed the insider participation limits set out in Section 1.5(d);
 - (v) reduce the exercise price of an Award (including the cancellation and re-grant of an Award, constituting a reduction of the exercise price of the Award), except pursuant to Section 1.6;
 - (vi) extend the term of an Award beyond its original expiry date, except pursuant to Section 2.4(e) or Section 3.3(f);
 - (vii) change the provisions relating to the transferability of an Award, other than for a transfer by will or the laws of descent and distribution, to an entity which is controlled by a Participant or to a former spouse or domestic partner of a Participant in connection with a legal obligation or settlement;
 - (viii) amend the provisions of Section 1.6;
 - (ix) extend eligibility to participate in the Plan to non-Employee directors;
 - (x) change the rights attaching to the Common Shares;
 - (xi) amend the provisions of this Section 1.12; or
 - (xii) are required to be approved by shareholders under applicable laws, regulations or stock exchange rules.

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(b) Except as expressly set forth herein, no action of the Board, Committee or shareholders shall materially and adversely alter or impair the rights of a Participant without the consent of the affected Participant under any Award previously granted to the Participant.

1.13 Laws

- (a) The Plan and all matters to which reference is made herein shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Province of Ontario and the laws of Canada applicable therein.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or Award:
 - (i) to the extent permitted under Section 409A of the Code, the Committee may postpone any exercise of any Option, or the issue or delivery of any Common Shares pursuant to the Plan for such time as the Committee in its discretion may deem necessary in order to permit the Corporation to obtain shareholder approval, if required under applicable laws, or to effect or maintain registration of the Plan or the Common Shares issuable pursuant hereto under the securities laws of any applicable jurisdiction, or to determine that such Common Shares and the Plan are exempt from such registration;
 - (ii) the Corporation shall not be obligated by any provision of the Plan or Award to sell or issue Common Shares in violation of any laws, rules, regulations and policies of any governmental authority in any applicable jurisdiction; and
 - (iii) the Corporation shall have no obligation to reserve or issue any Common Shares unless such Common Shares shall have been duly listed, upon official notice of issuance, with each stock exchange on which the Common Shares are listed for trading.

1.14 Participant Not a Shareholder

A Participant shall have no rights as a shareholder of the Corporation with respect to any Common Shares covered by any Award until such time as and only to the extent that such Common Shares have been issued to the Participant in accordance with the terms hereof.

1.15 Personal Data

In order to administer the Plan, Thomson Reuters may collect, process and store personal data about Participants. Such data includes, but is not limited to, the information provided in an Award Agreement and any changes thereto, other appropriate personal and financial data about a Participant, such as a home address, business address, e-mail address and other contact information, payroll information and any other information that might be deemed appropriate by Thomson Reuters to facilitate the administration of the Plan. By accepting an Award, each Participant gives explicit consent to Thomson Reuters to collect, process and store any such

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personal data. Participants also give explicit consent to Thomson Reuters to transfer any such personal data within and outside any country in which the Participant may work or be employed, and such data may be transferred to persons who are designated by Thomson Reuters to administer the Plan. The United States has not been determined to provide an adequate level of privacy protection as defined in the European Union's Directive on Data Protection. However, Thomson Reuters will, at all times, take the appropriate measures to protect Participants' personal data. Participants have the right to request information on the collection, processing and use of their personal data. If a Participant wishes to exert his or her rights to information, he or she may make a written request to Thomson Reuters. Requests should contain sufficient detail to describe the data with respect to which the Participant requests information.

1.16 Electronic Delivery

By signing or otherwise accepting an Award Agreement, each Participant consents to receive copies of the Plan, the Plan prospectus/summary and other Plan information and notices, including, if applicable, information necessary to comply with laws outside the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom, from Thomson Reuters employee intranet at <u>www.reachingourpeople.com</u> (or such other intranet site as Thomson Reuters may establish or make available to Participants from time to time) during the time that a Participant is an Employee. Each Participant acknowledges and agrees that in the future the Corporation will deliver to the Participant electronically a copy of the Corporation's annual report on Form 40-F for each fiscal year, as well as copies of all other reports, proxy statements and other communications distributed to the Corporation's shareholders. Each Participant agrees that these documents will be deemed delivered to the Participant upon their posting by Thomson Reuters on its website at <u>www.thomsonreuters.com</u> or on its employee intranet at <u>www.reachingourpeople.com</u> (or such other intranet site as Thomson Reuters may establish or make available to Participant from time to time). Each Participant agrees that these documents will be deemed delivered to the Participant upon their posting by Thomson Reuters on its website at <u>www.thomsonreuters.com</u> or on its employee intranet at <u>www.reachingourpeople.com</u> (or such other intranet site as Thomson Reuters which notice may be given at any time, and that written copies of the Plan, Plan prospectus/summary, other Plan information and shareholder information are available by written request to Thomson Reuters.

1.17 Special Incentive Compensation

The amount of any compensation deemed to be received by a Participant as a result of the grant of an Award hereunder is special incentive compensation and, notwithstanding any provisions of such plan or other arrangement to the contrary, will not be taken into account as "salary" or "compensation" or "bonus" in determining the amount of any payment under any pension, retirement or profit-sharing plan of Thomson Reuters or any life insurance, disability or other benefit plan of Thomson Reuters.

1.18 Power of Attorney

By signing or otherwise accepting an Award Agreement, each Participant appoints the Corporation and its successors and assigns as his or her attorney-in-fact, with full power of substitution, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Plan and any Award Agreement and taking any action and executing any instruments which such attorney-in-fact may deem necessary or advisable to accomplish the purposes hereof or thereof, which appointment as

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attorney-in-fact is irrevocable and coupled with an interest. Each Participant shall, if so requested by the Corporation, execute and deliver to the Corporation all such instruments as may, in the judgment of the Corporation, be advisable for this purpose.

Section 2. Options

2.1 **Option Grants**

The Committee may, from time to time, grant Options to any Participant. Each grant of Options shall be confirmed by an Award Agreement. No ISOs may be granted under the Plan after February 23, 2015.

2.2 Exercise Price

The Committee shall establish the exercise price at the time each Option is granted which exercise price:

- (a) may be in Canadian dollars, U.S. dollars, British pounds sterling or such other currency as determined by the Committee, and
 - (b) shall in all cases be not less than 100% of the Fair Market Value of the Common Shares at the date of the Award (provided that where the exercise price of an Option is established in a currency other than U.S. dollars, the Fair Market Value of the Common Shares at the date of the Award shall be converted into the currency of the exercise price of the Option at the mid-market noon spot rate for exchange of such currency for U.S. dollars on the immediately preceding Business Day).

2.3 Exercise of Options

- (a) Subject to Section 2.4(e), Options shall not be exercisable later than ten (10) years after the date of granting an Award.
- (b) On granting an Option, the Committee may determine when any Option shall become exercisable and may determine that the Option shall be exercisable in installments and may impose such other restrictions as it shall deem appropriate. If the Committee determines that any Option is exercisable subject to certain limitations (including, without limitation, that such Option is exercisable only in installments or within certain time periods), the Committee may, in its sole discretion, waive such limitations on the exercisability at any time at or after grant in whole or in part (including, without limitation, waiving the installment exercise provisions or accelerating the time at which such Option may be exercised).

2.4 Other Terms

(a) Subject to Section 2.4(e), in the event that a Participant ceases to be an Employee, Options shall expire based upon terms as set forth in an Award Agreement, or as may be determined by the Committee.

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- (b) Options shall be exercisable only during the lifetime of a Participant by the Participant or his or her legal guardian, representative or a permitted transferee under Section 2.4(c) and after the death of a Participant only by the Participant's legal representative or a permitted transferee under Section 2.4(c).
- (c) Options shall not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise encumbered by a Participant otherwise than by will or the laws of descent and distribution, a transfer by a Participant to an entity which is controlled by a Participant or a transfer to a former spouse or domestic partner of a Participant in connection with a legal obligation or settlement.
- (d) A Participant shall pay the exercise price in full for Options. Options may be exercised by mailing by registered or certified mail, delivering by hand or courier or sending by facsimile or e-mail a written notice to Thomson Reuters directed to it at its offices at Metro Center, One Station Place, Stamford, Connecticut 06902, attention: Stock Plan Administrator (fax number: +1.203.539.7724; e-mail address: stockplanadministrator@thomsonreuters.com), specifying the number of Common Shares to be purchased. The exercise price shall be paid:
 - (i) in cash or by certified check, bank draft or money order payable to the order of the Corporation;
 - (ii) with the consent of the Committee, through the delivery of Common Shares having an aggregate Fair Market Value on the date of payment equal to the aggregate exercise price, provided that any Common Shares delivered by a Participant hereunder must have been held by the Participant for a period of not less than six months if received by the Participant on the exercise of an Option and such Common Shares shall not be subject to any pledge or security interest;
 - (iii) through any "cashless exercise" procedure acceptable to the Committee (i.e., through the delivery of irrevocable instructions to a broker to deliver promptly to the Corporation an amount equal to the aggregate exercise price and, if applicable, any tax withholding resulting from such exercise); or
 - (iv) by any other method of payment approved by the Committee or as specified in an Award Agreement.

The Committee shall determine acceptable methods for providing notice of exercise, for tendering Common Shares or for delivering irrevocable instructions to a broker and may impose such limitations and conditions on the use of Common Shares or irrevocable instructions to a broker to exercise an Option as it deems appropriate. An exercise of Options (including, for greater certainty, through any form of cashless exercise) shall result in the full deduction of the number of underlying Common Shares from the reserve of the Plan.

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(e) If an Option would otherwise expire at a time when exercise of the Option or sale of the Common Shares received upon exercise of an Option is prevented by a Blackout Period, then the term of the Option shall be extended until ten (10) Business Days after the exercise of the Option would first be permitted by Thomson Reuters insider trading policy, provided that any such extended expiration date for any U.S. Participants shall not in any event be beyond the earlier of (A) the later of (i) December 31 of the calendar year in which the Option was otherwise due to expire or (ii) the 15th day of the third month following the date on which the Option was otherwise due to expire or (B) the latest date that will not result in the extension of an Option under Section 409A of the Code.

Section 3. Stock Appreciation Rights

3.1 Grants of SARs

The Committee may, from time to time, grant SARs to any Participant. Each grant of SARs shall be confirmed by an Award Agreement. Subject to Section 3.3(f), SARs shall not be exercisable later than ten (10) years after the date of granting an Award. Non-U.S. Participants may be granted Tandem SARs and/or Stand Alone SARs. U.S. Participants may only be granted Stand Alone SARs. Any such grant of Tandem SARs shall be included in the Award Agreement referred to in Section 2.1 hereof.

3.2 Exercise

- (a) If a Participant exercises a Stand Alone SAR, such Participant shall be entitled to receive such number of Common Shares that in the aggregate have a Fair Market Value equal to the excess, if any, of (i) the Fair Market Value of the Common Shares underlying the Stand Alone SAR as of the date of exercise over (ii) the Fair Market Value of such Common Shares as of the date that the applicable Award was granted, net of applicable taxes.
- (b) A Participant may only exercise a Tandem SAR at the same time, and to the same extent, that the Option related thereto is exercisable. Upon the exercise by a Participant of any Tandem SAR, the corresponding portion of the related Option shall be surrendered to the Corporation. On the exercise of a Tandem SAR, the Participant shall be entitled to receive an amount in cash (net of applicable taxes) equal to the excess, if any, of (i) the Fair Market Value of the Common Shares underlying such Tandem SAR as of the date of exercise over (ii) the exercise price of such Tandem SAR.

3.3 Other Terms

(a) In the event that a Participant ceases to be an Employee, any Stand-Alone SAR, including any unexercised portion thereof, shall expire based upon terms as set forth in an Award Agreement, or as may be determined by the Committee. Notwithstanding the above, subject to Section 3.3(e), no Stand Alone SAR may be exercised beyond the stated expiry date.

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- (b) Tandem SARs shall terminate and cease to be exercisable on the termination of the related Option.
- (c) Stand Alone SARs shall be exercisable only during the lifetime of the Participant by the Participant, his or her legal guardian or representative or a permitted transferee under Section 3.3(d) and after death of a Participant only by the Participant's legal representative or a permitted transferee under Section 3.3(d).
- (d) Stand Alone SARs shall not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise encumbered by a Participant otherwise than by will or the laws of descent and distribution, a transfer by a Participant to an entity which is controlled by a Participant or a transfer to a former spouse of a Participant or domestic partner in connection with a legal obligation or settlement.
- (e) Tandem SARs shall not be transferable, other than in the case of a surrender to the Corporation on exercise, except in the manner and to the extent that the related Option is transferable and any transfer of an Option shall be deemed to provide for a corresponding transfer of the related Tandem SAR.
- (f) If a SAR would otherwise expire at a time when the exercise of a SAR is prevented by a Blackout Period, then the term of the SAR shall be extended until ten (10) Business Days after the exercise of the SAR first would be permitted by Thomson Reuters insider trading policy, provided that any such extended expiration date for any U.S. Participant shall not in any event be beyond the earlier of (A) the later of (i) December 31 of the calendar year in which the SAR was otherwise due to expire or (ii) the 15th day of the third month following the day on which the SAR was otherwise due to expire or (B) the latest date that will not result in the extension of the SAR under Section 409A of the Code.

Section 4. Restricted Share Units

4.1 RSU Awards

The Committee may, from time to time, grant RSUs to a Participant. Each grant of RSUs shall be confirmed by an Award Agreement. For purposes of the Plan, each RSU is a right granted to a Participant to receive one Common Share upon specified vesting dates, subject to any additional terms and conditions set forth in the Award Agreement. RSUs include, without limitation, time-based RSUs and performance RSUs.

4.2 Other Terms

- (a) In the event that a Participant ceases to be an Employee, any RSUs shall expire based upon terms as set forth in an Award Agreement, or as may be determined by the Committee.
- (b) RSUs shall not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise encumbered by a Participant otherwise than by will or the laws of descent and distribution, a transfer by a Participant to an entity which is controlled by a Participant or a

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Section 5. Other Awards

5.1 Other Awards

The Committee may also grant Awards of Common Shares and other awards that are valued in whole or in part by reference to, or are otherwise based on the Fair Market Value at the day of the grant of, Common Shares. Such Awards shall be in such form, and dependent on such conditions, as the Committee shall determine, including, without limitation, the right to receive one or more Common Shares, or the equivalent cash value of such Common Shares, upon the completion of a specified period for service, the occurrence of an event or the attainment of specified performance objectives. Such Awards may be granted alone or in addition to any other Awards granted under the Plan. The Committee shall determine to whom and when such Awards will be made, the number of Common Shares to be awarded under (or otherwise related to) such Awards, whether such Awards shall be settled in cash, Common Shares (issued from treasury or purchased on the open market) or a combination of cash and Common Shares, the currency in which any payments shall be made or any awards shall be denominated and all other terms and conditions of such Awards.

The Committee may grant certain Awards under this Section 5.1 expressed in terms of, or based on, one or more pre-established and objective Thomson Reuters, segment, business unit or divisional financial or operational criteria or measures. Performance goals may be based on the performance of Thomson Reuters or a segment, business unit or division generally, in the absolute or in relation to peers, or the performance of a particular Participant. In establishing performance goals, the Committee may establish different performance goals for individual Participants or groups of Participants. Performance goals may be weighted to reflect relative significance for the performance period. Such criteria or measures may be, but are not required to be, calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to the Corporation.

THOMSON REUTERS

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES

Adopted effective March 1, 2017

1. GENERAL	

- BOARD COMPOSITION BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES 2. 3. 4.
- PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDER
- 5. 6. 7. 8. CHAIRMAN
- DEPUTY CHAIRMAN LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR
- SECRETARY
- BOARD COMMITTEES
 BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS
- 11. DIRECTOR COMPENSATION 12. REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES
- 13. SHARE OWNERSHIP GUIDELINES
- 14.
- DIRECTOR ORIENTATION AND CONTINUING EDUCATION 15. BOARD ACCESS TO MANAGEMENT AND ADVISORS
- 16. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENTS
- 17. CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS
- 18. PROHIBITION ON PERSONAL LOANS
- 19. INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE
- 20. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST
- 21. TO CONTACT THE BOARD AND ITS COMMITTEES

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THOMSON REUTERS

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES

1. GENERAL

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Thomson Reuters Corporation (the "Corporation") believes that sound corporate governance practices are essential to the well-being of the Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively, "Thomson Reuters") and the promotion and protection of its shareholders' interests. The Board oversees the functioning of Thomson Reuters governance system, in part, through the work of the Corporate Governance Committee.

The Board has adopted these guidelines, which reflect Thomson Reuters commitment to high standards of corporate governance, to assist the Board in supervising the management of the business and affairs of Thomson Reuters as required under applicable law and stock exchange rules and requirements.

The fundamental responsibility of the Board is to supervise the management of the business and affairs of Thomson Reuters with a view to sustainable value creation for all shareholders. The Board seeks to ensure fair reporting, including financial reporting, to shareholders of the Corporation and other interested persons as well as ethical and legal corporate conduct by maintaining an appropriate system of corporate governance, internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures. The Board believes that Thomson Reuters is best served by a board of directors that functions independently of management and that is informed and engaged.

The Corporate Governance Committee will review these guidelines annually, or more often if warranted, and recommend to the Board such changes as it determines necessary and appropriate in light of Thomson Reuters needs and legal, regulatory and other developments.

2. BOARD COMPOSITION

(a) Board Membership Criteria

The Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for assessing the need for new directors, the preferred experience and qualifications for new directors, and the skills and competencies that the Board, its committees, individual directors and candidates should possess. The Corporate Governance Committee recommends candidates for initial Board membership and Board members for renomination. Recommendations are based on character, integrity, judgment, business experience, specific areas of expertise, record of achievement and any other skills and talents which would enhance the Board and overall management of the business and affairs of Thomson Reuters. Each director must have an understanding of Thomson Reuters principal operational and financial objectives, plans and strategies, financial position and performance and the performance of Thomson Reuters relative to its principal competitors. Directors must be able to

dedicate sufficient time to carry out their duties and not assume responsibilities that would materially interfere with or be incompatible with Board membership. Directors who change their principal occupation are expected to advise the Corporate Governance Committee and, if determined appropriate by the Corporate Governance Committee, resign from the Board.

(b) Director Independence

The Board's composition and procedures are designed to permit it to function independently from management and to promote and protect the interests of all shareholders. The Board believes that, except during periods of temporary vacancies, no fewer than half of its members should be independent.

The Board determines whether a director is independent. In determining independence, the Board relies on the applicable definitions in National Instrument 58-101 — *Disclosure of Corporate Governance Practices* and the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") listing standards. Generally, an independent director means a director who has been affirmatively determined by the Board to have no "material relationship" with Thomson Reuters. In determining the independence of directors, the Board considers all relevant facts and circumstances, including that in the normal course of business, Thomson Reuters provides services to, and receives services from, companies that some of the independent directors are affiliated with.

The Board reviews the independence of all directors on an annual basis and publicly discloses its determinations. Directors have an ongoing obligation to inform the Board of any material changes in their circumstances or relationships that may affect the Board's determination as to their independence.

(c) Board Size

The Board is currently of the view that its optimal size for effective decision-making and committee work is 14 to 16 members, and that its size may vary from time to time because of or in anticipation of retirements from the Board.

(d) Term

All directors are elected or appointed until the next annual meeting of shareholders or until they resign or their successor is elected or appointed.

The Board does not believe it should establish term limits or mandatory retirement ages for its members as such limits may deprive Thomson Reuters and its shareholders of the contributions of members who have been able to develop, over time, valuable insights into Thomson Reuters, its strategy and business operations.

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(e) Majority Voting Policy

If a director does not receive the support of a majority of votes cast at a meeting of shareholders (other than at contested meetings), the director must immediately tender his or her resignation, to be effective when accepted by the Board. The Corporate Governance Committee will consider the director's offer to resign and make a recommendation to the Board as to whether to accept it. The Board will accept resignations, absent exceptional circumstances, and in any case, must make its decision within 90 days of the relevant meeting of shareholders. A director who tenders a resignation will not participate in any meeting of the Corporate Governance Committee or the Board at which the resignation is considered. The Board's decision will be promptly announced by news release and provided to the Toronto Stock Exchange and if a resignation is not accepted, the news release will fully state the reasons for that decision.

(f) Board Succession

The Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for maintaining a succession plan for the Board that is responsive to Thomson Reuters needs and the interests of its shareholders.

(g) Service on Other Boards and Audit Committees

The Board does not believe that its members should be prohibited from serving on the boards of other public or private companies so long as these commitments do not materially interfere with and are not incompatible with their ability to fulfill their duties as a member of the Board.

Directors must receive approval from the Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee in advance of accepting an invitation to serve, or being publicly reflected as a nominee to serve, on the board of another public company. Directors must notify the Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee in advance of accepting an invitation to serve, or being publicly reflected as a nominee to serve, on the board of a for-profit, private company that is not a family business. In either case, the director must indicate whether another director of the Corporation is also a member of the board of the other company.

As a general rule, directors are not allowed to join a board of another public company on which two or more other directors of the Corporation serve (unless otherwise approved by the Corporate Governance Committee or its Chair).

Members of the Audit Committee may not serve on the audit committees of more than two other public companies without the prior approval of the Board.

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3. BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES

Directors have a duty to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of Thomson Reuters. In fulfilling its responsibilities, the Board is responsible for the following matters:

(a) Appointment and Supervision of the Chief Executive Officer and Senior Management

The Board appoints and supervises the Chief Executive Officer and other members of Thomson Reuters senior management, approves their compensation and, as permitted by applicable law, delegates to senior management responsibility for the day-to-day operations of Thomson Reuters.

The Board will satisfy itself that a process is in place to provide for the development, evaluation and succession of the Chief Executive Officer and other members of senior management. The Board maintains a position description for the Chief Executive Officer.

The Board will satisfy itself as to the integrity of the Chief Executive Officer and other members of senior management, including confirming that the Chief Executive Officer and other members of senior management maintain a culture of integrity throughout Thomson Reuters.

(b) Strategic Planning and Risk Management

- The Board will establish and maintain Thomson Reuters mission, values, long-term strategic goals, performance objectives and operational policies. In this regard, the Board will:
- adopt a strategic planning process and review and approve, on an annual basis, a strategic plan which takes into account, among other things, the opportunities and risks of the business;
- review and approve on an annual basis a business plan developed with management which includes rigorous but realistic goals;
- approve strategic and operational policies within which management will operate in relation to capital expenditures, acquisitions and dispositions, disclosure and communications, finance and investment, risk management, human resources, internal control over financial reporting, disclosure controls and procedures and management information systems;
- set annual corporate and management performance targets;
- confirm that a system is in place to identify the principal risks facing Thomson Reuters and its businesses and that appropriate procedures and systems are in place to monitor, mitigate and manage such risks; and

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confirm that processes are in place for Thomson Reuters and its businesses to address and comply with applicable legal, regulatory, corporate, securities and other compliance matters.

(c) Financial Reporting and Management

The Board will:

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- review and oversee the integrity of Thomson Reuters with regard to its compliance with applicable audit, accounting and financial reporting requirements;
- approve annual financial statements and related management's discussion and analysis;
- approve annual operating and capital budgets;
- confirm the integrity of Thomson Reuters internal controls and management information systems;
- approve Thomson Reuters dividend policy; and
- review operating and financial performance results relative to established strategies, plans, budgets and objectives.

(d) Disclosure and Communications

The Board will satisfy itself that appropriate policies and procedures are in place regarding public disclosure and restricted trading by insiders. In this regard, the Board will periodically review Thomson Reuters corporate disclosure policy and will confirm that a process is in place to disclose all material information in compliance with Thomson Reuters timely disclosure obligations and to prevent market abuse, whether by way of selective disclosure of material information to analysts, institutional investors, market professionals and others or otherwise.

(e) Corporate Governance

The Board will:

- develop Thomson Reuters approach to corporate governance, including establishing appropriate principles and guidelines relating to corporate governance that are specifically applicable to Thomson Reuters and practices to facilitate the Board's independence;
- establish committees and approve their respective charters and the limits of authority delegated to each committee;

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- establish appropriate processes for the regular evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board and its committees;
- approve the nomination of directors;
- review the adequacy and form of directors' compensation to confirm that it is competitive and appropriately compensates directors for the responsibilities, time commitment and risks involved in being a director or a member of one or more Board committees, as applicable;
- arrange for non-management directors to meet at least quarterly without management present and for independent directors to meet at least annually; and
- ensure that sufficient funds are available for its effective operation and that of its committees.

(f) Observance of Thomson Reuters Trust Principles

The Board will satisfy itself that Thomson Reuters observes and upholds the Thomson Reuters Trust Principles.

(g) Approval of Certain Other Matters

The Board must itself approve those matters which may not be delegated by the Board under applicable corporate law including, among others, the issuance of securities (except in the manner and on terms authorized by the Board), the declaration of dividends, the repurchase or redemption of shares and matters relating to the adoption, repeal or amendment of the bylaws of the Corporation. The Board may also reserve to itself the right to approve certain matters notwithstanding the delegation to senior management of the authority to manage the business of Thomson Reuters.

4. PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDER

As of the date hereof, The Woodbridge Company Limited ("Woodbridge"), a private company that is the primary investment vehicle for members of the family of the late First Lord Thomson of Fleet, is the principal shareholder of the Corporation. Woodbridge's primary investment is its investment in the Corporation. It actively monitors Thomson Reuters as a principal shareholder. In its involvement with Thomson Reuters, Woodbridge focuses principally on the following matters:

- corporate governance, including the effectiveness of the Board;
- · the appointment of the Chief Executive Officer and other members of senior management and related succession planning;

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· the development of the long-term business strategy of Thomson Reuters and assessment of its implementation; and

capital strategy.

With its substantial equity investment in the Corporation, Woodbridge considers that its interests as a shareholder are aligned with those of all other shareholders.

5. CHAIRMAN

The Board will in each year elect from among its members a Chairman who is not the Chief Executive Officer or otherwise a member of senior management. The Chairman is principally responsible for overseeing the operations and affairs of the Board. The Board maintains a position description for the Chairman.

6. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN

The Board may in each year elect from among its members one or more Deputy Chairmen who are not the Chief Executive Officer or otherwise members of senior management. Any Deputy Chairman is responsible for assisting the Chairman in fulfilling his duties and for performing additional duties requested by the Board.

7. LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

The Board may in each year elect a Lead Independent Director from among its members who have been determined to be independent.

8. SECRETARY

The Board will appoint an individual to act as the Secretary.

The Secretary is responsible for assisting the Chairman, any Deputy Chairman and the Lead Independent Director in managing the operations and affairs of the Board and for performing additional duties requested by the Chairman, any Deputy Chairman, the Lead Independent Director or the Board or any of its committees. The Secretary reports directly to the Chairman and any Deputy Chairman.

9. BOARD COMMITTEES

(a) General

The Board carries out its responsibilities directly and through the following committees and such other committees as it may establish from time to time: the Audit Committee, the Corporate Governance Committee and the Human Resources Committee.

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(b) Composition

All committees are comprised solely of directors who are not members of management and who are selected by the Board on the recommendation of the Corporate Governance Committee. Thomson Reuters believes it is appropriate for directors who are affiliated with Woodbridge to serve on committees apart from the Audit Committee and the Board has approved the Corporation's reliance on the "controlled company" exemption in the NYSE listing standards to do so.

Members of the Audit Committee must be independent and are subject to the additional requirements that they may not (i) accept directly or indirectly any consulting, advisory, or other compensatory fee from Thomson Reuters, other than director and committee fees and pension or other forms of deferred compensation for prior service (provided such compensation is not contingent in any way on continued service), or (ii) be an "affiliated person" of Thomson Reuters (within the meaning of applicable law). Each member of the Audit Committee must be "financially literate" (within the meaning of applicable law).

In determining the independence of members of the Human Resources Committee who are not affiliated with Woodbridge, the Board shall also consider all factors specifically relevant to determining whether the director has a relationship to the Corporation that is material to that director's ability to be independent from management in connection with the duties of a Human Resources Committee member, including, but not limited to, the source of the director's compensation and whether the director is affiliated with the Corporation.

(c) Chair

The Audit Committee, Corporate Governance Committee and the Human Resources Committee are each chaired by a director who is selected by the Board on the recommendation of the Corporate Governance Committee. The chair of each committee is responsible for determining the agenda, frequency and conduct of committee meetings. The Board maintains a position description for the committee chairs.

(d) Charters

Each committee has its own charter that sets out its responsibilities and duties, qualifications for membership, procedures for committee member removal and appointment and reporting to the Board. On an annual basis, each committee's charter is reviewed by both the committee itself and the Corporate Governance Committee and an update regarding the annual review is provided to the Board. Copies of each charter are posted on the Thomson Reuters website.

10. BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS

(a) Scheduling

Board meetings are scheduled in advance at appropriate intervals throughout the year. In addition to regularly scheduled Board meetings, additional Board meetings may be called upon proper notice at any time to address specific needs of Thomson Reuters. The Board may also take action from time to time by unanimous written consent. A Board meeting may be called by the Chairman, any Deputy Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer or any two directors.

Each committee meets as often as it determines is necessary to fulfill its responsibilities. A meeting of any committee may be called by the chair or any other member of the committee, the Chairman, any Deputy Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer or the Secretary.

Board meetings are held in a manner and at a location determined by the Chairman and meetings of each committee are held in a manner and at a location determined by the committee chair. The Board generally meets at least once a year at the offices of one of Thomson Reuters businesses so that directors may meet operating management and develop a deeper understanding of a particular business group.

(b) Agenda

The Chairman establishes the agenda for each Board meeting in consultation with any Deputy Chairman, any Lead Independent Director, the other directors, the Secretary and the Chief Executive Officer. Any director may propose the inclusion of items on the agenda or at any Board meeting raise subjects that are not on the agenda for that meeting.

Committee chairs establish the agenda for each committee meeting. Any committee member may propose the inclusion of items on the agenda or at any committee meeting raise subjects that are not on the agenda for the meeting.

(c) Meetings of Non-Management and Independent Directors

To facilitate the Board's independence, non-management directors meet as a group after each Board meeting without management present. Non-management directors may also meet without management present at such other times as appropriate. Any Deputy Chairman, any Lead Independent Director or the Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee will chair these meetings and inform management of their substance to the extent that action is appropriate or required. At least annually, the independent directors meet separately. Any Lead Independent Director (or if none has been elected, the Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee) chairs these meetings and informs the Chairman of the substance of these meetings to the extent that action is appropriate or required.

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(d) Distribution of Information

Information that is important to the Board's understanding of the business and its meeting agenda is distributed to the Board before it meets. Sensitive subject matters may be discussed at a meeting without written materials being distributed in advance or at the meeting. The Board periodically receives reports on the operating activities of Thomson Reuters, as well as reports on certain non-operational matters, including corporate governance, tax, information security, pensions and treasury matters. Thomson Reuters utilizes a board portal for directors, which is used to distribute information and to foster communication among directors and between directors and Thomson Reuters senior management.

(e) Preparation, Attendance and Participation

Each director is expected to prepare adequately for and attend all meetings of the Board and any committee of which he or she is a member. A director who is unable to attend a Board or committee meeting in person may participate by telephone, teleconference, videoconference or telepresence.

(f) Procedures

Procedures for Board meetings are determined by the Chairman unless otherwise determined by the by-laws of the Corporation or a resolution of the Board.

Procedures for committee meetings are determined by the chair of the committee unless otherwise determined by the by-laws of the Corporation or a resolution of the committee or the Board.

11. DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

Compensation for directors of the Corporation is designed to attract and retain highly talented, committed and experienced directors. The Board believes that directors must be competitively compensated, taking into account the size and complexity of Thomson Reuters. The Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for reviewing directors' compensation to ensure that it is competitive and consistent with the responsibilities, time commitment and risks associated with being an effective director and, to this end, periodically reviews directors' compensation in the marketplace.

Non-management directors (other than the Chairman) are required to receive a specified portion of their annual retainer paid in deferred share units and they have the option to receive the remaining portion of their annual retainer in the form of deferred share units, common shares of the Corporation or cash (or a mix thereof). The mandatory equity component will be established by the Corporate Governance Committee. If a director elects to receive any portion of his or her annual retainer or other compensation in the form of common shares, the amount (net of withholding taxes) is used to buy common shares on the open market. If a director elects to receive deferred share units, units representing the value of the common shares are credited to the director's account based on the market value of a share. Deferred share units are paid to the director following

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termination of Board service. Payment will be made in common shares or cash (net of withholding taxes) at the election of the director, based on the market value of the common shares. Deferred share units also accumulate additional units based on notional equivalents of dividends paid on the Corporation's common shares. The Board believes that the Corporation's director compensation arrangements further align the interests of directors with the interests of other shareholders.

The Chairman, any Deputy Chairman and any Lead Independent Director receive an annual retainer. The Chief Executive Officer does not receive additional compensation for serving as a director.

12. REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES

Directors are reimbursed by Thomson Reuters for reasonable travel and out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with their duties as directors. The Corporate Governance Committee periodically reviews expenses submitted for reimbursement.

13. SHARE OWNERSHIP GUIDELINES

The Board believes that meaningful share ownership by directors and senior executive officers is in the best interest of Thomson Reuters because it further aligns the interests of directors and senior executive officers with those of its shareholders.

(a) Directors

Directors are encouraged to hold common shares of the Corporation and/or deferred share units having a value equal to at least three times the amount of the annual directors' retainer within five years from the date of their initial election or appointment to the Board.

(b) Senior Executive Officers

The Chief Executive Officer is expected to hold common shares of the Corporation and/or deferred share units having a value equal to at least six times his or her annual base salary. The other senior executive officers of the Corporation are expected to hold common shares of the Corporation and/or deferred share units having a value equal to a multiple of their annual base salary depending on their position with the Corporation.

The Chief Executive Officer and the other executive officers of the Corporation do not have a deadline by which to meet the share ownership guidelines. They are, however, expected to retain a specified percentage of the common shares of the Corporation that they acquire (after applicable tax withholdings) through option exercises and the vesting of restricted share units until they have met the share ownership guidelines. The Chief Executive Officer is currently expected to retain 100% of the common shares of the Corporation that he or she acquires and the other executive officers of the Corporation are expected to retain 50% of the

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14. DIRECTOR ORIENTATION AND CONTINUING EDUCATION

New directors receive orientation materials describing the Thomson Reuters business, its corporate governance structure and related policies and information. New directors also have meetings with the Chairman, any Deputy Chairman, any Lead Independent Director, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer and other executive officers, including the heads of Thomson Reuters major businesses. Early in their tenure, new directors are provided with the opportunity to visit major facilities and meet with operating management.

The Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for confirming that procedures are in place and resources are made available to provide directors with appropriate continuing education opportunities. Directors may attend continuing education programs at Thomson Reuters expense.

15. BOARD ACCESS TO MANAGEMENT AND ADVISORS

The Board has complete access to members of Thomson Reuters management and directors are encouraged to raise any questions or concerns directly with management. The Board and its committees may invite any member of senior management, employee, outside advisor or other person to attend or report at any of their meetings.

In carrying out their duties, the Board and any of its committees may at any time retain an outside advisor at the expense of Thomson Reuters and have the authority to determine the advisor's fees and other retention terms. Individual directors may retain an outside advisor at the expense of Thomson Reuters subject to notifying the Corporate Governance Committee in advance.

16. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENTS

The Board, acting through the Corporate Governance Committee, annually reviews the effectiveness of the Board and each Board committee in fulfilling their responsibilities and duties. The form of the Corporate Governance Committee's annual review and assessment may vary from year to year, but is designed to solicit constructive feedback on the performance of the Chairman, any Deputy Chairman, any Lead Independent Director, the chair of each of the Board committees and individual directors.

17. CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS

The Board has adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics. The Board expects all directors, officers and employees of Thomson Reuters to conduct themselves in accordance with the highest ethical standards and to adhere to the Code. Any waiver of the Code for directors or executive officers may only be made by the Board or one of its committees and will be disclosed by Thomson Reuters to the extent required by law, regulation or stock exchange rules and requirements.

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18. PROHIBITION ON PERSONAL LOANS

Thomson Reuters does not extend or maintain credit, arrange for the extension of credit, or renew an extension of credit, in the form of a personal loan to or for any director or executive officer.

19. INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE

Directors are indemnified by the Corporation to the extent permitted by applicable laws and regulations.

The Corporation maintains insurance for the benefit of its directors and officers against any liability incurred by them. The amount and terms of the insurance coverage are dependent upon prevailing market conditions and practices with the objective of adequately protecting directors and officers from such liability.

20. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Each director is required to inform the Board of any potential or actual conflict of interest he or she may have with Thomson Reuters. Thomson Reuters' policies on conflicts of interest are reflected in the Code, these guidelines and supplemental guidance provided to the Board. A director who has a conflict of interest in a matter before the Board or a committee must not receive or review any written materials related to the conflict subject area, nor may the director attend any part of a meeting during which the matter is discussed or participate in any vote on the matter, except where the Board or the applicable committee has expressly determined that it is appropriate for him or her to do so. If a director has a significant, ongoing and irreconcilable conflict, voluntary resignation from the Board or the conflicting interest may be appropriate or required.

To avoid potential conflicts of interest, a member of senior management of the Corporation may not serve on the board or as a trustee of a company or institution that employs a director of the Corporation.

21. TO CONTACT THE BOARD AND ITS COMMITTEES

The Board welcomes input and comments from shareholders of the Corporation. You may contact one or more members of the Board or its committees by writing to the Secretary at:

Board of Directors of Thomson Reuters Corporation c/o Deirdre Stanley, Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary Thomson Reuters Corporation 3 Times Square New York, New York 10036 United States

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